

PRE-CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

for

DEMOLITION &
CLEARANCE OF
FORMER ROYAL BRITISH
LEGION BUILDING

at

MORETON-IN-MARSH

for

GREAT WESTERN
RAILWAY &
MORETON-IN-MARSH
TOWN COUNCIL

Job No: 22108A/1.2 Date: Feb 2025

Rev

A - GWR & MiMTC comments noted (28/02/2025)

Pre-Construction Information

for

DEMOLITION & CLEARANCE OF FORMER BRITISH LEGION BUILDING

at

MORETON-IN-MARSH

Contents

Pre-Construction Information Page No. Part 1 1 Description of Project Part 2 Clients Considerations & Management Requirements 3 Part 3 Environmental Restrictions & Existing On-Site Risks 7 Part 4 Significant Design and Construction Hazards 10 Part 5 Health & Safety File 11

Appendix A

Form F10

Web version, if not completed Client following appointment of Principal Designer and Principal Contractor, to be completed by CDM Advisor / Principal Designer on behalf of the Client and forwarded to Health and Safety Executive electronically ahead of the works commencing on site. Copy to be displayed on site

Appendix B

Residual Risk Assessments by Designers:

• Fatkins (Architect)

Key items included on Residual hazard List

Appendix C

Location Plan Site Plan Aerial Photo

Appendix D

Reports and Surveys:

- Asbestos Demolition Report
- Drainage Plan Survey & CCTV Report
- Ecology Preliminary Appraisal
- Ecology Pre-Demolition Inspection
- Topographical Survey
- Utilities Plan Survey & Desktop Search
- Notice of Demolition Prior Approval
- Lambert Smith Hampton 2017 Information Pack (Various Reports)
 - o Title Register & Plan
 - Japanese Knotweed Report
 - Topographic Survey
 - Flood Risk Assessment
 - o Localism Act 2011, Refusal Letter

Appendix E

Requirements for:

- Welfare facilities
- Construction Phase Health & Safety Plan
- Building Manual and O&M Manual information
- Health and Safety File information

Construction (Design & Management) Regulations 2015





Ref: 22108A/1.2 Date: February 2025

Particulars provided in accordance with HSE guidance L153

1 Description of project

1.1 Project Name

Demolition of former Royal British Legion Building Station Road Moreton-in-Marsh Gloucestershire GL56 0AA

1.2 Description of the Works (To be read in conjunction with Scope of Works/Specs/Preliminaries) Demolition and clearance of existing building. Works include, but not limited to:

- Demolition and clearance of 2-storey masonry/rough cast render building under tiled roof, including later single storey flat roof extensions with rooflights.
- Grubbing-up and clearance of building ground floor slab to provide level compacted surface. Below ground level substructure walls and foundations to remain.
- Terminate and remove utilities (elecs, power, drainage, comms etc) to site perimeter where
 no longer required. Terminated so that new connections can be made in future to suit new
 site layout.
- Observe locations and routes of existing overhead power lines crossing the site and feed buildings beyond.
- Site to be left secure, cleared, cleaned and levelled.
- Building and site is not Listed or within a Conservation Area, however the Conservation Area is adjacent to the site, as are Listed Buildings.
- Site access is adjacent a narrow road and footpath serving the adjacent Railway Station car park.
- The Northern two thirds of the site are within Flood Zone 2.

1.3 Client

Moreton-in-Marsh Town Council Tel: 01608 651448

Old Town

Moreton-in-Marsh

Gloucestershire GL56 0LW

In collaboration with

Great Western Railway

Admin Suite, Platform 1

Tel: 07779 909 269

Exeter St David Station

Contact: Grant Shortland
Tel: 07779 909 269

Email: grant.shortland@GWR.com

Bonhay Road Exeter EX4 4NT

1.4 CDM Consultant / Principal Designer

Oxford Architects Contact: Mark Shipton
Bagley Croft Tel: 01865 329 100

Hinksey Hill Email: mshipton@oxford-architects.com

Oxford OX1 5BS

1.5 Designers

<u> Architect – Demolition Works</u>

Fatkin Contact: Stelios Karouzakis
Suite 14, C12 Business Centre Tel: 07366 601 144
12 Cathedral Road, Pontcanna Email: stelios@fatkin.co.uk

Cardiff CF11 9LJ

1.6 Construction Phase Key Dates

Planned Start: Q2/2025 Planned Finish: To be agreed

Contractor to issue his works programme prior to commencement of works.

- 1.7 Minimum time between appointment of Principal Contractor & instruction to commence work 4 weeks minimum, subject to Moreton-in-Marsh Town Council & First Group sign-off processes.
- 1.8 Structure to be used as a Workplace [Workplace (Health Safety & Welfare) Regulations 1992]
 Yes

1.9 Extent & location of existing records & plans

The building and car park were constructed post-1940s on former cattle pen land adjacent the railway station. There is no existing health & safety file available for the site and surveys and reports have been commissioned on behalf of the Clients.

An asbestos R&D survey has been commissioned by the Clients for the whole building affected by these works. Asbestos has been identified externally and within the ground floor areas, consisting of Chrysotile and Chrysotile Amosite content. The Principal Contractor will be responsible for coordinating the asbestos removal as part of the main contract and conform to all relevant Regulations and British Standards (e.g. BS8520), with Clearance Certificates provided at completion of these works

Topographic, ecology (including pre-demolition inspection of the building), buried services and drainage surveys have been commissioned to enable the designs.

A Notification of Demolition was submitted to the Local Planning Authority who have confirmed Prior Approval is not required for the proposal.

A copy of all surveys/information/reports are contained within Appendix D.

Copies of available information are held by the Project Team.

2 Client's Considerations & Management Requirements

2.1 Arrangements

2.1.1 Planning for/ managing the construction work including H&S goals for project

Principal Contractor to provide Construction Phase Health and Safety Plan in accordance with HSE Guidance L153 and CDM Regulations 2015 and as guidelines given in Appendix E of this document.

Principal Contractor to provide programme of works for approval before commencement of the works. Principal Contractor to provide details of site set up including safe storage of materials, management personnel, site inductions etc in his Construction Phase Health and Safety Plan.

2.1.2 Communication & liaison between client & others

A high level of communication will be required between the Principal Contractor and Clients (MiM Town Council & GWR) to ensure safe progress of the works, especially as site access will be off a narrow one-way road (with access restrictions) and off a shared access into the Railway Station/car park, with adjacent public footpath access. These routes need to be maintained at all times.

Therefore extreme caution, planning and liaison will be needed with weekly forecast meetings required if necessary, especially when large vehicles are planned to visit site, such as when removing debris material. Adjacent building users must be able to safely access their building at all times, especially if this could potentially impact on Contractors access to the site. Principal Contractor to communicate to MiM Town Council & GWR via PM/CA.

As the existing neighbouring buildings and railway station are going to remain in use during the works, and as there are numerous different parties involved, there are significant risks if communication is not maintained.

Regular minuted meetings are to be held between Principal Contractor, Clients, Architect (if requested), other designers and PM/CA. Copies of minutes to be distributed to all parties including MiM Town Council, GWR and the Principal Designer / CDM Consultant.

Notification of any changes in design by the Principal Contractor, (sub) Contractors or designers shall be given to the Principal Designer / CDM Consultant prior to such works being undertaken. If considered necessary a risk assessment & method statement will be called for.

2.1.3 Security of the site

The contractors site entrance is at the South end of the site, via a gate off Station Road. Any additional compound areas are to be fully surrounded with minimum 1.8m high solid timber hoarding (to receive applied colour or graphics) with lockable gates to the entrance to isolate 'the site' from areas accessed by the general public. Due to the restricted location of the site, it is expected the site set-up will be limited and strictly controlled by the Principal Contractor at the Southern end. Site and compound access gates must be kept locked when not being accessed. Temporary protection of existing boundary fences/wall and hedges will need to be included during the works. Consider debris netting/ screening material on any temporary Heras fencing and damping down during the demolition and excavation processes to minimise dust contamination and maintain privacy to surroundings. This will be important as works are next to residential accommodation.

The Principal Contractor is to ensure it conforms and is maintained to the standards required by the Client and HSE Guidance Sheet 151 – Protecting the Public.

The Principal Contractor to provide a marked up drawing showing setting out for contractor's vehicle parking, additional site cabins, welfare facilities, storage bins, skips and material storage areas etc as applicable. See indicative Contractors Compound drawing in Appendix C.

Safe pedestrian and vehicular routes should be indicated together with indication of proposed signage and type of protective hoarding being used.

Access to the site office/reception area to be direct from public highway and not require access through the site. Access onto site to be restricted to those with a genuine need to be on site, wearing designated personal protective equipment and having been through the Principal Contractor's site induction. All persons entering site must report to the site office/reception for signing-in.

2.1.4 Welfare provision

The Clients are responsible for ensuring welfare facilities are provided. These to be provided by the Principal Contractor, who'll be responsible for ensuring any additional welfare facilities constructed are provided and maintained in accordance with current Health and Safety legislation. To include mess room, WC's and washing facilities with mains drinking water. Facilities must be kept clean, heated and well ventilated. Mains water and electricity to be available for use by workforce.

See HSE Guidance Sheet (CIS 59) - Provision of welfare facilities in Appendix E

Principal Contractor to provide all other necessary temporary accommodation to comply with CDM / HSE legislation.

Existing services (mains water, electricity and foul water drainage) are likely to be available on site and the Principal Contractor will need to provide a telephone line, water (including for washing and drinking) and electricity for the welfare facilities and site generally. If not available onsite, these services may be available in the surrounding public highway. Temporary supplies may be required e.g. generator unit for power or oasis unit. The Principal Contractor will be responsible for metering and payment arrangements.

2.2 Requirements relating to H&S of client's employees, customers, etc

2.2.1 Site hoarding requirements

See Clause 2.1.3.

Provision is to be provided for a contractor's compound within the site for taking delivery and removal of skips, and storage of tools, equipment and materials at the end of each working day if not removed from site.

Due to the restricted opening sizes of the gates and limited compound area, it may not be possible to utilise large lockable steel containers on site. Smaller lockable containers should be provided for valuable or potentially hazardous materials for both the Principal Contractor and other Contractors use. Clients to agree positions if it is necessary to have these outside of the compound, or alternative off-site storage locations. See indicative Contractors Compound drawing in Appendix C.

Location and final details of the above facilities, including the vehicular access, both for deliveries/removals and site distribution to be agreed at an early date at a meeting between the Client, Parish Council, PM, Principal Designer / CDM Consultant and the Principal Contractor.

2.2.2 Site transport arrangements/ vehicle movement restrictions

The Principal Contractor is to prepare a site layout plan indicating his preferred placement of any additional welfare and office facilities, compound, containers and lockable skip positions. This layout is to include the position of the site access. It should also show the pedestrian routes between the site facilities and the building works, and the vehicular delivery route.

Deliveries and similar operations will need to be undertaken at co-ordinated times and in consultation with the Principal Contractor and delivery company/driver to avoid conflicts at the start and end of the working day, especially if large vehicles are accessing the site during peak times of the Railway Station.

Co-ordination will also be required with MiM Town Council & GWR.

2.2.3 Client permit-to-work systems

All persons working on and regularly visiting site are to go through the Principal Contractors site induction arrangements. Where a single visit only is arranged, the visitor is to be accompanied at all times by an inducted member of the site supervisory staff. All visitors, workmen and others are to be provided with Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) unless they have their own, which is to be checked to ensure compliance with the minimum requirements of the Principal Contractors site rules.

- Services within the building to be demolished may include gas (inc. LPG), water, electrical cables, telephones and data systems, fire alarms, security detectors, lighting, heating, drainage, hot and cold water and ventilation ductwork. All these services will need to be identified, isolated and controlled ahead of removal. Some removals may involve the use of welding or hot works etc
- The Principal Contractor shall carry out a visual site inspection of the existing services outside and within the site to ascertain their location before commencing work in connection therewith. Additional CAT Scan surveys should be allowed for.
- Permits will be required for any Welding or Hot Works.
- Removal of any steelwork or pre-stressed components entail their own specific risks.
- Demolitions at height entail their own specific risks.
- Working with historic building fabrics/materials entail their own specific risks.
- <u>Principal Contractor is to put in place his own permit to work system for all the above</u> Principal Contractor and Sub-Contractor operatives working on the site will not be required to have a CRB check (subject to client confirmation).

2.2.4 Fire precautions

Fire Prevention Requirements

In addition to conforming with the Joint Code of Practice 'Fire Prevention on Construction Sites' 2023 and HSE Guidance Sheet 168 – Fire Safety in Construction, the Principal Contractor shall also fully comply with the Client fire precaution requirements and produce a specific Fire Plan for the project. The plan must cover the following:

- Ensuring that sufficient members of the site team are trained in the use of firefighting appliances and all emergency procedures including raising the alarm and telephoning of appropriate numbers.
- Issuing all sub-contractors with a copy of the fire safety plan and emergency procedures, identifying fire exits.
- Regular clearance of all rubbish on site to avoid build-up of combustible material and potential blockage of escape routes. Rubbish skips to be lockable type.
- Storage of gas cylinders/flammable substances in a suitable secure location away from the entrances to the building.
- Whilst carrying out hot-fire hazardous work, ensuring that fire extinguishers are
 provided adjacent to working area, and after hot work has been completed inspect the
 area at regular short intervals to ensure no smouldering. 'Hot Work Permits' need to
 be obtained.
- Providing MiM Town Council, GWR & PM/CA with a list of key site team staff and their mobile telephone numbers for emergency cover if required.
- Advising Principal Contractor's staff of their responsibility to ensure that all electrical appliances are turned off every evening and the site kept clear of combustible materials.
- Ensuring that the site is walked at the end of the working day by a responsible representative of the Principal Contractor to ensure fire safety overnight.
- Ensuring that any work involving fire detection or protection systems is booked and approved by the Contract Administrator using the 'Permit to Work' system.
- Ensuring that when temporary fire prevention and protection systems are 'down', that site/clients monitor the site to maintain fire safety.

The contractor will also liaise with the Clients and comply with requirements to ensure safe evacuation from all areas out to a designate muster point and emergency vehicle access is maintained in case of fire. A contractor's temporary fire alarm system to be maintained at all times during the works. Weekly fire alarm testing to be carried out.

2.2.5 Emergency procedures & means of escape

The Principal Contractor to include within his Construction Phase Health and Safety Plan, his methods for dealing with accidents, etc., and his procedure for informing the HSE, Riddor, Principal Designer / CDM Consultant, Senior Management, PM/CA etc.

A safe means of escape is to be maintained from all areas at all times. Evacuation from the work site should be via the nearest route and to a place of safety as designated within the site compound or out to Station Road. The surrounding road access routes must be maintained clear to allow emergency vehicle access at all times.

In the event of an emergency event, MiM Town Council, GWR & PM/CA must be informed.

2.2.6 'No-go' areas or other authorisation requirements

Contractor to agree any restricted areas with the Clients prior to commencement of works on site, but generally any area outside of compounds or work areas. Nothing of contractors to be outside of site compounds. If the Contractor should need access into other areas outside of the site, such as the neighbouring Railway Station/car park, this should be agreed in advance with the Clients via the PM/CA so arrangements can be made to those affected.

Where there are works for service connections or installations from adjacent buildings or feeder pillars outside of the site, these will need to be supervised and the areas cleaned and made safe at the end of each working day.

Contractor access, deliveries and waste disposal through the site entrance to be properly coordinated and should not obstruct everyday operations from the adjacent buildings and Railway Station or nearby public car park.

Contractors will not be required to have passes but will need to be identifiable to the contractors company.

2.2.7 Client designated confined spaces

Confined spaces have been identified: Existing risers and roof/ceiling voids are present. Where preparation works are required to these spaces ahead of demolition, these will mean working in a confined space, therefore a risk assessment and method statement will need to be produced and reviewed by the Principal Designer ahead of these works commencing. If other confined spaces become apparent, works within any enclosed areas without natural ventilation shall be designated as a confined space.

Contractor to provide method statement for works in such areas and to ensure that no toxic solvents or thinners etc are used.

2.2.8 Smoking & parking restrictions

The whole site is to be a designated 'no-smoking' zone. A designated smoking area can be established within the contractors compound.

Attention is particularly drawn to the following:

- No Radios, stereos, MP3 players etc allowed.
- Noisy operations to be kept to a limit (not to exceed 80dB) and to be agreed with the Clients/PM/CA. During times where inevitable noisy operations take place these should be undertaken in consideration of the adjacent residential building users so that least inconvenient times can be selected.
- No smoking in any area, except for the designated smoking area.
- Dress to be appropriate, including PPE, displaying the company name/logo.
- Photography/camera use permitted only within site. Do not photograph anything outside of the site unless agreed with the Clients/PM/CA.
- Mobile phones may be used.
- No interaction/communication with members of the public unless in an emergency. Any enquiries from members of the public to be passed on to the Clients/PM/CA.
- Confidentiality
- Car parking to be made available within the site or vehicle share. On-street parking limited due to existing restrictions. There is a nearby public car park. Contractors should not use the Railway Station car park.

Identity Badges are not required to be displayed by all personnel engaged on site unless required by the contractor and if so, must show, as a minimum, the person's employer, and the person's name.

The Principal Contractor is to be aware of the general requirement to keep inconvenience and nuisance to neighbouring properties to a minimum.

The Principal Contractor is to consider vehicle parking and delivery/removal turning area restrictions around the Railway Station entrance for drop-off/pick-up of operatives and demolition materials and this should be indicated on the site set-up drawing. Parking on the roads surrounding the site is permitted but is limited with restrictions. Consider vehicle sharing.

3 Environmental Restrictions & Existing On-Site Risks

3.1 Safety Hazards

3.1.1 Boundaries & access including temporary access [narrow streets, lack of parking/ turning/ storage]
The site boundaries comprise stone perimeter boundary walls, timber or metal fences and hedges. The site is on the corner of Station Road and New Road, a narrow one-way route, surrounded by predominantly residential buildings. The access road to the Railway Station run parallel to the East edge of the site. Temporary access may be permitted through the Railway Station access road/forecourt in order to get large equipment into the rear of the deconstruction site. This will need banksman supervision. All access routes will need to be protected from potential damage.

Extreme caution will be needed for larger vehicles accessing the site due to the narrowness of the surrounding roads, other vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.

Consideration will be needed if unusually tall loads/lorries/equipment/plant are carried along these roads to the site entrance.

The Principal Contractor will be required to provide a suitable site facilities drawing, risk assessment and method statement relating to access and to be constantly vigilant to ensure that this is enforced at all times. The Principal Contractor will need a banksman when vehicles access/egress/turn at Station Road and will need to arrange for the employment of same during the periods when such a person is required. Consideration of the same may be required when entering Station Road off A44 and when entering the High Street off New Road.

3.1.2 Restrictions on deliveries, waste collection or storage

See 2.2.1 above. Unloading/loading to a position adjacent the site entrance/compound on Station Road to be coordinated. Large deliveries/removals should be coordinated between the site and delivery company/driver, and an assessment of the site access route made to ensure large vehicles can successfully negotiate the route. All delivery vehicles should contact site prior to arriving to enable a Principal Contractors representative to accompany the vehicle. Off/on-loading should be carried out off the road as far as practicable.

3.1.3 Adjacent land uses [schools, railway lines, busy roads, etc]

The site is within the town centre and surrounded with residential buildings, plus some commercial offices and retail facilities. Morten-in-Marsh Railway Station is adjacent the site. A water course is within 100m to the East of the site. The main High Street is within 100m to the West of the site.

Cheltenham is approximately 40 minutes to the West. Oxford is approximately 60 minutes to the East.

