

Appendix 3

Risk Assessment for Medicines Management

Name of person (receiving medicines support)	Date of birth	NHS number	Address	
Assessed by: Sign	Print name		Date	

The risk assessment must be reviewed at least 6 monthly or if there are any changes to the person's health or medicines. If the answer to any question is **NO**, action is required

	If NO what action is required?	Details of action taken	Date action taken	Name of person taking action
	Yes	No		
1. Are the person's medicine support needs clearly identified in the provider's care plan?				
2. Are the person's allergies (or 'no known allergies') documented in the care plan and on the MAR?				
3. Are arrangements for ordering and purchasing medicines documented in the care plan?				
4. Are the arrangements in 3 above appropriate?				
5. If care workers are to purchase 'Over the counter' (OTC) medicine at the request of a prescriber or healthcare professional, is the written, signed authorisation available?				
6. Are arrangements for collecting, receipt and transport of medicines documented in the care plan?				
7. Are the arrangements in 6 above appropriate?				
8. Where a care worker is responsible for transporting medicines, has a risk assessment been carried out for the task?				
9. Are arrangements for storage of the person's medicines documented in the care plan?				
10. Are the arrangements in 9 above appropriate?				
11. If it is not safe for the person to have access to their medicines, is this documented in the care plan and appropriate storage identified?				

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12. Are all medicines stored in accordance with the Patient Information Leaflet and the <i>Medicines in Domiciliary Settings Policy</i> ?					
13. Are medicines that require refrigeration stored in a refrigerator?					
14. Are all medicines kept away from heat sources?					
15. Are the arrangements for disposal of medicines documented in the care plan?					
16. Are the arrangements in 15 above appropriate?					
17. Are all medicines in date including those with reduced expiry dates after opening?					
18. Have expired and unwanted medicines been removed from the premises?					
19. If medicines are to be administered, prepared or specific medicines prompted, is there a current MAR chart available?					
20. If the services user needs reminding and staff to observe the medicines being taken is this clearly documented in the care plan?					
21. Does the person's supply of medicines match those listed on the MAR chart?					
22. Are all dispensed medicines in their original dispensed packaging and OTC medicines in their original packaging?					

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		Yes	No			
23. Is there a Patient Information Leaflet for each medicine?						
24. Are all dispensed medicines clearly labelled with a pharmacy label?						
25. Do OTC medicines that are to be administered by care workers have written authorisation from the prescriber, podiatrist or optometrist?						
26. If the person is self-administering OTC medicines, is their GP aware?						
27. If any medicines are to be administered covertly is this documented in the care plan?						
28. Are there clear instructions for 'as-required' medicines?						
29. Is it documented whether the 'as required' medicine is to be offered on every appropriate visit or only at the request of the person?						
30. If the person has difficulty swallowing their medicines, is this documented in the care plan?						
31. Are all tablets and capsules to be swallowed whole? Answer 'No' for sublingual tablets, 'melts', or dispersible tablets, buccal tablets						
32. If a medicine is to be administered by an unlicensed method (e.g. crushing or halving a tablet) is there written authorisation from the prescriber to do so? (e.g. on the label)						
33. Is appropriate equipment available?						

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		Yes	No			
34. If the person is taking any medicines on the Cytotoxic/Cytostatic medicines list (see below) is this documented in the care plan and appropriate precautions put in place as necessary? See Policy section 9.2.						
35. Is personal protective equipment available when needed?						
36. If the person is taking a medicine/s that do not have the same dose at the same time every day (e.g. for weekly, monthly, reducing or other changing doses) is this clearly documented on the MAR chart?						
37. If any medicines are time sensitive and have to be administered at a specific time, is this documented in the care plan?						
38. If medicines are to be prepared and left for the person to take themselves at a later time, has a risk assessment been undertaken, are appropriate arrangements in place and is this documented in the care plan?						
39. Liquid medicines, sachets, granules: is an appropriate measuring device available for administration? (E.g. 5ml medicine spoon, oral syringe)						
40. Patches: Are there clear instructions regarding						
- how to apply them						
- how often to change them						
- is there a body map						
- where to place them on the body						

