Risk Assessment Template (H&S) NNRs

NNRs covered by	Paston Barn NNR	Date completed:	7/10/2022	
this risk				
assessment:				
Assessment of (e.g.	Site Risk assessment	Review date (max 1 year):	7/10/2023	
Activity, Equipment,				
Individual)				
Training required? Tick all that apply		Signed off by (SRM/ Line	Thomas Bolderstone	
		Manager):		
Training course:		Mandatory/Optional	Applicable? (√)	
Other (Please specify)	:			
Notes (e.g.	Paston Great Barn is one of the best preserved, and few remaining, that	L atched great barns left in England. It	also supports the only	
mandatory safety	known breeding colony of Barbastelle bats to be found in a building.	5 5		
precautions)				
p	The barn itself is closed to the public to minimise disturbance to the bats, but other access is provided. Natural England manages			
	ust.			
	he Great Barn itself is a designated Scheduled Ancient Monument. The			
	II* buildings. This does not include the south boundary barn or the southern boundary wall, as they are not attached to the Great Dame on other huildings.			
	Barn or other buildings.			
	Paston Great Barn supports an exceptional assemblage of bat species and represents one of the few known maternity roosts of			
	barbastelle bat Barbastella barbastellus in the UK (as well as the only confirmed barbastelle maternity roost in a building in the UK).			
	In total, 5 species are known to have used the buildings: barbastelle, brown long-eared, common pipistrelle, soprano pipistrelle,			
	Nathusius' pipistrelle and natterer's. In addition, a further two species h	•		
	Daubenton's Bat.			

Though general access into the barn is not allowed, it is possible to see bats flying around the grounds of the reserve from March to September, just after sunset.		
Paston Barn is located 1 mile west of Bacton gas terminal on the A149, south east of Paston village.		
A local coach service number 34 stops at Paston bus shelter in Paston village.		
The nearest train station is North Walsham.		
Emergency rendezvous points on site Emergency access plan. Access is via road or helicopter for emergency services. 4G signal is good on the reserve .		
Contacts		
Joanne Feltrup - Reserve ManagerOGavin Devaney- Reserve ManagerONick Davis – Reserve WardenO	07899 901559, 01485 211171 07825 022226 07500 918225 07899 901562 07769 282090	
Cromer and District Hospital, Cromer	01603 286286	
 First Aid All vehicles on site will contain a first aid kit All staff trained in first aid at work Any supervised groups and volunteer groups will have a first aider and kit present Read in conjunction with Site Hazard Map, Emergency Plan, task specific risk assessments 		
Note: young persons, new & expectant mothers etc., a separate risk assessment should be recorded.		

Minimum PPE/RPE	Appropriate footwear and clothing to suit the prevailing conditions.			
requirements				
What are the hazards specific to your site/ staff/ equipment? E.g. site features such as steep slopes, individual issues such as new starters, equipment features such as known complexities.	Who might be harmed and how? A: All, S: Staff, V: Volunteers, C: Contractors, P: Public.	What precautions are you already taking?	What additional local precautions are required?	
Natural Hazards. Bramble and scrub	A hypothermia Slips, trips falls	 Members of the public should keep to footpaths. Anyone accessing the site for research, monitoring or practical works should be briefed by local site staff on access routes Emergency plan and hazard map to be provided to all persons working on site 		
Natural Hazards. Pond	Drowning, hypothermia Cuts Lacerations	 Two people to be present at all times Pond to be shown to all volunteers, contractors and staff working on site. 	•	
Natural Hazards. Fire Risk:	A Burns	 No bonfires and campfires on site Ensure cigarettes extinguished 	 2m fire break to be cut around the perimeter of the barn as per lease In dry conditions erect extra signage to warn visitors of fire risk. 	

Natural Hazards ticks	A Ticks Lyme Disease	 Avoid areas that ticks favour (tall grasses) Keep skin covered by wearing long sleeves and trousers, light coloured clothes if possible, tuck trousers into socks. Wear shoes or boots rather than sandals. Check yourself after sitting in vegetation, brush ticks off clothing and examine yourself when returned home. Staff and volunteers to carry an approved tick removal tool, in case you are bitten. These can be provided by the reserve manager. If bitten, remove the tick as soon as possible using the approved tool and draw a ring around the bite and observe for changes, such as rashes and swelling. 	 Tell your doctor if you have been bitten by a tick as the symptoms of Lyme disease can take up to a year to develop. Use correct methods for removing ticks <u>https://www.lymediseaseaction.org.uk/about-ticks/tick-removal/</u>
Man-made hazards: Paston Barn	A Falls, slips trips,	 Do not stand immediately below building eaves Do not attempt to access locked doors unless otherwise instructed by site staff 	
Man-made hazards: Unexploded ordnance	A Injury	 If any ordnance/suspicious items is found please leave alone, note the rough 	Staff to record locations of any ordnance found to see if there is pattern to locations.

 location and let site staff know or call the coastguard (112 or 999) who will then if necessary call the bomb disposal unit Never attempt to remove any suspicious items. 	
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