The areas outside of the site are of a moderate level of vehicular, ,pedestrian and cyclist traffic movement, which will increase at peak times and the Principal Contractor will be required to produce a method statement within their Construction Phase Health and Safety Plan indicating proposals for ensuring the safety to all persons at all times, especially when taking deliveries around the site entrance.

The contractor should be aware of, and maintain, all services and access points affecting adjacent buildings/uses to enable safe and uninterrupted usage to be maintained during the construction period.

3.1.4 Existing storage of hazardous materials

None known. The building to be demolished has most recently been used as a social club with kitchens, food storage/prep, bar, entertainment and function rooms therefore previous hazardous materials stored may be limited to alcoholic drinks, carbonation gases, cooking and cleaning products (oils, alkalis, alcohol).

3.1.5 Location of existing services [especially concealed – water, gas, electricity, etc]

Known information is shown on the surveys and report. Existing services within the proximity of the building include drains, gas, BT/Data/Comms, HV/LV electrics, storm and foul water as identified (note some are noted as 'TFR – Taken From Records'), however there may be others and these may be affected during works. The Principal Contractor should be aware of, and make other contractors aware of, the existing services.

The Principal Contractor is to carry out a visual inspection of the existing services where exposed to ascertain their location prior to commencing work. The Principal Contractor should allow for carrying out a CAT Scan survey to establish accurate routes and locations of concealed services in the area of his works prior to exposing them where routes cannot be physically established by inspection. Statutory undertakers drawings are likely to be applicable off site in relation to the elec substation upgrade works.

Existing services must be isolated (and terminated at the perimeter of the site to allow future reconnection) where affected by, or within the area of, the works before any clearance or demolitions commence, to ensure they are not a safety or environmental hazard. Coordination will be required with MiM Town Council & GWR to ensure service disruptions to any neighbouring buildings are minimised during these works.

Refer also to Appendix D.

3.1.6 Ground conditions, underground structures or water courses [which may affect safe use of plant or safety of groundworks]

Below ground services are known to exist below the site. Archaeology is possible, but not investigated. The site is within a Flood Zone 2, due to the River Evenlode, located 60m to the East. Ground condition & Flood Risk information is noted in surveys and reports contained in Appendix D.

- 3.1.7 Information on existing structures [stability, structural form, fragile or hazardous materials, anchorage points for fall arrest systems] especially where demolition involved None known. See Section 1.9 for previous site use.
- **3.1.8** Previous structural modifications [including weakening/ strengthening the structure] especially where demolition involved

The original building has been altered throughout its history with a series of single storey extensions and alterations to openings, however, no information is available on these modifications. See Section 1.9 for previous site use.

3.1.9 Details of fire damage, ground shrinkage, movement or poor maintenance [potential adverse affect on the structure]

None known, however due to age of building, some may have occurred historically.

3.1.10 Difficulties relating to plant & equipment in the premises [ie overhead gantries restricting height] Access to the site is restricted by the dimensions of the gate. Access to the upper floor accommodation is accessed off the single staircase.

The Principal Contractor is to consider all cases where large or bulky items/materials or plant require access for removal. The staircase access and headroom becomes more constricted on the upper floors and within the roof space. A method statement should be prepared in each case.

3.1.11 Existing H&S information [ie earlier design/ construction/'as built' drawings, details of pre-stressed/ post-tensioned structures, etc]

The building has been utilised by various owners and was originally constructed for use as a community/social club for war veterans. Alterations have been made to the original building to extend the facilities, however, there is no existing health & safety file available.

Surveys have been completed as noted above.

Copies of available information are held by the Project Team. See also Appendix D.

3.2 Health Hazards

3.2.1 Asbestos [including results of surveys – particularly where demolition involved]

An asbestos R&D survey has been commissioned by the Clients for the whole building. See comment in Item 1.9 above.

However, any materials that are suspected to be asbestos or asbestos containing materials (ACM's) found when carrying out the works should be isolated and reported to the Clients/PM/CA and Principal Designer / CDM Consultant and the removal of the materials organised by a specialist contractor and conform to all relevant Regulations and British Standards (e.g. BS8520).

3.2.2 Existing storage of hazardous materials

None known. The building to be demolished has most recently been used as a social club with kitchens, food storage/prep, bar, entertainment and function rooms therefore previous hazardous materials stored may be limited to alcoholic drinks, carbonation gases, cooking and cleaning products (oils, alkalis, alcohol).

3.2.3 Contaminated land [including results of surveys]

None known nor anticipated with these works.

The site has a very low risk (0-1%) of being affected by radon gas.

3.2.4 Existing structures containing hazardous materials

Due to the age of the building, there is asbestos.

See also 3.2.1.

3.2.5 Health risks arising from client's activities

None.

4 Significant Design & Construction Hazards

- 4.1 Significant design assumptions & suggested work methods, sequences or control measures
 The Health and Safety hazards have been identified by the designers, their Design Risk
 Assessment/Hazard Elimination Sheets are included in Appendix B of this plan and
 summarised on the residual hazards list, and include, but not limited to:
 - 1. General demolition Traffic/Pedestrians immediately outside site boundary
 - 2. Works to main services Damage, electrocution, explosion, fumes
 - 3. General demolition Risk of collapse (weakened/poorly altered structure)
 - 4. Infection control Risk of contamination/ infection from unknown building material, liquids and dust
 - 5. M&E services runs Falling from height; conflict with neighbouring operations; confined working
 - 6. Flooding Contamination and drowning. Destabilisation of ground.

Note: The Residual hazards list is not complete and is based on design information available at this stage of the project. As further design works are undertaken further risks may become apparent. The Principal Contractor should liaise with the Principal Designer / CDM Consultant to determine level of residual design risks.

4.2 Arrangements for coordination of ongoing design work & handling design changes

- If the Principal Contractor is responsible for coordinating deconstruction areas, all these areas
 are to be assessed by the Principal Designer / CDM Consultant for H&S and also submitted to
 MiM Town Council, GWR, PM/CA & design team for consideration and comment in good time.
- As soon as major or unforeseen eventualities arise, the Principal Designer / CDM Consultant, MiM Town Council, GWR and PM/CA are to be informed.
- Health and Safety details are to be forwarded as soon as reasonably practicable after the occurrence of any significant change.
- Details of any re-working and implicit Health and Safety issues are to be submitted for consideration in good time before execution.

4.3 Information on significant risks identified during design

The Principal Designer / CDM Consultant has established with the pre-contract designers their residual risk assessments; both during the Contract works and there after. These lists are included in Appendix B. Where a method statement has been requested by the designer as part of his risk reduction procedure, this method statement is to be forwarded to the Principal Designer / CDM Consultant for approval in advance of the work being carried out.

The Principal Contractor will also identify other areas where Method Statement are required, including from his (sub) Contractors. These are to be assessed by the Principal Contractor's Safety Consultants. However any additional significant risks identified are to be reported to MiM Town Council, GWR, PM/CA and Principal Designer / CDM Consultant, a risk assessment to be undertaken by the client and a method statement presented to nullify or significantly reduce the risk.

Demolition adjacent, over and below existing structures/services/utilities which may have been significantly altered over their lifespan without record information is considered a significant risk and a Method Statement will be required detailing how the existing items will be protected during deconstruction. Demolition/excavating adjacent to structural columns/wall are other significant risks the Principal Contractor will need to consider.

4.4 Materials requiring particular precautions

None specified, however, the Principal Contractor should note the use of common materials with Health and Safety hazards (such as cementitious materials, epoxies, fibrous insulation etc.) which may require the Contractor to carry out COSHH or other risk assessment and to introduce control measures.

The Contractor should also note the following potentially hazardous construction plant requirements for which control measures should be carried out:

- Bottled gas for cutting, welding and plumbing etc.
- Fuel for powered equipment.
- Storage of flammable materials.
- Lithium battery/equipment charging and storage.

5 Health & Safety File

5.1 Description of format & conditions relating to content

One printed copy and one electronic copy (CD/DVD/Memory Stick/online portal) of each of a Building Manual, O&M Manual (for M&E details) and Health and Safety File are required for Practical Completion.

The Building Manual, O&M Manuals and Owners Guide Manual are to be compiled by the Principal Contractor (and contractors) and presented to the Principal Designer / CDM Consultant a minimum of 4 weeks prior to hand-over at practical completion for review and comment. Refer to tender documents for guidelines on contents and format expected, but as a guide:

- 1. A4, 4 ring folders, with sleeve on front cover for inserting front cover page.
- 2. Generally all collated information is hole punched and inserted.
- 3. Dividers used between each section.
- 4. Key as-built/as-installed drawings should be at full paper scale size. Other drawings are to be included at A3 if still readable, otherwise at full paper scale size. Drawings are to be inserted into A4 top-opening 4-hole punched poly-pockets and added to A4 ring folder.
- 5. All maintenance instructions/manuals and technical sheets for appliances should be inserted into A4 top-opening 4-hole punched poly-pockets and added to A4 ring folder.
- 6. Planning approvals/ Building Regulation approvals and correspondence clearing conditions to be hole punched and inserted.
- 7. Labeled CD/DVD/Memory Stick's containing information (DWG and/or PDF) from Contractors to be inserted into A4 top-opening 4-hole punched poly-pockets and added to relevant section of A4 ring folder.
- 8. Labeled CD/DVD/Memory Stick's containing electronic versions of the entire Building Manuals and O&M manuals to be inserted into A4 top-opening 4-hole punched polypockets and added to front of A4 ring folder.

The Health and Safety File will be a separate document, and as well as Health and Safety matters will include the 'As-Built'/'Final Construction' drawings. The Principal Designer / CDM Consultant will assemble the Health and Safety File, in accordance with the requirements laid down in HSE Guidance L153 to the CDM Regulations 2015 prior to hand-over at practical completion.

Refer to Appendix E for guidelines on contents

APPENDIX A

FORM F10 (web version)

Web version, if not completed by Client following the appointment of the Principal Designer and Principal Contractor, to be completed by CDM Consultant / Principal Designer on behalf of the Client and forwarded to Health and Safety Executive electronically ahead of works commencing on site.

For information HSE local office is:The Health and Safety Executive
Priestley House
Priestley Road
Basingstoke
Hants
RG24 9NW

Copy of F10 to be displayed on site

FORM F10 (web version)

Principal Contractor not yet appointed by Client

Under the CDM2015 Regulations, the F10 can only be completed once the Principal Designer and Principal Contractor are appointed by the Client, and the project timetable known.

The F10 needs to be submitted to the HSE prior to the works commencing onsite. Copies will be issued to the Client, Principal Designer and Principal Contractor at the appropriate time, as required.

APPENDIX B RESIDUAL RISK ASSESSMENTS BY DESIGNERS

Prepared by

Fatkins (Architect)

Designer's Risk Assessment

Project Name: Moreton in Marsh Transport Hub

Prepared by: Fatkin 13-02-25 Issue date: T1 Revision:

RIBA 3 (Tender) Project Stage:

Activities: Demolition



Item reference	Drawing reference	Project stage	Details of activity & hazard	Persons at risk	Likelihood of injury (1-5)	Severity of injury (1-5)	Risk rating	Existing control measures	Proposed control measures	Residual risk rating after applying control measures
1	N/A	Demolition	Working adjacent to active public highway. Risk of collisions between site traffic / operatives / pedestrians / other vehicles.	Operatives/Public	2	5	10	N/A	Contractor to provide suitable construction traffic management plan. Contractor to use banksmen to control traffic movements and to implement temporary traffic control e.g. traffic lights if required and agreed with Highways authority.	1 x 5 = 5
2	N/A	Demolition	Proximity of demolition works to nearby railway property. Risk of objects falling onto railway property and causing injury to buildings and their member of staff.	Operatives/Public	1	4	4	N/A	Contractor to be made aware of risk. Contractor to provide operatives with suitable PPE and appropriate training.	1 x 4 = 4
3	N/A	Demolition	Operatives may be working within or adjacent to existing derelict building within proposed site. Risk of slips, trips & falls and risk of injury caused by unsafe building fabric.	Operatives	1	4	4	N/A	Contractor to be made aware of risk. Contractor to provide operatives with suitable PPE and appropriate training.	1 x 4 = 4
4	N/A	Demolition	Site clearance. Danger of interaction with damaged/broken elements, including old existing structures/objects.	Operatives	1	3	3	N/A	Contractor to provide operatives with suitable PPE for handling damaged items and suitable lifting equipment. Asbestos survey to be undertaken in advance of any works. If any asbestos is identified, contractor to halt work and notify relevant parties.	1 x 3 = 3
5	N/A	Demolition	Manoeuvring of large/bulky items e.g. materials from existing derelict building. Risk of injury to operatives and public from objects falling, crane movements, pinch/trap injuries etc.	Operatives/Public	1	5	5	N/A	Contractor to develop suitable craning plan and to provide adequate training and PPE to operatives.	1 x 5 = 5
7	N/A	Demolition	Gas main runs across south end of site from existing building. Risk of damaging existing gas and/or water services.	Operatives	1	5	5	N/A	Contractor to ensure gas main has been disconnected. Contractor to be aware and provide suitable protection during construction works.	1 x 5 = 5
8	N/A	Demolition	Proximity of demolition works to neighbouring properties Risk of objects falling onto neighbouring properties and causing injury to buildings, vehicles or members of the public.	Public	1	4	4	N/A	Contractor to consider lifting methods and securing of loose materials across the whole site with particular. Neighbouring properties sufficiently away from any major lifting.	1 x 4 = 4
9	N/A	Demolition	Asbestos identified at a number of locations across the site - refer to specialist survey. Risk of injury to operatives.	Operatives	3	5	15	N/A	Use specialist contractor. Contractor to note locations highlighted in Asbestos survey. Appropriate precautions to be taken with removal from site.	1 x 5 = 5
11	N/A	Demolition	Specialist survey has identified low risk of UXO. Risk of operatives uncovering UXO during works.	Operatives/Public	1	5	5	N/A	Contractor to be made aware and to follow appropriate protocols.	1 x 5 = 5
12	N/A	Demolition	Electric cables around perimeter of site and within site boundary to south of the site. Risk of electrocution.	Operatives/Public	2	5	10	N/A	Contractor to ensure onsite electrical services have been disconnected. Contractor to be aware and provide suitable protection during construction works.	1 x 5 = 5
13	N/A	Demolition	Water main to existing building. Risk of accidental damage causing flooding or slip hazard	Operatives	1	2	2	N/A	Contractor to ensure onsite water main has been disconnected. Contractor to be aware and provide suitable protection during construction works.	1 x 2 = 2
14	N/A	Demolition	Manholes/inspection chambers within site boundary. Risk of falling into open voids.	Operatives	2	4	8	N/A	Contractor to locate manholes and inspections chambers. Provide suitable coverings and edge protection.	1 x 4 = 4
15	N/A	Demolition	Overhead telecoms cables within site boundary. Risk of accidental damage.	Operatives	2	3	6	N/A	Contractor to locate overhead cables and provide suitable protection.	1 x 3 = 3