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- if to be put on in a different place from last time - a clear method of recording when the previous patch was removed - process set up for disposal						
41. If any medicines need to be administered by a special technique (e.g. medicines in a PEG, rectally, oxygen) is this documented in the provider's care plan and are staff trained and assessed as competent to undertake the task?						
42. Warfarin - is the current INR available in the person's yellow book or anticoagulant record? - is the dose of warfarin to be administered clearly stated?						
43. Methotrexate - are the tablets 2.5mg strength? - is the number of tablets for the dose clear? - is it clear that the dose should be taken once a week? - is it clear which day of the week it should be taken?						
44. Liquid paraffin and white soft paraffin products: is the person aware of the fire risk associated with use of these products?						
45. If the person is using oxygen, are the necessary precautions in place to ensure that it is used safely and has this been risk assessed?						

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	If NO what action is required?		Details of action taken	Date action taken	Name of person taking action
	Yes	No			

46. If a care worker is to administer an injection are they trained and assessed as competent to do so and is the relevant support from healthcare professionals in place?					
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Cytotoxic and Cytostatic Medicines

The medicines listed below have been identified as cytotoxic or cytostatic (hazardous) for the purpose of waste. Care should be taken when handling these medicines and appropriate personal protective equipment should be worn. The medicines must not be altered (e.g. crushed, cut).

They should be disposed of by returning to a pharmacy or placing in a purple lidded waste container in accordance with this policy and waste guidance.

This list includes several commonly prescribed medicines including hormone replacement therapy (HRT) and oral contraceptives. This is not an exhaustive list, if a medicine does not appear on the list and you are unsure whether it is cytotoxic/cytostatic contact pharmacy for advice.

A			
Abiraterone	Acitretin	Actinomycin	Adapalene
Afatinib	Aflibercept	Aldesleukin	Alectinib
Alemtuzumab	Altretamine	Alitretinoin	Amsacrine
Anastrozole	Arsenic trioxide	Asparaginase	Axitinib
Azacitidine	Azathioprine		
B			
Bacillus Calmette-Guerin (BCG)	Basiliximab	Belimumab	Bendamustine
Betatacept	Bevacizumab	Bexarotene	Bicalutamide
Bleomycin	Blinatumomab	Bortezomib	Bosutinib
Brentuximab	Buserelin	Busulphan	
C			
Cabazitaxel	Cabozantinib	Canakinumab	Capecitabine
Carboplatin	Carfilzomib	Carmustine	Catumaxomab
Ceritinib	Cetorelix acetate	Cetuximab	Chlorambucil
Chloramphenicol	Chlormethine	Choriogonadotropin alfa	Ciclosporin
Cidofovir	Cisplatin	Cladribine	Clofarabine
Clomifene	Coal tar products	Cobimetinib	Colchicine
Colistimethate	Corifollitropin	Crisantaspase	Crizotinib
Cyclophosphamide	Cyproterone	Cytarabine	
D			
Dabrafenib	Dacarbazine	Dactinomycin	Danazol
Daratumumab	Dasatinib	Daunorubicin	Decitabine
Denileukin	Denosumab	Dexrazoxane	Dienestrol/Dienostrol
Diethylstilbestrol	Dimethyl fumarate	Dinoprostone	Dithranol products
Docetaxel	Doxorubicin	Dutasteride	
E			
Eculizumab	Elotuzumab	Eltrombopag	Enzalutamide
Epirubicin	Ergometrine	Ergonovine	Eribulin
Erlotinib	Estradiol	Estramustine	Estrogen/progestin combinations
Estrogens, conjugated	Estrogens, esterified	Estrone	Estropipate
Ethinylestradiol	Etoposide	Everolimus	Exemestane
F			
Fampridine	Febuxostat	Filgrastim	Finasteride
Fingolimod	Floxuridine	Fludarabine	Fluorouracil
Fluoxymesterone	Flutamide	Follitropins	Fulvestrant
G			
Ganciclovir	Ganirelix	Gefitinib	Gemcitabine
Gemtuzumab	Glatiramer	Gonadorelin	Gonadotrophin chorionic
Goserelin			
H			
Hydroxycarbamide			