Construction (Design & Management) Regulations 2015

Residual Hazard List

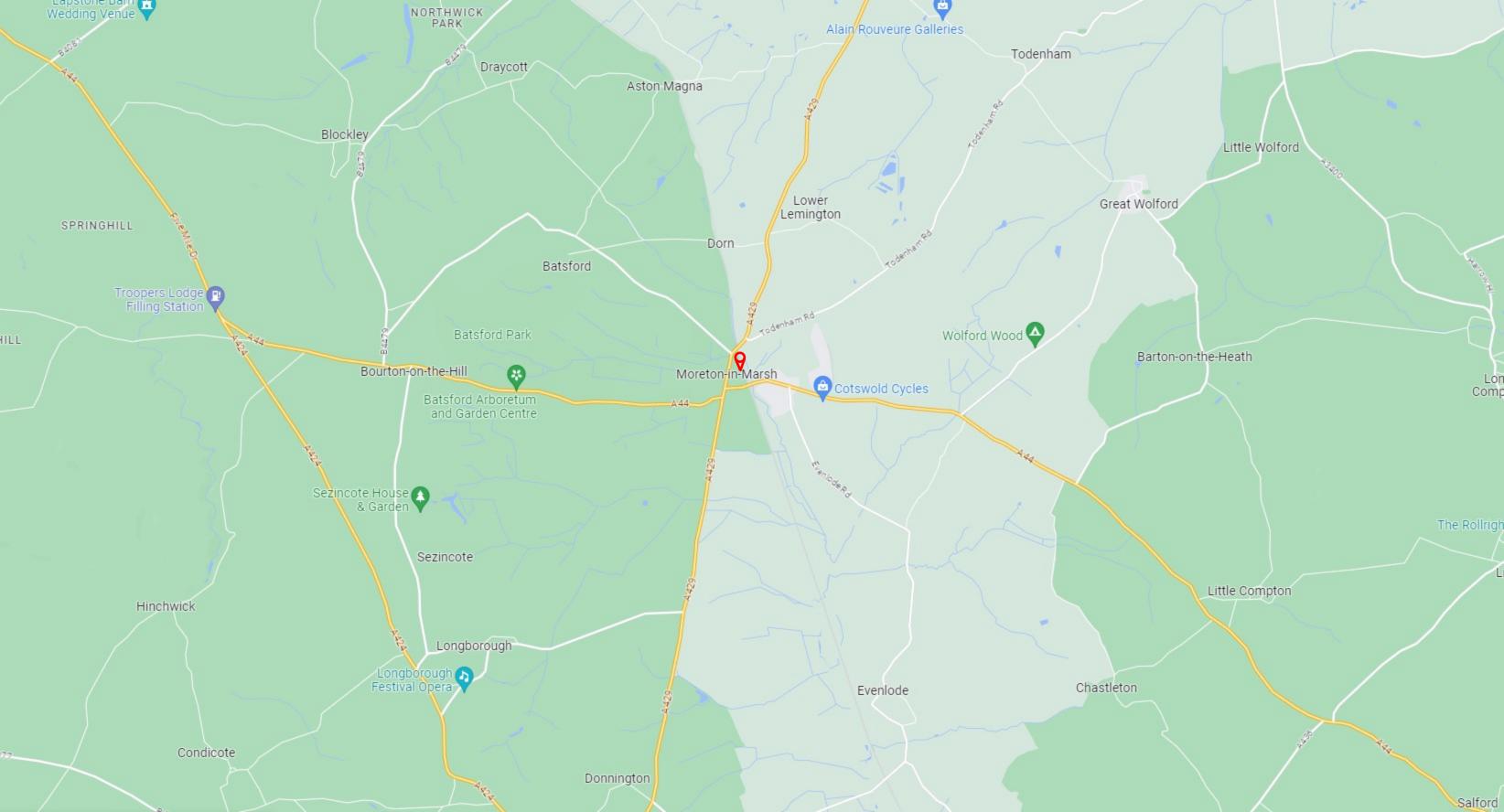


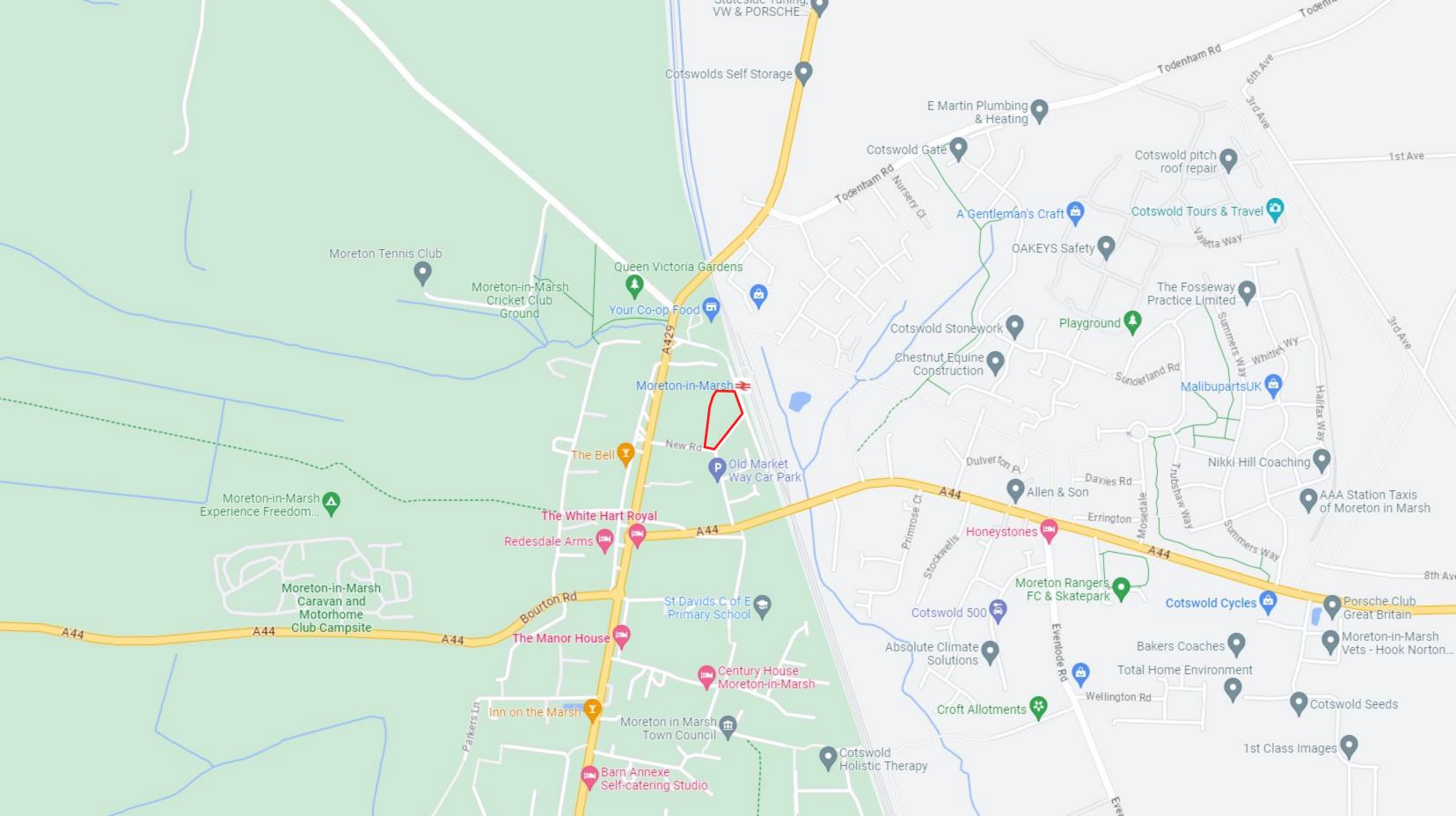
Ref: 22108A/1.2 Date: Feb 2025

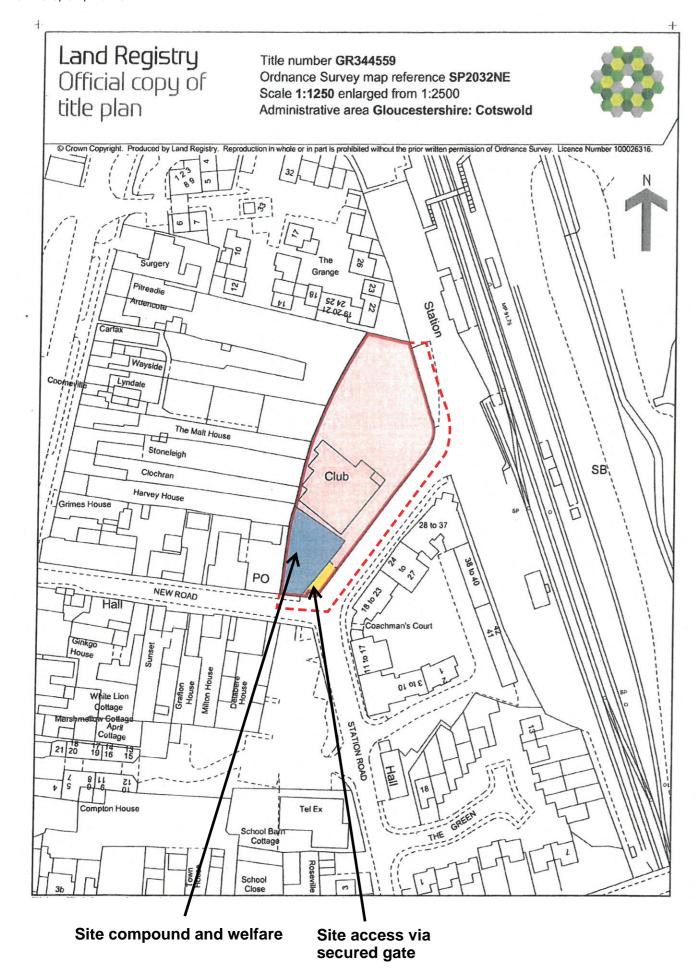
Project Name DEMOLITION & CLEARANCE OF FORMER BRITISH LEGION BUILDING, MORETON-IN-MARSH

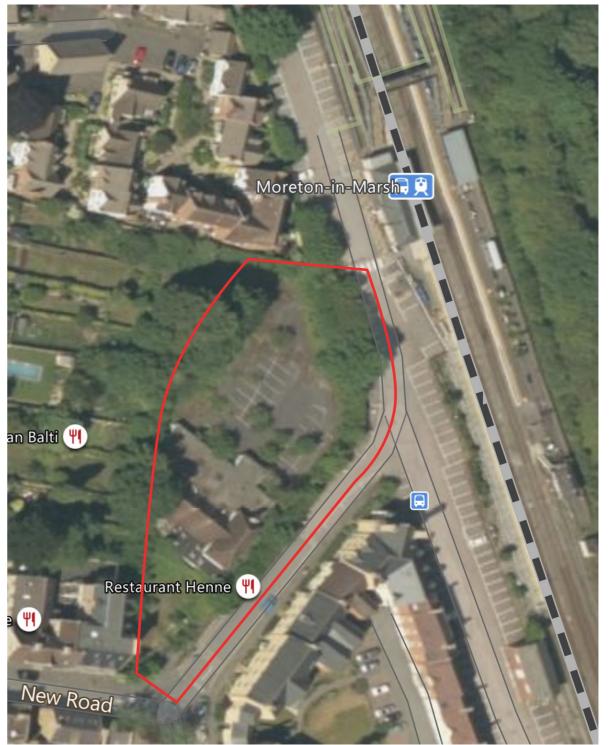
Hazardous	Residual Hazard	Information Provided for Hazard Control
Activity		
Works to mains services, including terminations – Water, gas, electric, telecoms, data	Damage to incoming mains/services at perimeter of site or where terminated. Electrocution / explosion / injury / death. Interruption of service.	Work to existing record drawings and surveys. Work to Client's M&E design philosophy document. Positively identify all existing services and areas served as necessary. Ensure all services are "dead" prior to removing/maintaining. Test and Inspect in accordance with latest BS 7671.
Discovery and effect on unknown services	Interruption of existing services. Danger to construction and/or maintenance personnel.	Survey information produced for reference by Client team. Information to be consulted before demolitions / services alterations / excavations commence. Removals / alterations to be carried out with care by specialist contractor as required.
Working on site surrounded by public and private areas/highway/rail infrastructure.	Risk of injury to members of public not aware of site activities/associated risks	Management & Control during construction site activities. Warning notices, barriers and no access zones to be posted. Refer to HSE H&S guidance, along with GWR and Network Rail H&S requirements & guidance
Remaining fittings, especially high- level fittings, such as lamps, CCTV, PAVA, power cables, telecoms cables	Fall from height, cuts, burns or electrocution	Lamps to be disposed of using appropriate recycling facility. Fittings to be accessible off scaffold tower or droppable. Cleaning and maintenance strategy to be included. Appropriate access to be arranged for fitting replacements. LED lamps to be utilised to maintain longevity and minimise access requirements. As built electrical drawings show fuse panel location for fitting isolation.
Emergency Routes, on site and adjacent sites	Compromised escape routes, risk of injury or death	Ensure emergency routes are maintained clear and accessible for vehicles and pedestrians.
Working on plant which may start automatically	Hazard Electrocution / mechanical. Injury to operatives	Management & Control for maintenance or demolition activities necessary - Permit to Work to be adopted. Warning notices and barriers to be posted. All plant shall be designed to have local isolation. Work to Client's M&E design philosophy document.
Legionalla in water services – Water safety due to lack of use Removal of M&E equipment at	Danger of contaminated systems giving rise to Legionaires Disease within water systems Electrocution / mechanical. Injury to operatives.	Maintain and operate systems in accordance to best practice - HSE L8 'Control of Legionella bacteria in waste systems' should be complied with. In line with BS CP 6700. Water tests to include bacterial and Legionalla tests. Management & Control for maintenance activities necessary - Permit to Work to be adopted. Warning notices and
demolition/end of life Further demolition/	Release of ozone depleting gases/oils Risk of partial/full collapse	barriers to be posted. All plant shall be designed to have local isolation. Contaminants in commercial kitchen extraction/ventilation Work to Client's M&E design philosophy document. Principal contractor to refer to any H&S file and as-built
grubbing-up of structures/ sub-structures	of unidentified buried elements	information. Suitably qualified demolition operatives to be used. Demolition sequence plan to be produced prior to demolition works commencing and to include temporary bracing and suitable lifting systems where applicable.
Unauthorised access site	Injury to self	Designated owner of land to arrange regular perimeter security inspections. Replace/repair any damage when identified. Consider monitored CCTV.
UXO	Explosion, risk of irritant	Low risk noted in survey. Refer to survey and consult specialist if suspect items discovered. Clear area and inform emergency services.

APPENDIX C SITE LOCATION AERIAL PHOTOS



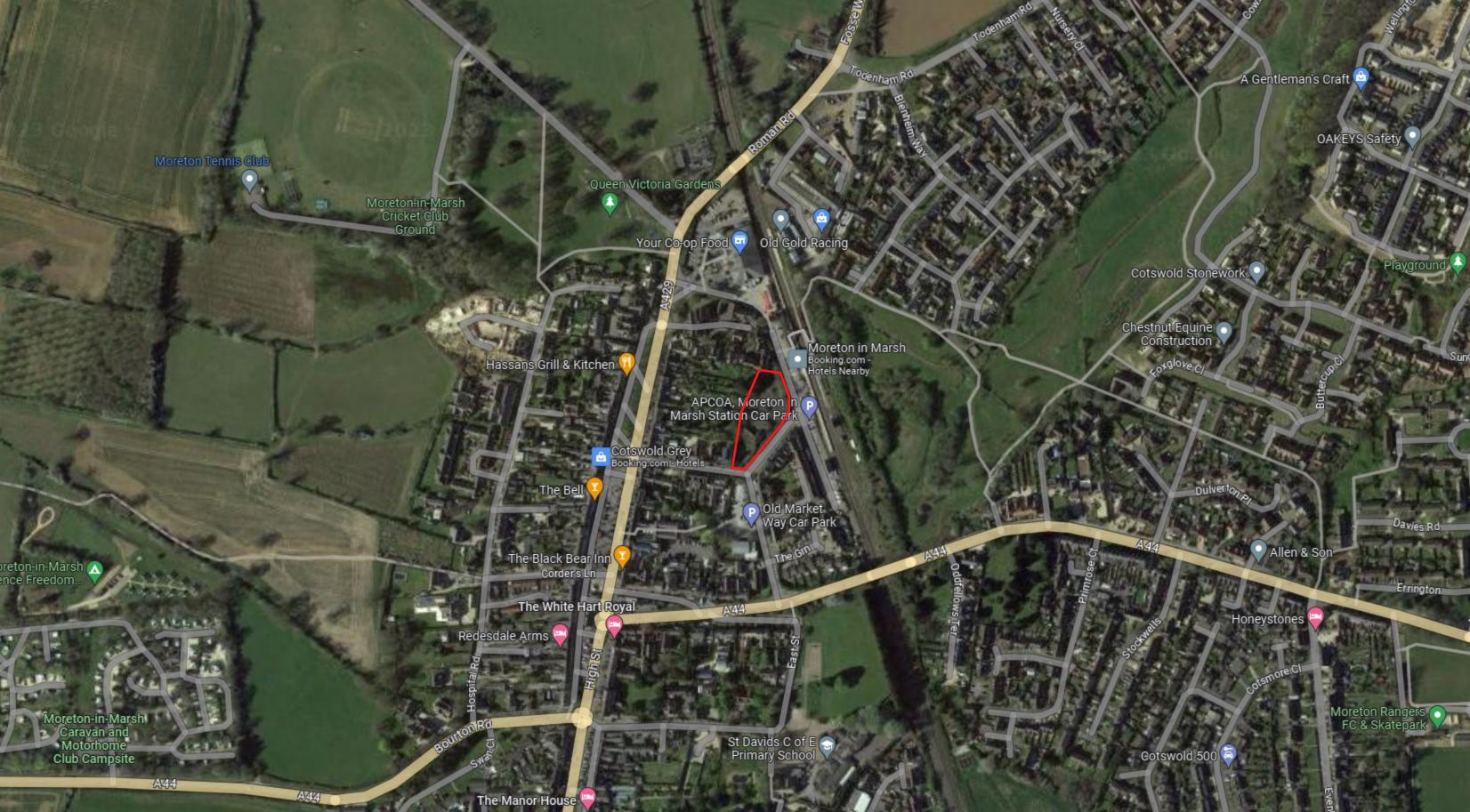






Aerial view, Bing Maps NTS





APPENDIX D

ASBESTOS DEMOLITION REPORT

DRAINAGE PLAN SURVEY AND CCTV REPORT

ECOLOGY PRELIMINARY APPRAISAL

ECOLOGY PRE-DEMOLITION INSPECTION

TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY

UTILITIES PLAN SURVEY AND DESKTOP SEARCH

NOTICE OF DEMOLITION – PRIOR APPROVAL

LAMBERT SMITH HAMPTON – 2017 INFORMATION PACK

ASBESTOS DEMOLITION REPORT

Prepared by SOCOTEC Asbestos LTD Ref: 234636-987722

Date: 27/02/2023







ASBESTOS DEMOLITION REPORT

For
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
Of
Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS
234636-987722
Produced by SOCOTEC Asbestos Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of SOCOTEC
Bretby Business Park, Ashby Road,

www.socotec.com

Bretby, Burton upon Trent, Staffordshire DE15 0YZ

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 1 of 11



Site Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS Customer: Great Western Railway Milford House Milford Street Swindon SN1 1HL

Survey Date: 27/02/2023-

01/03/2023

Customer Contact: John Holden Surveyor(s): Cael Howells & Owen

Howells



Consultant: SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street, Bridgend, CF31 3UD Authorised by:

Cael Howells
Asbestos Surveyor

Technical Review by:

76 =-

Tel +44 (0) 1656 507555

Email bridgend.asbestos@socotec.com

Tracy Milnes Project Manager

Report Issue date: 21/04/2023

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 2 of 11

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS

A Demolition asbestos survey was carried out at Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS.

Asbestos was found in 47 samples. There were 5 presumed or strongly presumed materials identified.

Table 1 Summary of ACM's

	ľ			ı	
Sample Reference	Building	Area Description	Material	Action	Timescale for Action
AWS - 002	0001	Ground Floor - 001- Entrance	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
002	0001	Ground Floor - 002- Lobby	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
003	0001	Ground Floor - 003- Phone room	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
004	0001	Ground Floor - 004- Circulation	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
005	0001	Ground Floor - 004- Circulation	Textured coating patch replacement to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
AWS - 008	0001	Ground Floor - 005- Male WC	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
800	0001	Ground Floor - 006- Female WC	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
013	0001	Ground Floor - 008- Stage	Insulating board ceiling panels	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
015	0001	Ground Floor - 009- Back Stage	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
016A	0001	Ground Floor - 009- Back Stage	Olive vinyl floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
017	0001	Ground Floor - 009- Back Stage	Textured coating debris to floor	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
016B	0001	Ground Floor - 009- Back Stage	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
019B	0001	Ground Floor - 010- WC	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
018	0001	Ground Floor - 010- WC	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 3 of 11

	T	1	1		1
Sample Reference	Building	Area Description	Material	Action	Timescale for Action
019A	0001	Ground Floor - 010- WC	Olive vinyl floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
020	0001	Ground Floor - 011- Office	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
021A	0001	Ground Floor - 011- Office	Olive vinyl floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
021B	0001	Ground Floor - 011- Office	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
P001	0001	Ground Floor - 012- Lounge	Electrical Switchgear	Recommend Future Sample Presumption Reasons: No isolation certificate provided.	Prior to Refurbishment
022	0001	Ground Floor - 012- Lounge	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
023	0001	Ground Floor - 013- Bar	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
024	0001	Ground Floor - 014- Bar	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
025	0001	Ground Floor - 015- Lounge	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
026	0001	Ground Floor - 015- Lounge	Textured coating debris to floor	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
027A	0001	Ground Floor - 015- Lounge	Pink vinyl floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
027B	0001	Ground Floor - 015- Lounge	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
029A	0001	Ground Floor - 016- Office	Pink vinyl floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
030	0001	Ground Floor - 016- Office	Bitumen packers to window sills	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
028	0001	Ground Floor - 016- Office	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
029B	0001	Ground Floor - 016- Office	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
031	0001	Ground Floor - 017- Fire Exit	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment

Survey Ref: 234636-987722

Sample Reference	Building	Area Description	Material	Action	Timescale for Action
S Re					
032	0001	Ground Floor - 018- Skittle Room	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
034	0001	Ground Floor - 018- Skittle Room	Bitumen membrane within wall cavity	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
035	0001	Ground Floor - 019- Lobby	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
036	0001	Ground Floor - 020- Female WC	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
037	0001	Ground Floor - 020- Female WC	Cement panel within bunny burner	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
038	0001	Ground Floor - 020- Female WC	Cement flue to bunny burner	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
040	0001	Ground Floor - 021- Male WC	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
041	0001	Ground Floor - 022- Corridor	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
P002	0001	Ground Floor - 022- Corridor	Insulation within Safe	Recommend future sample Presumption	Prior to Refurbishment
042	0001	Ground Floor - 023- Ante Room	Textured coating to ceiling	Reasons: Sealed unit. Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
043	0001	Ground Floor - 024- Cellar	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
044	0001	Ground Floor - 024- Cellar	Insulating board wall panels	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
045	0001	Ground Floor - 024- Cellar	Insulating board debris	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
046	0001	Ground Floor - 025- Kitchen	Textured coating to ceiling	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
050	0001	Ground Floor - 026- Plant Room	Insulating board ceiling panels	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
051	0001	Ground Floor - 026- Plant Room	Insulating board debris	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
052	0001	Ground Floor - 026- Plant Room	Gaskets to pipework	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment

Survey Ref: 234636-987722

Sample Reference	Building	Area Description	Material	Action	Timescale for Action
P003	0001	Ground Floor - 026- Plant Room	Electrical Switchgear	Recommend Future Sample Presumption Reasons: No isolation certificate provided.	Prior to Refurbishment
053	0001	Ground Floor - EXT- External	Gaskets to light fittings	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
055	0001	Ground Floor - EXT- External	Cement debris to floor	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment
056	0001	Ground Floor - EXT- External	Cement flue to wall	Remove	Prior to Refurbishment

Survey Ref: 234636-987722



FULL SURVEY REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS

SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

SECTION 2 SITE DESCRIPTION

SECTION 3 SPECIFIC NOTES

SECTION 4 SURVEY AND SAMPLING METHODOLOGIES

SECTION 5 BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS METHODOLOGIES

APPENDIX A Site Register

APPENDIX B Material Assessment Sheets

APPENDIX C Drawings

APPENDIX D Laboratory Test Certificate(s)

APPENDIX E Definitions and Guidance Notes

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 7 of 11

SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited was instructed by John Holden of Great Western Railway, to carry out a Demolition asbestos survey of Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS in accordance with HSE document HSG 264 and in-house approved documented method SCI/ASB/001.
- 1.2 The scope of the works was to carry out an Asbestos Demolition Survey on the premises as instructed by the customer as follows: Full demolition survey to be carried out on the former Royal British Legion building in accordance with HSG 264 and SOCOTEC In House procedure SCI-ASB-001.

 The scope of works as amended on site is as follows: Height restriction within main
 - The scope of works as amended on site is as follows: Height restriction within main lounge is 7m high to the apex.
- 1.3 The following areas were not accessed during the survey following initial discussions with the customer: Live electrics unless an isolation certificate is provided
- 1.4 The extent and type of the asbestos containing materials on site was to be summarised in a written report including a detailed site register, survey report sheets and plans.
- 1.5 The title to this report is vested in the Customer named but title to copyright is retained. The Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 does not apply to the contract with the Customer and the provisions of the said Act are hereby excluded.
- 1.6 The inspection report shall not be reproduced except in full without the approval of the inspection body and the Customer.
- 1.7 This report is issued in confidence to the Customer and SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited cannot accept any responsibility to any third parties to whom this report may be circulated, in part or in full, and any such parties rely on the contents of the report solely at their own risk.
- 1.8 SOCOTEC Asbestos Ltd is accredited by UKAS as a Type C Inspection Body for surveying for asbestos in premises. Opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of accreditation.
- 1.9 Fibrous materials may exist within the property which are not ACMs. Where, in the judgment of the surveyor, the material is clearly not asbestos then the surveyor will record the findings in the Construction Register. However the material will have been inspected unless it was in an area of no access or is specifically excluded from the report.

SECTION 2 SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 The site consisted of a former Royal British Legion building.

2.1: Summary of buildings surveyed and survey type at Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS.

Property Ref / UPRN	Building Description	Survey Type
	Two storey property of brick masonry construction with pitched and flat roofs.	Demolition

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 8 of 11

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 9 of 11

SECTION 3 SPECIFIC NOTES

- 3.1 The scope and terms of works were as agreed during the tender process with the Customer, including a discussion on areas of possible no-access (see section 1.2 and 1.3). We confirm that in preparing this report that we have exercised all reasonable skill and care bearing in mind the project objectives, the agreed scope of works and prevailing site conditions.
- 3.2 Asbestos containing materials (ACMs) concealed behind other asbestos containing materials may not have been located during the survey due to the potential for fibre release. It should be assumed that further asbestos containing materials may be present until proven otherwise.
- 3.3 During the course of the survey all reasonably practicable efforts were made to identify the presence of materials containing asbestos within areas of the building as agreed with the customer. We have not inspected structural or poured concrete elements within the building unless specified within the scope of works for the survey. Asbestos materials are frequently concealed within the fabric of buildings or within sealed building voids, accordingly, it is not possible to regard the findings of any survey as being definitive. It must always remain a possibility therefore that further asbestos containing materials may be found during other site activities.
- 3.4 The customer is advised to make provision during the course of any demolition or refurbishment of structural or poured concrete for the additional services of a suitably experienced surveyor to provide advice, take samples and provide supplementary reports in the event that additional ACMs are uncovered.
- 3.5 Water absorption tests have not been carried out on board or cement materials and thus such materials which have been referred to within this report as asbestos insulating board (AIB) or asbestos cement are done so based solely upon their physical appearance and using the technicians judgement. A water absorption measurement test, as detailed in paragraph 17 of L143 Work with materials containing asbestos ACOP, is required to determine whether a material is legally classified as asbestos cement or not. Asbestos cement in a dry state absorbs less than 30% water by weight.
- 3.6 This report may be used as a basis for the preparation of a specification, but should not be used as the specification. Note that all dimensions referred to in this report are approximate and should not be used for the calculation of priced measures.

SECTION 4 SURVEY AND SAMPLING METHODOLOGY

4.1 Refurbishment or Demolition Survey

- 4.1.1 This purpose of this survey was to locate and describe so far as reasonably practicable, all ACMs within the scope of works and may have involved destructive inspection, as necessary to gain access to all areas if safe access was practicable. A full sampling programme was undertaken to identify possible ACMs.
- 4.1.2 Each room/area was visually inspected for materials suspected to contain asbestos and representative samples were taken for confirmation. Every effort was made to investigate all aspects of the building fabric in so far as was practicable. Invasive techniques were used for access.
- 4.1.3 The survey was carried out in accordance with HSG 264, SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited's internal procedure SCI/ASB/001 and the specific requirements of the Customer.

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 10 of 11

4.2 Abbreviations used in the text

- AWS Associated with sample visually consistent with sampled material.
- ACM Asbestos Containing Material
- NSR No sample required (Area has been inspected and no suspicious samples identified)
- NA No Access (Access not reasonably practicable)
- P Presumed to contain asbestos. Sample required to confirm absence or presence of asbestos in item
- CAR Control of Asbestos Regulations (2012)
- X All samples prefixed with an X were not taken by SOCOTEC Asbestos, however the data was provided by the client for inclusion within the report and the integrity of the data has been reviewed by SOCOTEC Asbestos Ltd in accordance with our internal procedures.

SECTION 5 BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY

- 5.1 Bulk sample analysis was carried out in accordance with SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited's internal procedure SCI/ASB/007, based on the Health and Safety Executive publication HSG 248.
- 5.2 SOCOTEC Asbestos is a UKAS-accredited testing body No. 1089, ensuring compliance with the requirements of BS EN ISO/IEC 17025:2017 General criteria for the operation of various types of bodies performing testing.

Survey Ref: 234636-987722 Page 11 of 11



Appendix A SITE REGISTER(S)



Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS Survey Report Ref: 234636-987722-0001 Property Address:

Building Address: As Above

Building Reference / UPRN: Client: Great Western Railway Date of Inspection 27/02/2023

ASBESTOS REGISTER

Area No	Area Description	Material Description	Approx size of item	Sample or Associate Sample Reference	Asbestos Type	Product Type	Comments on Limited / No Access
001	Ground Floor - Entrance	Textured coating to ceiling	4 m²	AWS 002	1	1	
001	Ground Floor - Entrance	Textured coating to ceiling	4 m²	001	0		
002	Ground Floor - Lobby	Textured coating to ceiling	18 m²	002	1	1	
003	Ground Floor - Phone room	Textured coating to ceiling	2 m²	003	1	1	
004	Ground Floor - Circulation	Textured coating to ceiling	18 m²	004	1	1	
004	Ground Floor - Circulation	Textured coating patch replacement to ceiling	2 m²	005	1	1	
005	Ground Floor - Male WC	Ceramic tile adhesive	30 m²	007	0		
005	Ground Floor - Male WC	Textured coating to ceiling	12 m²	AWS 008	1	1	
005	Ground Floor - Male WC	Textured coating to ceiling	12 m²	006	0		
006	Ground Floor - Female WC	Textured coating to ceiling	12 m²	008	1	1	
006	Ground Floor - Female WC	Ceramic tile adhesive	30 m ²	009	0		
007	Ground Floor - Dance Floor	Bitumen packers to stage	. Small Amounts	010	0		
007	Ground Floor - Dance Floor	Paint to walls	20 m²	011	0		
007	Ground Floor - Dance Floor	Hard set resin to pipework	. Small Amounts	012	0		
800	Ground Floor - Stage	Insulating board ceiling panels	24 m²	013	2	2	
800	Ground Floor - Stage	Bitumen packers to stage	. Small Amounts	014	0		
009	Ground Floor - Back Stage	Textured coating to ceiling	15 m²	015	1	1	
009	Ground Floor - Back Stage	Olive vinyl floor tiles	15 m²	016A	1	1	
009	Ground Floor - Back Stage	Textured coating debris to floor	. Small Amounts	017	1	1	
009	Ground Floor - Back Stage	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	15 m²	016B	1	1	
010	Ground Floor - WC	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	2 m²	019B	1	1	



Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS Survey Report Ref: 234636-987722-0001 Property Address:

Building Address: As Above

Area No	Area Description	Material Description	Approx size of item	Sample or Associate Sample Reference	Asbestos Type	Product Type	Comments on Limited / No Access
010	Ground Floor - WC	Textured coating to ceiling	2 m²	018	1	1	
010	Ground Floor - WC	Olive vinyl floor tiles	2 m²	019A	1	1	
011	Ground Floor - Office	Textured coating to ceiling	12 m²	020	1	1	
011	Ground Floor - Office	Olive vinyl floor tiles	12 m²	021A	1	1	
011	Ground Floor - Office	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	12 m²	021B	1	1	
012	Ground Floor - Lounge	Electrical Switchgear	1 Items	P001	1	2	
012	Ground Floor - Lounge	Textured coating to ceiling	72 m²	022	1	1	
013	Ground Floor - Bar	Textured coating to ceiling	10 m ²	023	1	1	
014	Ground Floor - Bar	Textured coating to ceiling	10 m ²	024	1	1	
015	Ground Floor - Lounge	Textured coating to ceiling	50 m ²	025	1	1	
015	Ground Floor - Lounge	Textured coating debris to floor	. Small Amounts	026	1	1	
015	Ground Floor - Lounge	Pink vinyl floor tiles	50 m ²	027A	1	1	
015	Ground Floor - Lounge	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	50 m ²	027B	1	1	
016	Ground Floor - Office	Pink vinyl floor tiles	12 m²	029A	1	1	
016	Ground Floor - Office	Bitumen packers to window sills	. Small Amounts	030	1	1	
016	Ground Floor - Office	Textured coating to ceiling	12 m²	028	1	1	
016	Ground Floor - Office	Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles	12 m²	029B	1	1	
017	Ground Floor - Fire Exit	Textured coating to ceiling	3 m ²	031	1	1	
018	Ground Floor - Skittle Room	Textured coating to ceiling	60 m ²	032	1	1	
018	Ground Floor - Skittle Room	Putty to windows	12 Linear M	033	0		
018	Ground Floor - Skittle Room	Bitumen membrane within wall cavity	10 m²	034	1	1	
019	Ground Floor - Lobby	Textured coating to ceiling	9 m²	035	1	1	



Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS Survey Report Ref: 234636-987722-0001 Property Address:

Building Address: As Above

Area			Approx size of	Sample or Associate	Asbestos		
No	Area Description	Material Description	item	Sample Reference	Type	Product Type	Comments on Limited / No Access
020	Ground Floor - Female WC	Textured coating to ceiling	12 m²	036	1	1	
020	Ground Floor - Female WC	Cement panel within bunny burner	1 Items	037	1	1	
020	Ground Floor - Female WC	Cement flue to bunny burner	1 Linear M	038	1	1	
020	Ground Floor - Female WC	Bakelite toilet cistern	1 Items	039	0		
021	Ground Floor - Male WC	Textured coating to ceiling	8 m²	040	1	1	
022	Ground Floor - Corridor	Textured coating to ceiling	3 m ²	041	1	1	
022	Ground Floor - Corridor	Insulation within Safe	1 Items	P002	1	2	
023	Ground Floor - Ante Room	Textured coating to ceiling	14 m²	042	1	1	
024	Ground Floor - Cellar	Textured coating to ceiling	15 m²	043	1	1	
024	Ground Floor - Cellar	Insulating board wall panels	9 m²	044	2	2	
024	Ground Floor - Cellar	Insulating board debris	. Small Amounts	045	2	2	
025	Ground Floor - Kitchen	Textured coating to ceiling	12 m²	046	1	1	
025	Ground Floor - Kitchen	Bitumen residues to walls	. Small Amounts	047	0		
026	Ground Floor - Plant Room	Electrical Switchgear	1 Items	P003	1	2	
026	Ground Floor - Plant Room	Insulating board ceiling panels	3 m²	050	2	2	
026	Ground Floor - Plant Room	Insulating board debris	. Small Amounts	051	2	2	
026	Ground Floor - Plant Room	Gaskets to pipework	4 Items	052	1	2	
027	First Floor - Snooker Room	Red hessian backed linoleum floor covering to floor	90 m²	048	0		
028	First Floor - Loft Space	Sarking felt	90 m²	049	0		
EXT	Ground Floor - External	Bitumen felt to flat roof	200 m ²	054	0		
EXT	Ground Floor - External	Gaskets to light fittings	6 Items	053	1	2	



Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS Survey Report Ref: 234636-987722-0001 Property Address:

As Above **Building Address:**

Area			Approx size of	Sample or Associate	Asbestos		
No	Area Description	Material Description	item	Sample Reference	Type	Product Type	Comments on Limited / No Access
EXT	Ground Floor - External	Cement debris to floor	. Small Amounts	055	1	1	
EXT	Ground Floor - External	Cement flue to wall	1 Linear M	056	1	1	



Survey Report Ref: 234636-987722-0001 Property Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56

0AS

Building Address: As Above

Building Reference / UPRN: . Client: Great Western Railway Date of Inspection 27/02/2023

CONSTRUCTION REGISTER

				7	
Area No	Area Description	Floor	Walls	Ceiling	Other
001	Ground Floor - Entrance	Ceramic tile and matting	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors, door frames and window frames
002	Ground Floor - Lobby	Linoleum floor covering to concrete	Painted brick masonry and plasterboard	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames, metal skylight frame and upstands with upvc vision panel.
003	Ground Floor - Phone room	Linoleum floor covering to concrete and plasterboard	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door, door frame and mail box.
004	Ground Floor - Circulation	Linoleum floor covering to concrete and plasterboard	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames, metal skylight frame and upstands with upvc vision panel.
005	Ground Floor - Male WC	Linoleum floor covering to concrete and plasterboard	Ceramic tiles to brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames, metal skylight frame and upstands with upvc vision panel and metal urinal and ceramic sink, toilet and cistern.
006	Ground Floor - Female WC	Linoleum floor covering to concrete and plasterboard	Ceramic tiles to brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames, metal skylight frame and upstands with upvc vision panel and ceramic sink, toilet and cistern.
007	Ground Floor - Dance Floor	Timber floor panelling to timber floor boards/void/concrete	Timber Panelling to brick masonry	Mmmf suspended ceiling tiles/void/timber roof	Timber doors and door frames. Metal pipework and slate packing within floor void. Metal vent and water tank within ceiling void.
008	Ground Floor - Stage	Timber floor panels/void/concrete	Painted brick masonry	Sampled insulating board	Timber doors, door frames and shelving.
009	Ground Floor - Back Stage	Linoleum floor covering to sampled vinyl floor tiles	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard and stramit board	Timber doors, door frames and shelving, rubber stair nosing, metal skylight frame with upvc vision panel.



Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS Survey Report Ref: 234636-987722-0001 Property Address:

Building Address: As Above

Area No	Area Description	Floor	Walls	Ceiling	Other
010	Ground Floor - WC	Linoleum floor covering to sampled vinyl floor tiles	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door and door frame, metal window frames, ceramic window sill, sink, toilet and cistern.
011	Ground Floor - Office	Carpet to sampled vinyl floor tiles	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard and stramit board	Timber doors and door frames, metal skylight frame with upvc vision panel.
012	Ground Floor - Lounge	Timber floor panelling to timber floor boards/void/concrete	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to lathe and plaster	Timber doors and door frames. Metal pipework and slate packing within floor void.
013	Ground Floor - Bar	Linoleum floor covering to concrete	Timber panelling to brick masonry	Timber Panelling to sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door, door frame and countertops.
014	Ground Floor - Bar	Linoleum floor covering to concrete	Timber panelling to brick masonry	Timber Panelling to sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door, door frame and countertops.
015	Ground Floor - Lounge	Linoleum floor covering to sampled vinyl floor tiles	Painted brick masonry and plasterboard	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard/void/stramit board	Timber doors and door frames, metal skylight frame and upstands with upvc vision panel.
016	Ground Floor - Office	Carpet to sampled vinyl floor tiles	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors, door frames and window frames
017	Ground Floor - Fire Exit	Linoleum floor covering to concrete and plasterboard	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames
018	Ground Floor - Skittle Room	Linoleum floor covering, carpet and timber panels to concrete	Painted brick masonry and plasterboard	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard/void/stramit board	Timber doors and door frames, metal skylight frame and upstands with upvc vision panel.
019	Ground Floor - Lobby	Linoleum floor covering to ceramic tiles	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames
020	Ground Floor - Female WC	Linoleum floor covering to ceramic tiles	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames, ceramic sink and toilet
021	Ground Floor - Male WC	Linoleum floor covering to ceramic tiles	Painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber doors and door frames, ceramic sink and toilet



Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS Survey Report Ref: 234636-987722-0001 Property Address:

Building Address: As Above

Area No	Area Description	Floor	Walls	Ceiling	Other
022	Ground Floor - Corridor	Linoleum floor covering to concrete	Timber panelling to brick masonry	Timber Panelling to sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door, door frame and countertops.
023	Ground Floor - Ante Room	Linoleum floor covering to concrete	Timber panelling and painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door, door frame and countertops.
024	Ground Floor - Cellar	Concrete	Painted brick masonry and sampled insulating board	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door, door frame and countertop and ceramic sink
025	Ground Floor - Kitchen	Concrete	Plastered timber and painted brick masonry	Sampled textured coating to plasterboard	Timber door, door frame and countertops and ceramic sink
026	Ground Floor - Plant Room	Concrete	Brick Masonry and breeze block	Sampled insulating board	Timber door and door frame, mmmf insulation to metal boiler and flue
027	First Floor - Snooker Room	Carpet to linoleum floor covering	Painted brick masonry	Painted lathe and plaster	Timber door, door frame and window sills, upvc window frames
028	First Floor - Loft Space	Lathe & Plaster	Brick Masonry	Sarking felt and timber roof structure	Timber loft hatch, timber beams and slate packing
EXT	Ground Floor - External	Concrete slab and foliage	Painted brick masonry	N/A	Metal and timber doors, door frames and window frames, upvc window frames, timber soffits, bitumen felt flat roof, metal and plastic rainwater goods



Appendix B MATERIAL ASSESSMENT SHEETS

Survey Ref: 234636-987722



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 001

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Entrance

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 001

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 4 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 001

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Entrance

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

AWS - 002

Asbestos Type:

Position:

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

4 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 002

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lobby

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

002

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

18 m²

Internal

Comments:

located to ceiling in lobby and stairwell



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 003

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Phone room

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

Sample Reference No:

003

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 2 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 004

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Circulation

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Sample Reference No:

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile

Position: Internal

004

Product Type: 1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 18 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 004

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Circulation

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating patch

replacement to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 005

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: Internal

Product Type: 1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC Approx Size of Item: 2 m²

Comments: Patch replacement located near the female WC



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 005

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Male WC

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 006

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 12 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 005

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Male WC

Building: . Material Description: Ceramic tile adhesive

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 007

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 30 m²

Comments: located to walls



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 005

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Male WC

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

AWS - 008

Asbestos Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

Position:

Internal

Product Type:

finishes AC

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 12 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 006

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Female WC

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

800

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Sample Reference No:

12 m²

Internal



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 006

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Female WC

Building: . Material Description: Ceramic tile adhesive

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 009

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 30 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 007

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Dance Floor

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen packers to stage

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 010

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: . Small Amounts

Comments: located to front of stage



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 007

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Dance Floor

Building: . Material Description: Paint to walls

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 011

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 20 m²

Comments: located to low level brickwork wall



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 007

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Dance Floor

Building: . Material Description: Hard set resin to pipework

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 012

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: . Small Amounts

Comments: Located to low level radiator pipework



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 008

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Stage

Building: . Material Description: Insulating board ceiling panels

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

2 - Amosite/other amphiboles (not

Crocidolite) and Chrysotile

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc

Comments: located to panels and slats to ceiling

Sample Reference No: 013

Position: Internal

Approx Size of Item: 24 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 008