I			
Ibritumomab tiuxetan	Ibrutinib	Idarubicin	Idelalisib
Ifosfamide	Imatinib mesylate	Inotuzumab ozogamicin	Interferon products
Ipilimumab	Irinotecan	Isotretinoin	Ixazomib
Ixekizumab			
L			
Lanreotide	Lapatinib	Leflunomide	Lenalidomide
Lenograstim	Letrozole	Leuprorelin	Lenvatinib
Lipegfilgrastim	Lomustine	Lutropin	Lymphoglobuline
M			
Mechlorethamine	Medroxyprogesterone	Megestrol	Melphalan
Menotropins	Mepolizumab	Mercaptopurine	Mesna
Mesterolone	Methotrexate	Methylergometrine	Methylergonovine
Methyltestosterone	Mifamurtide	Mifepristone	Mitomycin
Mitotane	Mitoxantrone	Mycophenolate mofetil	
N			
Nafarelin	Natalizumab	Necitumumab	Nelarabine
Nilaparib	Nilotinib	Nilutamide	Nintedanib
Nivolumab	Norethisterone		
O			
Obinutuzumab	Oestrogen products	Ofatumumab	Olaratumab
Olparib	Omalizumab	Osimertinib	Oxaliplatin
Oxytocin			
P			
Paclitaxel	Palifermin	Panitumumab	Panobinostat
Palbociclib	Paraldehyde	Pasireotide	Pazopanib
Pegaspargase	Pegfilgrastim	Peginterferon	Pembrolizumab
Pemetrexed	Pentamidine	Pentostatin	Perphosphamide
Pertuzumab	Pethionate	Pimecrolimus	Pipobroman
Piritrexim	Pixantrone	Plicamycin	Podofilox
Podophyllum/Podophyllotoxin	Pomalidomide	Ponatinib	Porfimer
Prednimustine	Procarbazine	Progesterone products	Progestins
R			
Raloxifene	Raltitrexed	Ramucirumab	Rasburicase
Regorafenib	Retinoids	Ribavarin	Rituximab
Ruxolitinib			
S			
Siltuximab	Sirolimus	Somatostatin	Sorafenib
Streptozocin	Sunitinib	Syntocinon	Syntometrine
T			
Tacrolimus	Tamoxifen	Tegafur with gimeracil & oteracil - Teysuno®	Temoporfin
Temozolomide	Temsirolimus	Teniposide	Teriflunomide
Testolactone	Testosterone	Thalidomide	Thioguanine
Thiotepa	Thymoglobulin	Tioguanine	Tipiracil with tipiracil
Topotecan	Toremifene citrate	Tositumomab	Trabectedin
Trametinib	Trastuzumab	Treosulfan	Tretinoin
Trifluridine	Trimexate glucuronate	Triptorelin	
U			
Uramustine/Uracil mustard	Urofollitropin		

V			
Valganciclovir	Valrubicin	Vandetanib	Vemurafenib
Venetoclax	Verteporfin	Vidaradine	Vinblastine
Vincristine	Vindesine	Vinflunine	Vinorelbine
Vismodegib			
Z			
Zidovudine			

Risk Assessment for Medicines Management in Domiciliary Settings

Name of person (receiving medicines support)	Date of birth	NHS number	Address		
Assessed by: Sign		Print name		Date	

Print name	Signature	Initials	Date

Print Name	Signature	Initials	Date

Risk Assessment for Medicines Management in Domiciliary Settings

Name of person (receiving medicines support)		Date of birth	NHS number	Address	
Assessed by: Sign	Print name				Date

All care workers involved in supporting the person's medicine support needs must print, sign and date when they have read and understood the care plan and medicines risk assessment.

Assessor review record:

Date	Name	Reason for review	Signature