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Stage

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen packers to stage

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 014

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: . Small Amounts

Comments: located beneath stage within void



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 009

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Back Stage

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Approx Size of Item:

Position:

Sample Reference No:

015

Internal

15 m²

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 009

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Back Stage

Building: . Material Description: Olive vinyl floor tiles

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

016A

Internal

Asbestos Type:
Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 15 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 009

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Back Stage

Building: Material Description: Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

016B

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 15 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 009

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Back Stage

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating debris to floor

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No:

017

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

Approx Size of Item:

Position:

. Small Amounts



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 010

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: WC

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

018

Internal

2 m²

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No:

Approx Size of Item:



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 010

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: WC

Building: . Material Description: Olive vinyl floor tiles

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

019A

Internal

2 m²

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No:

Approx Size of Item:



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 010

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description:

WC

Building: Material Description: Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

019B

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 2 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 011

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Office

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

020

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Sample Reference No:

12 m²

Internal



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 011

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Office

Building: . Material Description: Olive vinyl floor tiles

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

021A

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Sample Reference No:

12 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 011

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Office

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

i - Chirysothe

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No:

021B

Position:

Internal

Approx Size of Item:

12 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 012

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lounge

Building: Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

022

Internal

72 m²

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Sample Reference No:



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 012

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lounge

Building: . Material Description: Electrical Switchgear

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: P001

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: Internal

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc Approx Size of Item: 1 Items

Comments: presume all electrical equipment within cupboard

Presumption Reason: No isolation certificate provided



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 013

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Bar

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

023

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 10 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 014

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Bar

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Comments:

Product Type:

Sample Reference No: 024

Position: Internal

Approx Size of Item: 10 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 015

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lounge

Building: Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No: 025

Approx Size of Item:

Asbestos Type:

Position:

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC

50 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 015

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lounge

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating debris to floor

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

026

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

. Small Amounts

Comments:

located sparodically throughout floor



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 015

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lounge

Building: Material Description: Pink vinyl floor tiles

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No: 027A

Asbestos Type:

Position: Internal

50 m²

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Comments:

located beneath screed to floor



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 015

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lounge

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

027B

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Sample Reference No:

50 m²

Internal

Comments:

located beneath screed to floor



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 016

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Office

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

028

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Sample Reference No:

12 m²

Internal



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 016

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Office

Building: . Material Description: Pink vinyl floor tiles

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No: 02

Position:

029A

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 12 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 016

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description:

Office

Building: Material Description: Bitumen adhesive to floor tiles

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

029B

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Position:

12 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 016

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Office

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen packers to window sills

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No: 030

Position:

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

. Small Amounts

Comments:

located beneath timber window sills



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 017

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Fire Exit

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No:

031

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

Position:

Internal

Comments:

Approx Size of Item:

 $3 \, m^2$



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 018

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Skittle Room

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

Product Type:

1 - Chrysotile

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No:

Position: Internal

032

Approx Size of Item: 60 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 018

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Skittle Room

Building: . Material Description: Putty to windows

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 033

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal/External

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 12 Linear M

Comments: representative sample of all windows to building



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 018

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Skittle Room

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen membrane within wall

cavity

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 034

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: Internal

Product Type: 1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC Approx Size of Item: 10 m²

Comments: unknown quantity due to visibility within cavity. presume throughout



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 019

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Lobby

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

035

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 9 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 020

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Female WC

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

1 - Chrysotile

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No:

036

Asbestos Type:
Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

iiposites, decorative

Approx Size of Item:

Position:

12 m²

Internal



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 020

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Female WC

Building: Material Description: Cement panel within bunny

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

Product Type:

1 - Chrysotile

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Position:

Sample Reference No:

1 Items

Internal

037



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 020

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Female WC

Building: Material Description: Cement flue to bunny burner

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

Product Type:

1 - Chrysotile

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Comments:

Sample Reference No: 038

Internal/External Position:

Approx Size of Item: 1 Linear M



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 020

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Female WC

Building: . Material Description: Bakelite toilet cistern

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 039

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 1 Items



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 021

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Male WC

Male WC

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

040

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 8 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 022

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Corridor

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Position:

041

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item:

Sample Reference No:

3 m²

Internal



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 022

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Corridor

Building: . Material Description: Insulation within Safe

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: P002

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: Internal

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc Approx Size of Item: 1 Items

Comments: Presumption Reason: Sealed unit



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 023

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Ante Room

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

042

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 14 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 024

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Cellar

Building: . Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

1 - Chrysotile

Sample Reference No:

Position:

043

Internal

Product Type:

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Approx Size of Item: 15 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 024

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Cellar

Building: Material Description: Insulating board wall panels

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

2 - Amosite/other amphiboles (not

Crocidolite) and Chrysotile

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc Sample Reference No: 044

Position: Internal

Approx Size of Item: 9 m^2



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 024

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Cellar

Building: . Material Description: Insulating board debris

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

Product Type:

2 - Amosite/other amphiboles (not

Crocidolite) and Chrysotile

2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc

Comments: located to floor and shelving to room

Sample Reference No: 045

Position: Internal

Approx Size of Item: . Small Amounts



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 025

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Kitchen

Building: Material Description: Textured coating to ceiling

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

Product Type:

1 - Chrysotile

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative

finishes, AC

Sample Reference No: 046

Position: Internal

Approx Size of Item: 12 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 025

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Kitchen

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen residues to walls

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

0 - No asbestos detected

Sample Reference No: 047

Position: Internal

Approx Size of Item: . Small Amounts

Product Type:



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 026

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Plant Room

Building: Material Description: Insulating board ceiling panels

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

2 - Amosite/other amphiboles (not Crocidolite) and Chrysotile

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc Sample Reference No: 050

Position: Internal

3 m²Approx Size of Item:



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 026

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Plant Room

Building: . Material Description: Insulating board debris

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT

Asbestos Type:

2 - Amosite/other amphiboles (not

Crocidolite) and Chrysotile

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc

Comments: located sparodically throughout floor

Sample Reference No: 051

Position: Internal

Approx Size of Item: . Small Amounts



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 026

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Plant Room

Building: . Material Description: Gaskets to pipework

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 052

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: Internal

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc Approx Size of Item: 4 Items

Comments: located to fixed and redundant pipework



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 026

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Plant Room

Building: . Material Description: Electrical Switchgear

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: P003

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: Internal

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc Approx Size of Item: 1 Items

Comments: MEM box to wall

Presumption Reason: No isolation certificate provided



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 027

Floor: First

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Snooker Room

Building: Red hessian backed linoleum

floor covering to floor

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 048

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 90 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: 028

Floor: First

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: Loft Space

Building: . Material Description: Sarking felt

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 049

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: Internal

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 90 m²



SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: EXT

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: External

Building: . Material Description: Gaskets to light fittings

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 053

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: External

Product Type: 2 - AIB, Millboard, gaskets, paper etc Approx Size of Item: 6 Items

Comments: 3 x separate light units



DATA SHEET

SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: EXT

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: External

Building: . Material Description: Bitumen felt to flat roof

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 054

Asbestos Type: 0 - No asbestos detected Position: External

Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 200 m²

Comments:



DATA SHEET

SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: EXT

Floor: Ground

Site Address: Ex-Royal British Legion Building,

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: External

Building: . Material Description: Cement debris to floor

Building Address:

As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 055

Asbestos Type: 1 - Chrysotile Position: External

Product Type: 1 - Asbestos composites, decorative finishes, AC Approx Size of Item: . Small Amounts

Comments: located sparodically to floor throughout carpark



DATA SHEET

SITE / AREA / INSPECTION DETAILS

Client: Great Western Railway Area No: **EXT**

> Floor: Ground

Ex-Royal British Legion Building, **Site Address:**

New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh,

Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Area Description: External

Building: Material Description: Cement flue to wall

Building Address: As Above

Survey Report Reference:

234636-987722-0001



ASSESSMENT Sample Reference No: 056

1 - Chrysotile Asbestos Type: Position: External

1 - Asbestos composites, decorative Product Type: Approx Size of Item: 1 Linear M

finishes, AC

Comments: located to wall adjacent to female toilets

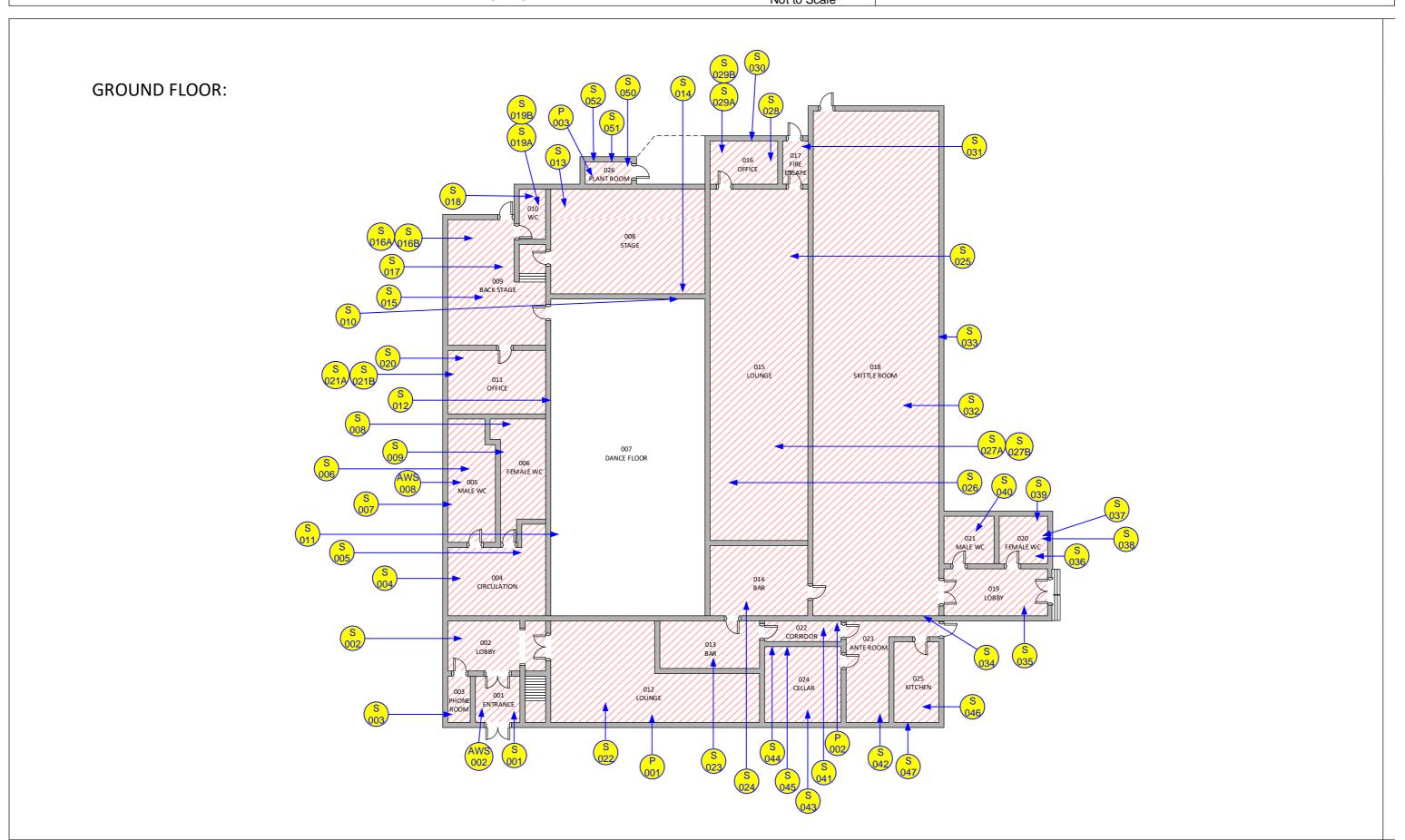


Appendix C

DRAWINGS

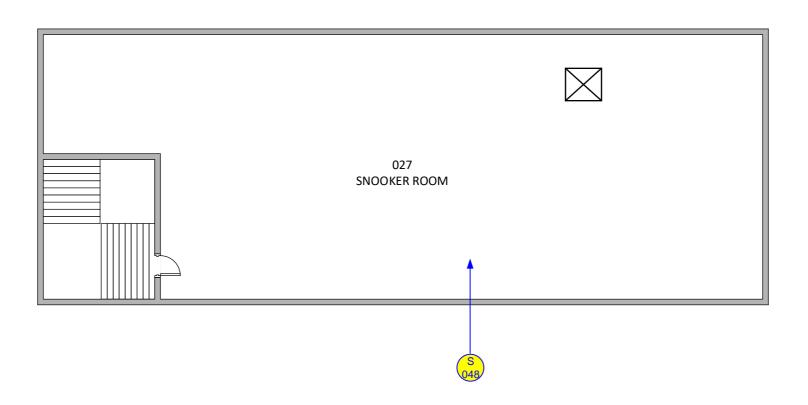
Survey Ref: 234636-987722

Client	Great Western Rail		Key:	Inspection Reference Location	
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AA			inspection Reference Location	
Survey Reference	234636-987722			Asbestos Present	
Date of Survey/Inspection	27/02/2023		AWS = As With Sample	Inaccessible Areas	
Surveyors	C Howells & O Howells		P = Presumed		
	PAGE 1 OF 4	Not to Scale		Beyond Remit of Survey	



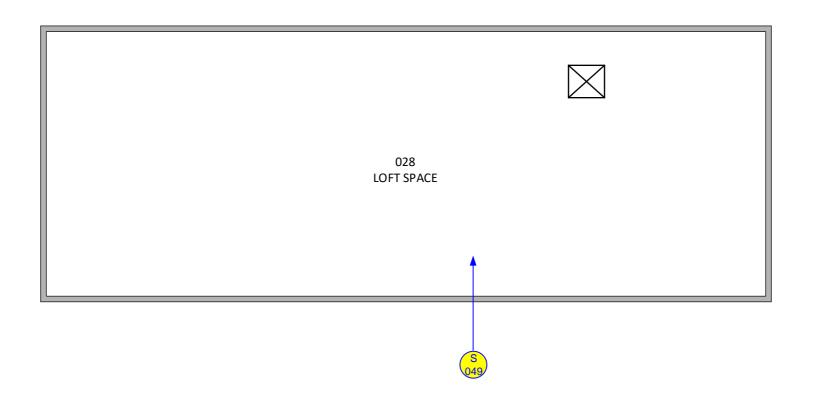
Client	Great Western Rail		Key:	Inspection Reference Location	
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AA			inspection Reference Location	
Survey Reference	234636-987722			Asbestos Present	
Date of Survey/Inspection	27/02/2023		AWS = As With Sample	Inaccessible Areas	
Surveyors	C Howells & O Howells		P = Presumed	Parad Parit of Consu	
	PAGE 2 OF 4	Not to Scale		Beyond Remit of Survey	

FIRST FLOOR:

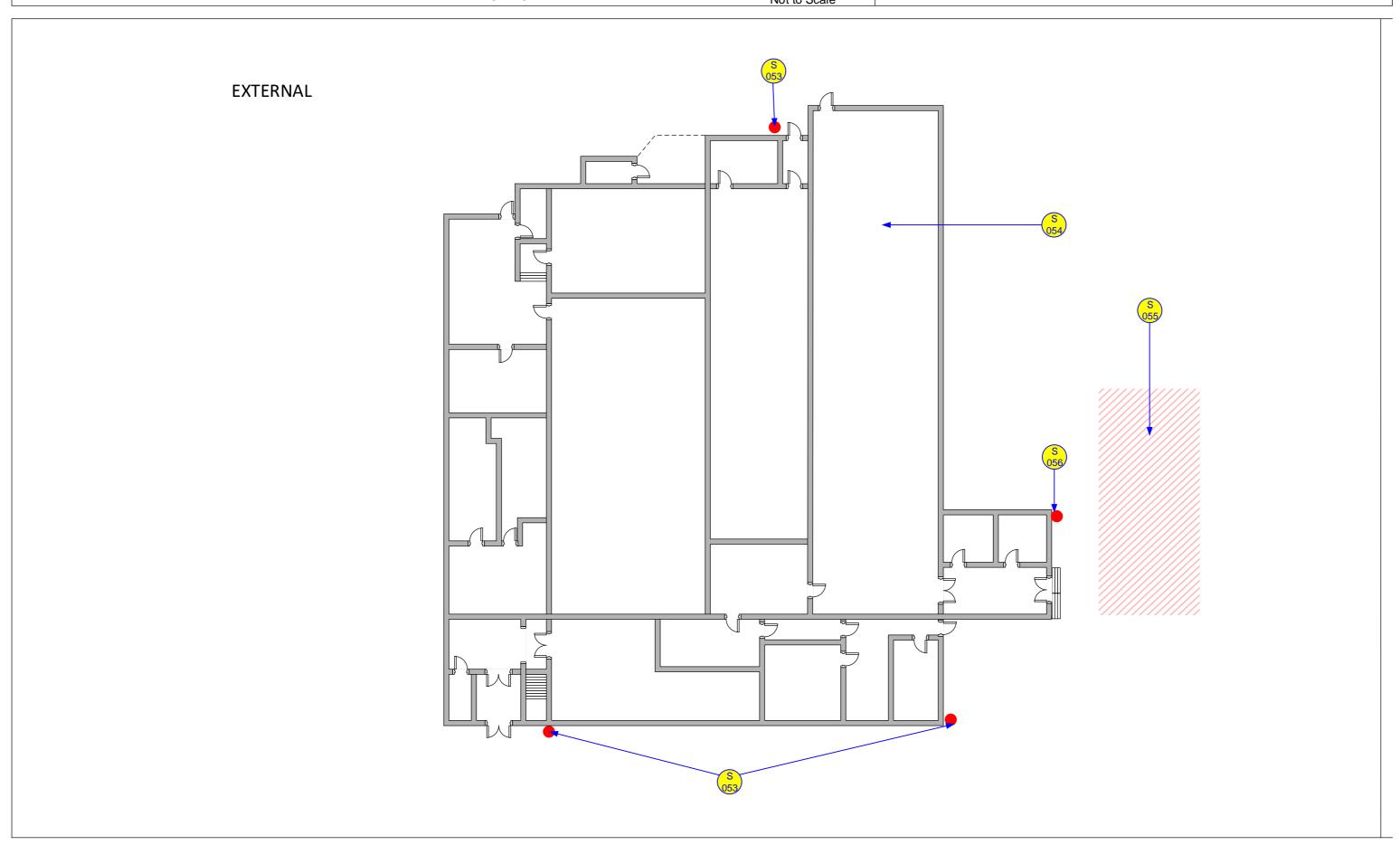


Client	Great Western Rail		Key:	Inspection Reference Location	
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AA			inspection Reference Location	
Survey Reference	234636-987722			Asbestos Present	
Date of Survey/Inspection	27/02/2023		AWS = As With Sample	Inaccessible Areas	
Surveyors	C Howells & O Howells		P = Presumed	B 1B 110	
	PAGE 3 OF 4	Not to Scale		Beyond Remit of Survey	

FIRST FLOOR:



Client	Great Western Rail	Key:	Inspection Reference Location	
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AA			
Survey Reference	234636-987722		Asbestos Present	
Date of Survey/Inspection	27/02/2023	AWS = As With Sample	Inaccessible Areas	
Surveyors	C Howells & O Howells	P = Presumed		
	PAGE 4 OF 4 Not to Scale		Beyond Remit of Survey	





Appendix D LABORATORY TEST CERTIFICATE(S)

Survey Ref: 234636-987722



SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street Bridgend CF31 3UD

Telephone: 01656 646588

E-mail:

socoteccirencester@socotec.com

		_	
Client	Great Western Railway	Delivered/Collected	Collected
Address	Milford House, Milford Street, Swindon, SN1 1HL	Analysis Report No	C162886
Attention		Report Date	24/Apr/2023
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS	Site Ref No	234636-987722
Date Sample Taken	27/02/2023	Page No	1 of 7
Date Sample Received		No of Samples	61
Date of Analysis	22/04/2023		

- ato 0.7a., 0.0				
SOCOTEC Asbestos SAMPLE No	CLIENT SAMPLE No	SAMPLE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No
001		Ground Floor - Entrance 001 - Textured coating to ceiling	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 001
002		Ground Floor - Lobby 002 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 002
003		Ground Floor - Phone room 003 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 003
004		Ground Floor - Circulation 004 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 004
005		Ground Floor - Circulation 004 - Textured coating patch replacement to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 005
006		Ground Floor - Male WC 005 - Textured coating to ceiling	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 006
007		Ground Floor - Male WC 005 - Ceramic tile adhesive	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 007
008		Ground Floor - Female WC 006 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 008
009		Ground Floor - Female WC 006 - Ceramic tile adhesive	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 009
010		Ground Floor - Dance Floor 007 - Bitumen packers to stage	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 010

KEY: NADIS - No Asbestos Detected in Sample.							
All samples will be reta	All samples will be retained for a minimum of 6 Months.						
Analysed by: Name: Ruksana Khalid Authorised Name: TRACY MILNES							
			signatory:				
Mariel	Position:	Asbestos Bulk Analyst	-T/4 -	Position:	Project Manager		
BULK005-VER 16 01-March 2019							





SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street Bridgend CF31 3UD

Telephone: 01656 646588

E-mail:

socoteccirencester@socotec.com

	0]	0 "
Client	Great Western Railway	Delivered/Collected	Collected
Address	Milford House, Milford Street, Swindon, SN1 1HL	Analysis Report No	C162886
Attention		Report Date	19/Apr/2023
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS	Site Ref No	234636-987722
Date Sample Taken	27/02/2023	Page No	2 of 7
Date Sample Received		No of Samples	61
Date of Analysis	22/04/2023		

Date of Analysis		22/04/2023		
SOCOTEC Asbestos SAMPLE No	CLIENT SAMPLE No	SAMPLE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No
011		Ground Floor - Dance Floor 007 - Paint to walls	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 011
012		Ground Floor - Dance Floor 007 - Hard set resin to pipework	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 012
013		Ground Floor - Stage 008 - Insulating board ceiling panels	CHRYSOTILE, AMOSITE	234636-987722-0001- 013
014		Ground Floor - Stage 008 - Bitumen packers to stage	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 014
015		Ground Floor - Back Stage 009 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 015
016A		Ground Floor - Back Stage 009 - Olive vinyl floor tiles	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 016A
016B		Ground Floor - Back Stage 009 - bitumen adhesive	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 016B
017		Ground Floor - Back Stage 009 - Textured coating debris to floor	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 017
018		Ground Floor - WC 010 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 018
019A		Ground Floor - WC 010 - Olive vinyl floor tiles	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 019A

KEY: NADIS - No Asbestos Detected in Sample.						
All samples will be reta	All samples will be retained for a minimum of 6 Months.					
Analysed by:	Name:	Ruksana Khalid	Authorised	Name:	TRACY MILNES	
06001	Position:	Asbestos Bulk Analyst	signatory:	Position:	Project Manager	

BULK005-VER 16 01-March 2019





SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street Bridgend CF31 3UD

Telephone: 01656 646588

E-mail:

socoteccirencester@socotec.com

Client	Great Western Railway	Delivered/Collected	Collected
Address	Milford House, Milford Street, Swindon, SN1 1HL	Analysis Report No	C162886
Attention		Report Date	19/Apr/2023
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS	Site Ref No	234636-987722
Date Sample Taken	27/02/2023	Page No	3 of 7
Date Sample Received		No of Samples	61
Date of Analysis	22/04/2023		

- ato 0. 7a., 0.0				
SOCOTEC Asbestos SAMPLE No	CLIENT SAMPLE No	SAMPLE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No
019B		Ground Floor - WC 010 - bitumen adhesive	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 019B
020		Ground Floor - Office 011 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 020
021A		Ground Floor - Office 011 - Olive vinyl floor tiles	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 021A
021B		Ground Floor - Office 011 - bitumen adhesive	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 021B
022		Ground Floor - Lounge 012 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 022
023		Ground Floor - Bar 013 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 023
024		Ground Floor - Bar 014 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 024
025		Ground Floor - Lounge 015 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 025
026		Ground Floor - Lounge 015 - Textured coating debris to floor	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 026
027A		Ground Floor - Lounge 015 - Pink vinyl floor tiles	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 027A

KEY: NADIS - No Asbestos Detected in Sample.						
All samples will be retained for a minimum of 6 Months.						
Analysed by:	Name:	Ruksana Khalid	Authorised	Name:	TRACY MILNES	
			signatory:			
flow int	Position:	Asbestos Bulk Analyst	July:	Position:	Project Manager	

BULK005-VER 16 01-March 2019





SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street Bridgend CF31 3UD

Telephone: 01656 646588

E-mail:

socoteccirencester@socotec.com

			_		
Client		Great Western Railway Delivered/Collected		Collected	
Address		Milford House, Milford Street, Swindon, SN1 1HL	Analysis Report No	C162886	
Attention			Report Date	19/Apr/2023	
Site Address		Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS	Site Ref No	234636-987722	
Date Sample T	aken	27/02/2023	Page No	4 of 7	
Date Sample Received			No of Samples	61	
Date of Analysis		22/04/2023			
SOCOTEC Asbestos	CLIENT SAMPLE	SAMPLE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No	

•				
SOCOTEC Asbestos SAMPLE No	CLIENT SAMPLE No	SAMPLE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No
027B		Ground Floor - Lounge 015 - bitumen adhesive	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 027B
028		Ground Floor - Office 016 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 028
029A		Ground Floor - Office 016 - Pink vinyl floor tiles	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 029A
029B		Ground Floor - Office 016 - bitumen adhesive	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 029B
030		Ground Floor - Office 016 - Bitumen packers to window sills	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 030
031		Ground Floor - Fire Exit 017 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 031
032		Ground Floor - Skittle Room 018 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 032
033		Ground Floor - Skittle Room 018 - Putty to windows	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 033
034		Ground Floor - Skittle Room 018 - Bitumen membrane within wall cavity	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 034
035		Ground Floor - Lobby 019 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 035

KEY: NADIS - No Asbestos Detected in Sample.						
All samples will be reta	All samples will be retained for a minimum of 6 Months.					
Analysed by:	Name:	Ruksana Khalid	Authorised	Name:	TRACY MILNES	
			signatory.			
Moderal	Position:	Asbestos Bulk Analyst	Jighatory.	Position:	Project Manager	
Analysed by:	Name:	Ruksana Khalid	Authorised signatory:			

BULK005-VER 16 01-March 2019





SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street Bridgend CF31 3UD

Telephone: 01656 646588

E-mail:

socoteccirencester@socotec.com

Client	Great Western Railway	Delivered/Collected	Collected
Address	Milford House, Milford Street, Swindon, SN1 1HL	Analysis Report No	C162886
Attention		Report Date	19/Apr/2023
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS	Site Ref No	234636-987722
Date Sample Taken	27/02/2023	Page No	5 of 7
Date Sample Received		No of Samples	61
Date of Analysis	22/04/2023		

SOCOTEC Asbestos SAMPLE No	CLIENT SAMPLE No	SAMPLE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No
036		Ground Floor - Female WC 020 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 036
037		Ground Floor - Female WC 020 - Cement panel within bunny burner	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 037
038		Ground Floor - Female WC 020 - Cement flue to bunny burner	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 038
039		Ground Floor - Female WC 020 - Bakelite toilet cistern	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 039
040		Ground Floor - Male WC 021 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 040
041		Ground Floor - Corridor 022 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 041
042		Ground Floor - Ante Room 023 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 042
043		Ground Floor - Cellar 024 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 043
044		Ground Floor - Cellar 024 - Insulating board wall panels	CHRYSOTILE, AMOSITE	234636-987722-0001- 044
045		Ground Floor - Cellar 024 - Insulating board debris	CHRYSOTILE, AMOSITE	234636-987722-0001- 045

KEY: NADIS - No Asbestos Detected in Sample.						
All samples will be retained for a minimum of 6 Months.						
Analysed by:	Name:	Ruksana Khalid	Authorised	Name:	TRACY MILNES	
			signatory:			
flow int	Position:	Asbestos Bulk Analyst	The	Position:	Project Manager	

BULK005-VER 16 01-March 2019





SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street Bridgend CF31 3UD

Telephone: 01656 646588

E-mail:

socoteccirencester@socotec.com

		_			
Client	Great Western Railway	Delivered/Collected	Co	llected	
Address	Milford House, Milford Street, Swindon, SN1 1HL	Analysis Report No	C1	62886	
Attention		Report Date	19/	Apr/2023	3
Site Address	Ex-Royal British Legion Building, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS	Site Ref No	23463	86-9877	22
Date Sample Taken	27/02/2023	Page No	6	of	7
Date Sample Received		No of Samples		61	
Date of Analysis	22/04/2023			•	

Date of Analysis		22/04/2023		
SOCOTEC Asbestos SAMPLE No	CLIENT SAMPLE No	SAMPLE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No
046		Ground Floor - Kitchen 025 - Textured coating to ceiling	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 046
047		Ground Floor - Kitchen 025 - Bitumen residues to walls	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 047
048		First Floor - Snooker Room 027 - Red hessian backed linoleum floor covering to floor	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 048
049		First Floor - Loft Space 028 - Sarking felt	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 049
050		Ground Floor - Plant Room 026 - Insulating board ceiling panels	CHRYSOTILE, AMOSITE	234636-987722-0001- 050
051		Ground Floor - Plant Room 026 - Insulating board debris	CHRYSOTILE, AMOSITE	234636-987722-0001- 051
052		Ground Floor - Plant Room 026 - Gaskets to pipework	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 052
053		Ground Floor - External EXT - Gaskets to light fittings	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 053
054		Ground Floor - External EXT - Bitumen felt to flat roof	NADIS	234636-987722-0001- 054
055		Ground Floor - External EXT - Cement debris to floor	CHRYSOTILE	234636-987722-0001- 055

KEY: NADIS - No Asbestos Detected in Sample.						
All samples will be retained for a minimum of 6 Months.						
Analysed by:	Name:	Ruksana Khalid	Authorised	Name:	TRACY MILNES	
11.	Position:	Ashestos Bulk Analyst	signatory:	Position:	Project Manager	

BULK005-VER 16 01-March 2019





SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited

Unit 5, Bridgend Industrial Estate, New Street Bridgend CF31 3UD

Telephone: 01656 646588 E-mail: socoteccirencester@socotec.com

Client			Grea	t Western Railway		Delivered/Collected	Collected
Address		•	Milfo	rd House, Milford Street, S	Swindon, SN1 1HL		
						Analysis Report No	C162886
Attention		-				Report Date	19/Apr/2023
Site Address		•	Ex-R	oyal British Legion B	uilding, New Road,		
			More	ton-in-Marsh, Gloucesters	shire, GL56 0AS	Site Ref No	234636-987722
Date Sample T	aken	•	27/02	2/2023		Page No	7 of 7
Date Sample F	Receive	ed				No of Samples	61
Date of Analys	is		22/04	1/2023			
SOCOTEC Asbestos	CLIE	IPLE		SAMPLE LOCATION & I	DESCRIPTION*	FIBRE TYPE DETECTED	ANALYSIS No
SAMPLE No	N	0					234636-987722-0001-
056			Gre	ound Floor - External EXT	- Cement flue to wall	CHRYSOTILE	056
KEY: NADIS - N							
				mum of 6 Months.		TD 40	V MIL NEO
Analysed by:		Name		Ruksana Khalid	Authorised signatory:	Traino.	Y MILNES
El Con	il	Position	on:	Asbestos Bulk Analyst	The	Position: Project	ct Manager
					VER 16 01-March 2019		
				e have been examined using and clearance procedures. It			
is as given by the client at the time of delivery. SOCOTEC Asbestos Limited is not responsible for the accuracy or competence of the sampling							



DRAINAGE PLAN SURVEY AND CCTV REPORT

Prepared by CASTLE SURVEYS LTD

Ref: 23199-23-04 Date: 14-04-2023

Drainage Report



Prepared For Site

Land off New Road Moreton-in-Marsh Gloucestershire GL56 0DE



CASTLE SURVEYS LTD Surveyor: Timothy Laidler

T.Laidler@Castlesurveys.co.uk

01530 569338



23199-23-04-CCTV - CCTV Survey Report : 11/04/23

Name: CASTLE SURVEYS LTD

Contact: Timothy Laidler

Location: 4 Kilwardby Street

Town: Ashby de la Zouch

Region : Leicestershire

Postcode : LE65 2FQ

Email: T.Laidler@Castlesurveys.co.uk

Contact Number: 01530 569338 Surveyor: Timothy Laidler

Valid Certification No: 607546

Client Information

Name:
Contact:
Location:
Town:
Region:
Postcode:
Tel:
Mobile:
Email:
Fax:

Site Information

Name :

Contact:

Location : Land off New Road
Town : Moreton-in-Marsh
Region : Gloucestershire

GL56 0DE

39

Tel:
Mobile:
Email:
Fax:

Postcode:

Total Defects for Project

Total DRB Grades for Project



Report interpretation.

Overview:

Each section of the drainage system is allocated a score indicating areas that require attention. These areas are detailed in the Overview section on the following page and also at the bottom right of the first few pages. We use colour coding as an indicator of severity. Additional information concerning rehabilitation options/recomendations is included in the Overview page, which can also be used as an, "at a glance" indication of system condition. More in depth information for each section, Including images can be found later in the report. Grade indicators are as follows:

Grade A: Drain is serviceable no recommendations required

Grade B: There is an issue that might require remedial works

Grade C: There is a defect that requires remedial works, the drain is not serviceable.

Observations:

Each section of drainage reported on (manhole to manhole for example), contains detailed information about that drain and any observations made concerning condition are detailed below the header section. The observations are colour coded and given a severity score, with more significant defects being given a higher score, using a scale from 1 to 5 as detailed below:

Severity 1 to 2: These defects may require remedial monitoring

Severity 3: These defects probably require some form of remedial works

Severity 4 to 5: Defects that will require remedial repair or replacement

General:

The information provided is relevant at the time of survey. The coding system in this report is based on the Manual of Sewer Condition Classification, 5th edition (MSCC5) domestic codes (BS EN 13508-1:2003). This is the official standard for the water industry.

The severity system is based on significant experience in general practice and the 1-5 grades represent the severity of individual defects: 5 representing a more serious defect.

Please feel free to contact us for further explanation or pricing for remedial works required.

Total Defects for Project



Overview

Overview		
Section: 1 From: 1a To: 6	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 2 From: 1b To: Internal IC	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 3 From: 1c To: 2	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Pitch fibre Use: Combined
Section: 4 From: 1d To: 3	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 150 Material: Pitch fibre Use: Combined
Section: 5 From: 1e To: Winser trap	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 6 From: 1x To: Unable to push	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 150 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 7 From: 2a To: Winser trap	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 8 From: 2b To: Winser trap	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined

39



Section: 9 From: 3a To: Winser trap	Grade A	DRB Grade: A Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 10 From: 3b To: 4	Grade A	DRB Grade: A Pipe Size: 150 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 11 From: 4a To: 5	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 150 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 12 From: 5a To: Winser trap	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 13 From: 5b To: SVP	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 14 From: 5c To: Internal	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 15 From: 5d To: Blockage	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 16 From: 6a To: Blockage	Grade B	DRB Grade: B Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Section: 17 From: 6b To: Internal SVP	Grade A	DRB Grade: A Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined
Total Defects for F		Total DRB Grades for Project

Total Defects for Project

39

Total DRB Grades for Project



Section: 18

From: 6c To: Internal

Grade A

DRB Grade: A Pipe Size: 100 Material: Vitrified Clay (i.e. all clayware) Use: Combined



Site: Land off New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh

Section 1

Cli	ient:		Location (Street Name): City			City/T	own/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Surveyors Name:			Date	e:
			Land of	f New F	Road	Moret	on-in-Marsh	n-Marsh			nothy Laidler		11/04/2	2023
Start Node F Start Node D Start Node C	Depth:	ate:		1a 0.94	Finish N	ode Ref: ode Depth ode Coord			0.0	6 Directi 00 Use: Materi	C	Sha		10
Node Type	Cove	r Cond	ition	Benchii	ng Condi	tion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	n	Node Condition Remarks				
IC	+													
Drain Type	Lining	Туре	Lining Mat	. Yea	r Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		G	eneral Rema	arks		
Α						D	N	13.5						
Position (-					CD		Video R	ef	1	0m	
00.00m	IC	Start	node type	e, insp	ection o	hamber			0_0			//		
00.00m	R	S1 R	oots					S1	0_2	0:00:00		/		
01.20m	CU	S2 Lo	Loss of vision S2 0_3 0:00:10											
11.94m	CU	F2 Lc	Loss of vision F2 03 0:00:10 —											
11.94m	R	F1 R	oots					F1	02	0:00:00	_/	\	A O	1
13.50m	ICF	Finish	n node typ	e, ins	pection	chambe	er		0_99				13.5m	

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section



Descriptive Report with Remarks and Observation Images

Section 1

Pos	Video Ref		Description Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 1a	Image Provided - Ref: 0_0
00.00m	0:00:00	S1 R	Roots 0m - 11.94m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 0_2
01.20m	0:00:10	S2 CU	Loss of vision 1.2m - 11.94m Roots	Image Provided - Ref: 0_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 2 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
11.94m	0:00:10	F2 CU	Loss of vision Defect End Roots	Image Provided - Ref: 03
11.94m	0:00:00	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	
13.50m		ICF	Finish node type, inspection chamber 6	Image Provided - Ref: 0_9999

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section



Site: Land off New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh

Section 2

Start Node Ref: 1b Start Node Depth: 0.94 Finish Node Depth: 0.00 Use: C Shape: Start Node Coordinate: 1/2 Channel Condition Node Condition Remarks Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition 1/2 Channel Condition Node Condition Remarks IC Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks General Remarks C C C C C C C C C	U Height/Dia: 10 C Shape: VC Cleaned dition Remarks
Start Node Ref: 1b Finish Node Ref: 1nternal IC Direction: U Height/Distart Node Depth: 0.94 Finish Node Depth: 0.94 Finish Node Depth: 0.00 Use: C Shape: Material: VC Cleaned Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition 1/2 Channel Condition Node Condition Remarks IC Node Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length A D N 8.93 Position Code Description CD Pic Video Ref 0.000	U Height/Dia: 10 C Shape: VC Cleaned dition Remarks marks Om
Start Node Depth: 0.94 Finish Node Depth: Finish Node Depth: Finish Node Coordinate: Cleaned Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition 1/2 Channel Condition Node Condition Remarks C	C Shape: VC Cleaned dition Remarks marks Om
C	omarks Om
Position Code Description Outling Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref Outling Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref Outling Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref Outling Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref Outling Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref Outling Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref Outling Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref 1_0 00.0000 R S1 Roots S1 1_2 0:00:09 1_3 0:00:25 03.84m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_4 0:00:52 04.30m R F1 Roots F1 12 0:00:09 08.30m JN Junction 12:100mm Diameter 1_5 0:01:15 08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15	Om
A D N 8.93 Position Code Description O0.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber O0.50m LLH Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half] O3.84m DES Settled deposits fine 10% O4.30m R F1 Roots O8.30m JN Junction 12:100mm Diameter O8.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10%	Om
Position Code Description CD Pic Video Ref Or 00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 1_0 S1 1_2 0:00:09 S1 1_2 0:0	
00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 1_0 00.00m R S1 Roots S1 1_2 0:00:09 00.50m LLH Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half] 1_3 0:00:25 03.84m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_4 0:00:52 04.30m R F1 Roots F1 12 0:00:09 08.30m JN Junction 12:100mm Diameter 1_5 0:01:15 08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15	
00.00m R S1 Roots S1 1_2 0:00:09 00.50m LLH Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half] 1_3 0:00:25 03.84m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_4 0:00:52 04.30m R F1 Roots F1 12 0:00:09 08.30m JN Junction 12: 100mm Diameter 1_5 0:01:15 08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15	THE TOWN
00.50m LLH Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half] 1_3 0:00:25 03.84m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_4 0:00:52 04.30m R F1 Roots F1 12 0:00:09 08.30m JN Junction 12: 100mm Diameter 1_5 0:01:15 08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15	- ELOW
03.84m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_4 0:00:52 04.30m R F1 Roots F1 12 0:00:09 08.30m JN Junction 12:100mm Diameter 1_5 0:01:15 08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15	NO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
04.30m R F1 Roots F1 12 0:00:09 08.30m JN Junction 12:100mm Diameter 1_5 0:01:15 08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15	FLOW
08.30m JN Junction 12:100mm Diameter 1_5 0:01:15 — 08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15 —	FLOW
08.30m DES Settled deposits fine 10% 1_6 0:01:15 —	
\\	
\\	
_	
08.93m DES Settled deposits fine 30% 1_8 0:01:22 — \	~ /// ·
00 00 m 10F . Fixial and last are inventional and an	
8.	8.93m

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section

Е



Descriptive Report with Remarks and Observation Images

Section 2

Pos	Video Ref		Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 1b	Image Provided - Ref: 1_0
00.00m	0:00:09	S1 R	Roots 0m - 4.3m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 1_2
00.50m	0:00:25	LLH	Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half]	Image Provided - Ref: 1_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 6 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
03.84m	0:00:52	DES	Settled deposits fine: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 1_4
04.30m	0:00:09	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	
08.30m	0:01:15	JN	Junction at 12 o'clock: 100mm Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 1_5
08.30m	0:01:15	DES	Settled deposits fine: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 1_6

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 6 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
08.30m	0:01:15	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 1_7
08.93m	0:01:22	DES	Settled deposits fine: 30% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 1_8
08.93m		ICF	Finish node type, inspection chamber Internal IC	Image Provided - Ref: 1_9999

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 6 0 0



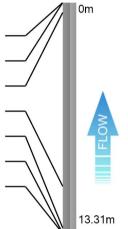
Site: Land off New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh

Section 3

Clie	nt:	Location	Name):	City/٦	own/Village	Cust Job Ref.	Surveyors Name:		:	Date	e:	
		Land o	ff New I	Road	Moret	on-in-Marsh		Timothy I	Laidler		11/04/2	2023
Start Node Re	ef:		1c	Finish N	ode Ref:			2 Direction:	U	Heig	ht/Dia:	100
Start Node Depth: 0.94			Finish N	ode Depth	:	0.0	00 Use:	С	Shap	e:	c	
Start Node Co	Start Node Coordinate:				Finish Node Coordinate:			Material:	PF	Clea	ned	N
Node Type	Cover Cond	lition	n Benching Condition			1/2 Channel Co	ondition	Node C	onditio	n Ren	narks	
IC												

Drain Type	Lining Type	Lining Mat.	Year Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length	General Remarks
Α				D	N	13.31	

- 1										
	Position	Code	Description			CD	Pic	Video Ref		0m
	00.00m	IC	Start node type,	inspection c	hamber		2_0		-///	
	00.00m	R	Roots				2_2	0:00:00	_//	
	00.57m	DES	Settled deposits	fine 10%			2_3	0:00:23	_/	
	10.60m	R	S1 Roots			S1	2_4	0:01:16	$\overline{}$	
	13.00m	DES	Settled deposits	fine 20%			2_5	0:01:28	_/	
	13.31m	R	F1 Roots			F1	24	0:01:16	-//	
	13.31m	ICF	Finish node type	, inspection	chambei		2_99		-///	1
										13.



Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section



Descriptive Report with Remarks and Observation Images

Section 3

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 1c	Image Provided - Ref: 2_0
00.00m	0:00:00	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 2_2
00.57m	0:00:23	DES	Settled deposits fine: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 2_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 5 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
10.60m	0:01:16	S1 R	Roots 10.6m - 13.31m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 2_4
13.00m	0:01:28	DES	Settled deposits fine: 20% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 2_5
13.31m	0:01:16	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	
13.31m		ICF	Finish node type, inspection chamber 2	Image Provided - Ref: 2_9999

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 5 0



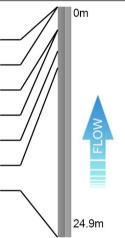
Site: Land off New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh Client: Location (Street Name): City/Town

Section 4

Client: Location (Street N			Name):	City/T	own/Village	Cus	t Job Ref.	Surveyor	s Name	:	Date	e:	
		Land o	ff New	Road	Moret	on-in-Marsh			Timothy	Laidler		11/04/2	2023
Start Node R	ef:		1d	Finish N	ode Ref:				3 Direction:	U	Heig	ht/Dia:	150
Start Node D	Start Node Depth: 0.94			Finish Node Depth: 0.00			00 Use:	С	C Shape:		c		
Start Node C	Start Node Coordinate:			Finish Node Coordinate:			Material:	PF	Clea	ined	N		
Node Type	Node Type Cover Condition Benchi			ing Condition 1/2 Channel Condition			on	Node	Conditio	n Rer	narks		
IC													

Drain Type	Lining Type	Lining Mat.	Year Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length	General Remarks
Α				D	N	24.9	

Position Co	ode Description		CD	Pic	Video Ref
00.00m IC	Start node type, in	spection chamber		3_0	
00.00m R	S1 Roots		S1	3_2	0:00:00
02.50m R	F1 Roots		F1	32	0:00:00
02.50m W	L Water level 10%			3_1	0:00:00
04.80m Cl	J S2 Loss of vision		S2	3_3	0:00:28
06.60m Cl	J F2 Loss of vision		F2	33	0:00:28
24.90m IC	F Finish node type, i	nspection chamber		3_99	



Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section



Descriptive Report with Remarks and Observation Images

Section 4

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 1d	Image Provided - Ref: 3_0
00.00m	0:00:00	S1 R	Roots 0m - 2.5m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 3_2
02.50m	0:00:00	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	
02.50m	0:00:00	WL	Water level: 10% Height/Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 3_1

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 2 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
04.80m	0:00:28	S2 CU	Loss of vision 4.8m - 6.6m	Image Provided - Ref: 3_3 23199 1d
06.60m	0:00:28	F2 CU	Loss of vision Defect End	
24.90m		ICF	Finish node type, inspection chamber 3	Image Provided - Ref: 3_9999

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 2 0 0



Section 5

	Site: Land	and off New Road, Moreton-In-Marsh										Secti	on :	
Start Node Ref: Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Coordinate: Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition IC Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. A D Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition D Node Condition D Node Condition D Node Condition Node Condition Node Condition Node Condition Node Condition Node Condition Remarks Coleaned Node Type Cover Condition D Node Condition Node Condition Remarks Coleaned Node Condition N	Clien	nt:						Cust	Job Ref.	Survey	: Da	ate:		
Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Coordinate: Node Type			Land of	ff New I	Road	Moret	on-in-Marsh					11/04	11/04/2023	
Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks A D N 1.2 Position Code Description 00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 00.00m R S1 Roots 01.15m R F1 Roots 01.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] 01.20m GYF Finish node type Gully General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref 4_0 S1 4_2 0:00:00 4_3 0:00:33 4_99	Start Node Dep	pth:			Finish N	ode Depth	de Depth: 0.00			0 Use:	С	Shape:	10	
Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks A D N 1.2 Position Code Description 00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 00.00m R S1 Roots 01.15m R F1 Roots 01.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] 01.20m GYF Finish node type Gully General Remarks CD Pic Video Ref 4_0 51 4_2 0:00:00 4_3 0:00:33 4_99	Node Type	Cover Cond	dition	Benchi	ing Condit	ion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	Condition Node Condition Ren			n Remarks		
Position Code Description O0.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber O1.15m R F1 Roots O1.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] O1.20m GYF Finish node type Gully	IC													
Position Code Description O0.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber O0.00m R S1 Roots O1.15m R F1 Roots O1.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] O1.20m GYF Finish node type Gully CD Pic Video Ref 4_0 4_0 S1 4_2 0:00:00 F1 42 0:00:00 4_3 0:00:33 4_99	Orain Type L	ining Type	Lining Mat	. Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	eral Rema	rks		
00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 00.00m R S1 Roots 01.15m R F1 Roots 01.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] 01.20m GYF Finish node type Gully	Α					D	N	1.2						
00.00m R S1 Roots S1 4_2 0:00:00 01.15m R F1 Roots F1 42 0:00:00 01.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] 4_3 0:00:33 01.20m GYF Finish node type Gully 4_99	Position Co	ode Desc	ription					CD	Pic \	/ideo Ref		0m		
01.15m R F1 Roots 01.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] 01.20m GYF Finish node type Gully F1 42 0:00:00 4_3 0:00:33 4_99	00.00m IC	Start	node type	e, insp	ection o	hamber			4_0		_/	/		
01.15m LDF Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] 4_3 0:00:33 01.20m GYF Finish node type Gully 4_99	00.00m R	S1 R	Roots					S1	4_2 (0:00:00	_/			
01.20m GYF Finish node type Gully 4_99	01.15m R	F1 R	loots					F1	42 (0:00:00	\neg			
	01.15m LE	OF Line	of drain/se	ewer c	deviates	down [f	ull]		4_3 (0:00:33	_/		>	
	01.20m G	YF Finis	h node typ	e Gul	lly				4_99		—//	\	5	
												1.211		

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section



Section 5

Pos	Video Ref		Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 1e	Image Provided - Ref: 4_0
00.00m	0:00:00	S1 R	Roots 0m - 1.15m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 4_2
01.15m	0:00:00	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	
01.15m	0:00:33	LDF	Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 4_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 2 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
01.20m		GYF	Finish node type Gully Winser trap	Image Provided - Ref: 4_9999

0 0 2 0 0



Section 6

nie. La	na o	T Ne	w Road,	Mor	eton-ı	n-Mars	sh				Section 6		
CI	ient:		Location (Street I	Name):	City/7	Town/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Survey	Surveyors Name:		
			Land off	f New F	Road	Moret	ton-in-Marsh			Timot	hy Laidler	11/0	4/2023
start Node start Node start Node	Depth:	ate:		1x 0.94					0.00 Use: C S			Shape:	: 15
Node Type	Cov	er Cond	lition	Benchi	ng Condit	tion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	on	Nod	e Conditio	n Remarks	
IC													
rain Type	Lining	Туре	Lining Mat.	Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	eral Rema	rks	
Α						D	N	0					
Position	Code	Desc	ription					CD	Pic	Video Ref		0m	
00.00m	IC	Start	node type	, insp	ection o	hamber			5_0			-	
00.00m	R	Roots	S						5_2	0:00:10	_	-	
00.00m	SA	Surve	ey abando	ned					5_99			-	
												0m	FLOW

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section

Е



Section 6

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 1x	Image Provided - Ref: 5_0
00.00m	0:00:10	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 5_2
00.00m		SA	Survey abandoned Unable to push	Image Provided - Ref: 5_9999

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section



Section 7

	dinate: 1/2 Channel	\	Job Ref. Winser tra 0.0	Timoth ap Direction: 00 Use: Material:	C Sha					
ode Ref: ode Depth ode Coord tion Weather	dinate: 1/2 Channel Flow Cont.	Conditio	0.	ap Direction: 00 Use: Material:	U He C Sha VC Cle	ight/Dia: ape: eaned	100			
ode Depthode Coordination Weather	linate: 1/2 Channel Flow Cont.	Conditio	0.	Use: Material:	C Sha	ape: eaned	(
Weather D	Flow Cont.	Length	n	Node	Condition Re	emarks				
D		Ŭ				el Condition Node Condition Remarks				
D		Ŭ								
1	N	8.2		Gene	ral Remarks					
chamber										
chamber		CD	Pic	Video Ref	1	0m				
			6_0		-//					
		S1	6_2	0:00:00	/	1				
		F1	62	0:00:00	_/					
eter			6_3	0:00:24	\neg					
left [hal	f]		6_4	0:00:33	\neg					
right [q	uarter]		6_5	0:00:41	-1/7					
tion 09-	10 5%		6_6	0:00:41	_//-	3				
tion 01-	03 5%		6_7	0:00:41	_/ /	FLOW	A .			
up [qua	rter]		6_8	0:00:45	$-/\parallel$	\				
down [d	quarter]		6_9	0:00:47	$-$ / $\!\!\!/\!\!\!/$					
			6_10	0:00:52	$\neg / $	4				
right [ha	alf]		6_11	0:00:52	—// /					
down [f	ull]		6_12	0:00:58	-//					
			6_99			8.2m				

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section

Е



Section 7

Pos	Video Ref		Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 2a	Image Provided - Ref: 6_0
00.00m	0:00:00	S1 R	Roots 0m - 1.2m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 6_2
01.20m	0:00:00	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	
03.90m	0:00:24	JN	Junction at 03 o'clock: 100mm Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 6_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 5 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
05.03m	0:00:33	LLH	Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half]	Image Provided - Ref: 6_4
06.24m	0:00:41	LRQ	Line of drain/sewer deviates right [quarter]	Image Provided - Ref: 6_5
06.24m	0:00:41	DEE	Attached deposits, encrustation from 09 o'clock to 10 o'clock: 5% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 6_6



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
06.24m	0:00:41	DEE	Attached deposits, encrustation from 01 o'clock to 03 o'clock: 5% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 6_7
06.24m	0:00:45	LUQ	Line of drain/sewer deviates up [quarter]	23199.
06.81m	0:00:47	LDQ	Line of drain/sewer deviates down [quarter]	Image Provided - Ref: 6_9

0 0 5 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
07.97m	0:00:52	S	Surface damage - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 6_10
07.97m	0:00:52	LRH	Line of drain/sewer deviates right [half]	Image Provided - Ref: 6_11
08.16m	0:00:58	LDF	Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 6_12

0 0 5 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
08.20m		GYF	Finish node type Gully Winser trap	Image Provided - Ref: 6_9999

0 0 5 0



Section 8

Oito. La	Tic. Land on New Road, Moreton					II Wiai s	211				OCC	OCCIIOII O	
Cl	lient:		Location (Street Name): City/Town/Village					Cust	Job Ref.	Surveyo	: D	Date:	
			Land o	ff New	Road	Moret	ton-in-Marsh			Timoth	11/0	11/04/2023	
Start Node Start Node Start Node	Depth:	nate:		2b 0.48	Finish N	ode Ref: ode Depth ode Coord		,	Winser trap 0.00		С	Height/Dia: Shape: Cleaned	10
Node Type	Cov	er Cond	lition	Bench	ing Condi	tion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	n	Node	e Conditio	n Remarks	1
IC													
Drain Type	Lining	д Туре	Lining Ma	t. Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	ral Rema	rks	
Α						D	N	3.55					
Position	Code	Desc	ription					CD	Pic \	/ideo Ref		0m	
00.00m	IC	Start	node type	e, insp	ection o	hamber			7_0		_/		
00.00m	R	Roots	S						7_2 (0:00:00	_//	/ 	
00.00m	DES	S1 S	ettled dep	osits	fine 10	%		S1	7_3 (0:00:02	_/	- 1	<u> </u>
02.68m	LLH	Line	of drain/s	ewer o	deviates	left [half	f]		7_4 (0:00:18	$\overline{}$		3
03.00m	DES	F1 S	ettled dep	osits	fine 10	%		F1	73 (0:00:02	_/	\	FLOW
03.36m	LDF	Line	of drain/s	ewer o	deviates	down [f	ull]		7_5 (0:00:26	_/		
03.55m	GYF	Finisl	h node ty _l	pe Gu	lly				7_99		\		
											`	3.55	5m
												0.00	2111

Total Defects for section

0

DRB Grade for Section



Section 8

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 2b	Image Provided - Ref: 7_0
00.00m	0:00:00	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 7_2
00.00m	0:00:02	S1 DES	Settled deposits fine 0m - 3m: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 7_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
02.68m	0:00:18	LLH	Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half]	Image Provided - Ref: 7_4
03.00m	0:00:02	F1 DES	Settled deposits fine Defect End: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	
03.36m	0:00:26	LDF	Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 7_5
03.55m		GYF	Finish node type Gully Winser trap	Image Provided - Ref: 7_9999

0 0 3 0 0



Section 9

Sile. La	iiiu o	II ING	w Koau	, IVIOI	eron-i	II-IVIAI S) I I					Secti	OII S
С	lient:		Location	(Street I	Name):	City/T	Town/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Survey	ors Name:	Da	ate:
			Land o	off New F	Road	Moret	ton-in-Marsh			Timoth	ny Laidler	11/04	1/2023
Start Node Start Node Start Node	Depth:	ate:				ode Ref: ode Depth ode Coord		,	Winser tra 0.0		U C VC	Shape:	10
Node Type	Cov	er Cond	lition	Benchi	ng Condit	tion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	on		e Conditio	n Remarks	
IC					0				,				
Drain Type	Lining	ј Туре	Lining Ma	t. Yea	r Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	eral Remai	'ks	
Α						D	N	0.9					
Position	Code	Desc	ription					CD	Pic	Video Ref		0m	
00.00m	IC	Start	node typ	e, insp	ection c	hamber			8_0		_/		
00.43m	LUH	Line	of drain/s	ewer c	leviates	up [half]		8_2	0:00:07			
00.67m	LDF	Line	of drain/s	ewer c	leviates	down [f	ull]		8_3	0:00:09	一)		<u> </u>
00.90m	GYF	Finis	h node ty	pe Gul	ly				8_99		\neg	, \	FLOW
												0.9n	1

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section





Section 9

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 3a	Image Provided - Ref: 8_0
00.43m	0:00:07	LUH	Line of drain/sewer deviates up [half]	Image Provided - Ref: 8_2
00.67m	0:00:09	LDF	Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 8_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 _____





Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.90m		GYF	Finish node type Gully Internal	Image Provided - Ref: 8_9999





Section 10

		II IVC	w Koad,										ion 1
CI	ient:		Location (Town/Village	Cust	Job Ref.		ors Name:	- 1	Date:
			Land of			L	ton-in-Marsh				ny Laidler		/04/2023
tart Node tart Node					Finish N	ode Ref: ode Depth			0.0	4 Direction: 0 Use:		Height/D Shape:	ia: 15
tart Node		ate:		0.40		ode Deptili ode Coord			0.0	Material:	C VC	Cleaned	
Node Type		er Cond	lition	Benchi	ng Condit		1/2 Channe	l Conditio	n	_	e Conditio		
IC					-								
rain Type	Lining	Туре	Lining Mat	. Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	eral Remai	·ks	
Α						D	N	1.63					
osition	Code	Desc	ription					CD	Pic \	Video Ref		/ 0	m
0.00m			node type	e, insp	ection o	hamber			9_0		_/	7	
0.00m			er level 5	-						0:00:00	_/	-1	
1.63m	ICF	Finisl	h node typ	e. ins	pection	chambe	er		9_99			- 1	
												1.	MOTH HETOM

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section







Section 10

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 3b	Image Provided - Ref: 9_0
00.00m	0:00:00	WL	Water level: 5% Height/Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 9_1
01.63m		ICF	Finish node type, inspection chamber 4	Image Provided - Ref: 9_9999

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 _____





Section 11

Client: Location (Street Name): Land off New Road Moreton-in-Marsh Cast Job Ref. Surveyors Name: 11/04/20/ Start Node Ref: 4a Finish Node Depth: 0.00 Use: 0.44 Finish Node Depth: 0.00 Use: 0.44 Finish Node Coordinate: Finish Node Coordinate: 0.44 Finish Node Coordinate: 0.00 Use: 0.00 Us	Sile. La	nd o	ff Nev	w Road,	Mor	eton-i	n-Mars	sh					_Se	ection	₋ 11
Start Node Ref: Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Coordinate: Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition IC Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. A Position Code Description Code Start node type, inspection chamber 00.00 Ref: Start Node Pepth: Finish Node Pepth: Finish Node Coordinate: Node Coordinate: Node Coordinate: Node Condition Node Condition Node Condition Remarks Reposition Code Code Description Code Code Code Code Code Code Code Code	С	lient:					City/T	own/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Survey	ors Name:		Date):
Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Finish Node Depth: Finish Node Coordinate: Start Node C				Land of				on-in-Marsh			<u> </u>				
Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks A D N 8.83 Position Code Description O0.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber O0.50m WL Water level 5% O8.45m SC Dimension of drain/sewer changes: 100mm O8.45m R Roots O8.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber 10_0 10_1 0:00:00 10_2 0:00:39 10_3 0:00:38 10_9	Start Node	Depth:	ate:			Finish N	ode Depth				0 Use:	С	Shap	e:	15 (
Position Code Description One of the content of th	Node Type	Cov	er Cond	lition	Bench	ing Condit	tion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	n	Node	e Condition	n Rem	arks	
Position Code Description O0.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber O0.50m WL Water level 5% O8.45m SC Dimension of drain/sewer changes: 100mm O8.45m R Roots O8.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber D N 8.83 CD Pic Video Ref 10_0 10_1 0:00:00 10_2 0:00:39 10_3 0:00:38 10_9	IC	\perp						_							
Position Code Description O0.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber O0.50m WL Water level 5% O8.45m SC Dimension of drain/sewer changes: 100mm O8.45m R Roots O8.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber CD Pic Video Ref 10_0 10_1 0:00:00 10_2 0:00:39 10_3 0:00:38 10_9	Drain Type	Lining	Туре	Lining Mat	. Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	eral Remar	ks		
00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 00.50m WL Water level 5% 08.45m SC Dimension of drain/sewer changes: 100mm 08.45m R Roots 08.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber 08.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber	Α						D	N	8.83						
00.50m WL Water level 5%	Position	Code	Desc	ription					CD	Pic	Video Ref			0m	
08.45m SC Dimension of drain/sewer changes: 100mm 10_2 0:00:39 08.45m R Roots 10_3 0:00:38 08.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber 10_9	00.00m	IC	Start	node type	e, insp	ection o	hamber			10_0		_/			
08.45m R Roots 08.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber 10_3 0:00:38 10_9	00.50m	WL	Wate	er level 5°	%					10_1	0:00:00	_/	- 1		
08.83m ICF Finish node type, inspection chamber 10_9	08.45m	SC	Dime	ension of d	lrain/s	ewer ch	anges :	100mm		10_2	0:00:39	\neg	- 1		
	08.45m	R	Roots	S						10_3	0:00:38	_/	- 1	>	
	08.83m	ICF	Finisl	h node typ	e, ins	spection	chambe	r		10_9		_//		40	A
													\mathbb{\mathbb{\gamma}}	8.83m	

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section

В



Section 11

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 4a	Image Provided - Ref: 10_0
00.50m	0:00:00	WL	Water level: 5% Height/Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 10_1
08.45m	0:00:39	SC	Dimension of drain/sewer changes: 100mm Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 10_2

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 1 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
08.45m	0:00:38	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 10_3
08.83m		ICF	Finish node type, inspection chamber 5	Image Provided - Ref: 10_9999



Section 12

CI	ient:		Location	(Street	Name):	City/T	Town/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Surveyo	ors Name	: С	ate:
			Land o	ff New	Road	Moret	ton-in-Marsh			Timoth	y Laidler	11/0	4/2023
Start Node Start Node Start Node (Depth:	nate:		5a 0.28	1	ode Ref: ode Depth ode Coord		,	Winser trap 0.00		U C VC	Height/Dia Shape: Cleaned	: 10
Node Type	Cov	er Conc	Condition Benching Condition 1/2 Channel Condition Node Condition Re								n Remarks		
IC													
Orain Type	Lining	д Туре	Lining Mat	t. Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	ral Rema	rks	
Α						D	N	4.7					
Position	Code	Desc	ription					CD	Pic \	/ideo Ref		Om	
00.00m	IC	Start	node type	e, insp	ection o	chamber			11_0		_/	/	
00.00m	R	S1 R	oots					S1	11_2 0	0:00:00	_/	-	
01.72m	JN	Junc	tion 09 :	100mr	m Diame	eter			11_3 0	0:00:12			
01.82m	R	F1 R	oots					F1	11 0	0:00:00		/	
01.82m	LLH	Line	of drain/s	ewer (deviates	left [half	f]		11_4 0	0:00:16	_/		<u>S</u>
04.51m	LDF	Line	of drain/s	ewer (deviates	down [f	ull]		11_5 0	0:00:27	$\overline{}$	-	ш
04.70m	BRF		Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full] 11_5 0:00:27 Finish node type, major connection without 11_9										
				,	.,						/		
												4.7	m

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section



Section 12

Pos	Video Ref		Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 5a	Image Provided - Ref: 11_0
00.00m	0:00:00	S1 R	Roots 0m - 1.82m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 11_2
01.72m	0:00:12	JN	Junction at 09 o'clock: 100mm Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 11_3
01.82m	0:00:00	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 2 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
01.82m	0:00:16	LLH	Line of drain/sewer deviates left [half]	Image Provided - Ref: 11_4
04.51m	0:00:27	LDF	Line of drain/sewer deviates down [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 11_5
04.70m		BRF	Finish node type, major connection without manhole Winser trap	Image Provided - Ref: 11_9999

0 0 2 0 0



Section 13

Site: La	nd o	ff Ne	w Road	l, Mo	reton-i	n-Mars	sh					Section	n 13
Cl	lient:		Location	(Street	Name):	City/T	Town/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Surveyo	rs Name:	Dat	te:
			Land o	off New	Road	Moret	ton-in-Marsh			Timothy	/ Laidler	11/04/	/2023
Start Node Start Node	Depth:	,				ode Depth			SV 0.0	00 Use:	С	Height/Dia: Shape:	10
Start Node			11.0	Б.		ode Coord		10 111		Material:		Cleaned	
Node Type IC	Cov	er Cond	dition	Bench	ing Condit	tion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	on	Node	Condition	Remarks	
Drain Type	Lining	ј Туре	Lining Ma	nt. Ye	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gener	al Remark	KS	
A				-		D	N	3					
Position	Code	Desc	ription			<u>I</u>		CD	Pic	Video Ref		Om	
00.00m			node typ	e, insp	pection o	hamber			12_0		_/		
00.76m	R	Root	S						12_2	0:00:07		-11	
01.92m	DES	Settle	ed depos	its fine	10%				12_3	0:00:14	\neg		
02.97m	LUF	Line	of drain/s	ewer	deviates	up [full]			12_4	0:00:39	\neg		3
03.00m	BRF	Finis	h node ty	pe, m	ajor coni	nection v	without		12_9		_/		2
												3m	
												V	

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section

Е



Section 13

Pos	Video Ref		Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 5b	Image Provided - Ref: 12_0
00.76m	0:00:07	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 12_2
01.92m	0:00:14	DES	Settled deposits fine: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 12_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 2 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
02.97m	0:00:39	LUF	Line of drain/sewer deviates up [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 12_4
03.00m		BRF	Finish node type, major connection without manhole SVP	Image Provided - Ref: 12_9999

0 0 2 0



Section 14

Clie	ent:		Location	(Stre	et Name):	City/T	own/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Surveyo	ors Name:	: Da	ate:
					w Road		on-in-Marsh				y Laidler		1/2023
start Node R start Node D start Node C	epth:	ate:			5c Finish No 28 Finish No Finish No				Interna 0.00	1	С	Height/Dia: Shape: Cleaned	10
lode Type	Cove	er Cond	ition	Bend	ching Conditi	on	1/2 Channel	l Conditio	n	Node	e Condition	n Remarks	
IC					-								
rain Type	Lining	Туре	Lining Mat	t. Y	ear Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	ral Remar	rks	
А						D	N	2.11					
osition (-					CD		/ideo Ref	/	0m	
0.00m l	С	Start	node type	e, in:	spection c	hamber			13_0		_/	/ 	
0.00m L	LQ	Line	of drain/se	ewe	r deviates	left [qua	rter]		13_2 (0:00:00		-	
1.24m F	3	Roots	3						13_3 (0:00:11			A
1.77m 、	JN	Junct	tion 03 : 1	100r	mm Diame	ter			13_4(0:00:15	一)		≥
1.79m l	_UF	Line	of drain/se	ewe	r deviates	up [full]			13_5 (0:00:16	_/	\ \ \ 1	FLOW
											\	2.11	m

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section

Е



Section 14

Pos	Video Ref		Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 5c	Image Provided - Ref: 13_0
00.00m	0:00:00	LLQ	Line of drain/sewer deviates left [quarter]	Image Provided - Ref: 13_2
01.24m	0:00:11	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 13_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 1 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
01.77m	0:00:15	JN	Junction at 03 o'clock: 100mm Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 13_4
01.79m	0:00:16	LUF	Line of drain/sewer deviates up [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 13_5
02.11m		BRF	Finish node type, major connection without manhole Internal	Image Provided - Ref: 13_9999

0 0 1 0 0



Section 15

Cli	ent:		Location	(Street	Name):	City/T	own/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	Survey	ors Name	: Da	ite:
			Land o	ff New	Road	Moret	on-in-Marsh			Timoth	ny Laidler	11/04	/2023
Start Node F Start Node D Start Node C	Depth:	ate:			1	ode Ref: ode Depth ode Coord		•	Blockage 0.00	1	С	Height/Dia: Shape: Cleaned	10
Node Type	Cove	er Cond	ition	Bench	ing Condit	ion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	n	•		n Remarks	
IC													
Drain Type	Lining	Туре	Lining Ma	t. Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	eral Rema	rks	
Α						D	N	3.93					
Position	Code	Desci	ription					CD	Pic \	ideo Ref		0m	
00.00m	IC	Start	node type	e, insp	ection o	hamber			14_0		_/		
00.00m	R	S1 R	oots					S1	14_2 0	0:00:00	_//		
00.00m	LLF	Line o	of drain/s	ewer (deviates	left [full]			14_3 0	:00:04	/		
00.96m	WL	Wate	r level 1	0%					14_1 0	0:00:00	_/		
02.40m	LLF	Line o	of drain/s	ewer	deviates	left [full]			14_4 0	0:00:14			
03.93m	R	F1 R	oots					F1	14 0	0:00:00	$\overline{}$		_
03.93m	DER	Settle	ed deposi	ts coa	rse 50°	%			14_5 0	0:00:44	_/		
03.93m	SA		ey abando						14_9		_\		
			.,									3.93	m

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section

Е



Section 15

Pos	Video Ref		Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 5d	Image Provided - Ref: 14_0
00.00m	0:00:00	S1 R	Roots 0m - 3.93m - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 14_2
00.00m	0:00:04	LLF	Line of drain/sewer deviates left [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 14_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 3 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.96m	0:00:00	WL	Water level: 10% Height/Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 14_1
02.40m	0:00:14	LLF	Line of drain/sewer deviates left [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 14_4
03.93m	0:00:00	F1 R	Roots Defect End - Severity 3	
03.93m	0:00:44	DER	Settled deposits coarse: 50% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 14_5

0 0 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
03.93m		SA	Survey abandoned Blockage	Image Provided - Ref: 14_9999

0 0 0 0



Section 16

	Site. La	iiiu 0	II INC	w Rudu	, IVIOI	CIOII-I	i i-ivial S) i i					3601	1011 10
Start Node Ref: Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Start Node Coordinate: Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition IC Drain Type Lining Type Lining Type Lining Type Lining Type Start node type, inspection chamber 0.000 DES S1 Settled deposits fine 0.000 DER Settled deposits coarse 0.000 S2 Loss of vision CU S2 Loss of vision CO S1 Settled deposits fine 0.000 S2 Settled deposits fine 0.000 S2 Settled deposits fine 0.000 S2 Settled deposits fine 0.000 S3 Settled deposits fine 0.000 S4 Settled deposits fine 0.000 S5 Settled deposits fine 0.000 S6 Tom CU S2 Loss of vision CD	Cl	lient:					City/T	own/Village	Cust	Job Ref.	_		:	Date:
Start Node Depth: Start Node Depth: Finish Node Depth: Finish Node Coordinate: Shape: Cleaned Node Type Cover Condition Benching Condition 1/2 Channel Condition Node Condition Remarks IC Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks A D N 6.72 Position Code Description CD Pic Video Ref 15_0 00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 15_0 00.60m DER Settled deposits fine 10% S1 15_2 0:00:00 00.86m R Roots 15_4 0:00:18 01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision S2 15_5 0:00:24 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00 06.73m SA Surroy abandoned 15_0 Santa Surroy abandoned 15_0 0.00 Use: C Shape: C				Land o			<u> </u>	on-in-Marsh						
Drain Type	Start Node	Depth:	ate:			Finish N	ode Depth			_	0 Use:	С	Shape:	a: 10 (1
Drain Type Lining Type Lining Mat. Year Const. Weather Flow Cont. Length General Remarks A D N 6.72 Position Code Description O0.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber O0.00m DES S1 Settled deposits fine 10% O0.60m DER Settled deposits coarse 70% O0.86m R Roots O0.86m R Roots O0.86m CU S2 Loss of vision S2 15_5 0:00:24 O6.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:00 O6.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	Node Type	Cov	er Cond	ition	Bench	ing Condit	tion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	n	Node	e Conditio	n Remarks	
Position Code Description CD Pic Video Ref 00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 15_0 00.00m DES S1 Settled deposits fine 10% S1 15_2 0:00:00 00.60m DER Settled deposits coarse 70% 15_3 0:00:16 00.86m R Roots 15_4 0:00:18 01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision S2 15_5 0:00:24 06.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:24 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	IC													
Position Code Description 00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 15_0 00.00m DES S1 Settled deposits fine 10% S1 15_2 0:00:00 00.60m DER Settled deposits coarse 70% 15_3 0:00:16 00.86m R Roots 15_4 0:00:18 01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision S2 15_5 0:00:24 06.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:24 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	Drain Type	Lining	ј Туре	Lining Ma	t. Yea	ar Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	ral Rema	rks	
00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 15_0 00.00m DES S1 Settled deposits fine 10% S1 15_2 0:00:00 00.60m DER Settled deposits coarse 70% 15_3 0:00:16 00.86m R Roots 15_4 0:00:18 01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision S2 15_5 0:00:24 06.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:00 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	Α						D	N	6.72					
00.00m DES S1 Settled deposits fine 10% 00.60m DER Settled deposits coarse 70% 00.86m R Roots 15_4 0:00:18 01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision S2 15_5 0:00:24 06.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:24 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% 06.72m SA Surrow shordened 15_0	Position	Code	Desc	ription					CD	Pic	Video Ref		0m	า
00.60m DER Settled deposits coarse 70% 00.86m R Roots 15_3 0:00:16 01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision 52 15_5 0:00:24 06.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:24 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	00.00m	IC	Start	node typ	e, insp	ection o	hamber			15_0		_/		
00.86m R Roots 01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision 06.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:24 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	00.00m	DES	S1 S	ettled dep	osits	fine 10	%		S1	15_2	0:00:00	_/		
01.50m CU S2 Loss of vision S2 15_5 0:00:24 06.70m CU F2 Loss of vision F2 15 0:00:24 06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% 15_0	00.60m	DER	Settle	ed deposi	ts coa	rse 70	%			15_3 (0:00:16	_/		A
06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	00.86m	R	Roots	S						15_4	0:00:18	_//	/ III	>
06.72m DES F1 Settled deposits fine 10% F1 15 0:00:00	01.50m	CU	S2 Lo	oss of vis	ion				S2	15_5 (0:00:24	/	- 11 4	0
06.70m CA Survey chandened	06.70m	CU	F2 Lo	oss of visi	on				F2	15 (0:00:24	$\overline{}$	- 1	
06.72m SA Survey abandoned 15_9	06.72m	DES	F1 S	ettled dep	osits t	fine 10	%		F1	15 (0:00:00	_/		
6.72m	06.72m	SA	Surve	ev aband	oned					15 9			// 	

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section



Descriptive Report with Remarks and Observation Images

Section 16

Pos	Video Ref	•	Description Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 6a	Image Provided - Ref: 15_0
00.00m	0:00:00	S1 DES	Settled deposits fine 0m - 6.72m: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 15_2
00.60m	0:00:16	DER	Settled deposits coarse: 70% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 15_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 4 0 0



Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.86m	0:00:18	R	Roots - Severity 3	Image Provided - Ref: 15_4
01.50m	0:00:24	S2 CU	Loss of vision 1.5m - 6.7m	Image Provided - Ref: 15_5
06.70m	0:00:24	F2 CU	Loss of vision Defect End	
06.72m	0:00:00	F1 DES	Settled deposits fine Defect End: 10% Cross sectional area loss - Severity 3	
06.72m		SA	Survey abandoned Blockage	Image Provided - Ref: 15_9999 23199 6a

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 4 0 0



Site: Land off New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh

Section 17

J. 101	<u></u>	1 140	w Road										
Clie	Client: Locati		Location (Street Name): City/Town/Village		Cust	Job Ref.	Surveyors Name:		Da	Date:			
			Land o	off N	ew Road	Moret	on-in-Marsh			Timoth	y Laidler	11/04	/2023
Start Node R Start Node D Start Node C	epth:	nte:	0.65 Finish No			ish Node Ref: Internal SVP ish Node Depth: 0.00 ish Node Coordinate:				U C VC	Height/Dia: Shape: Cleaned	100 C	
Node Type	Cove	r Cond	ition	Ве	nching Condit	ion	1/2 Channe	l Conditio	on	Node	Condition	Remarks	
IC													
Orain Type	Lining	Туре	Lining Ma	ıt.	Year Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	ral Remar	ks	
Α						D	N	1.72					
Position C	Code	Desci	ription					CD	Pic V	ideo Ref		0m	
00.00m l	С	Start	node typ	e, i	nspection c	hamber			16_0		_/		
00.28m J	JN	Junct	ion 09 :	100	mm Diame	ter			16_2 0	0:00:12	_/		
01.14m L	_UF	Line	of drain/s	ew	er deviates	up [full]			16_3 0	0:00:17	\neg	ш.	
01.72m E	3RF	Finish	n node ty	pe,	major conr	nection v	vithout		16_9			NO III	

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section





Descriptive Report with Remarks and Observation Images

Section 17

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 6b	Image Provided - Ref: 16_0
00.28m	0:00:12	JN	Junction at 09 o'clock: 100mm Diameter	Image Provided - Ref: 16_2
01.14m	0:00:17	LUF	Line of drain/sewer deviates up [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 16_3

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 _____





Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
01.72m		BRF	Finish node type, major connection without manhole Internal SVP	Image Provided - Ref: 16_9999 23199 6b

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section





Site: Land off New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh

Section 18

Cli	ent:		Location (Street Name): City/Tow			own/Village	Cust	t Job Ref. Surveyors Name:		:	Date	э:		
			Land o	ff New	Road	Moret	on-in-Marsh			Timoth	y Laidler		11/04/2	2023
Start Node Ref: Start Node Depth: Start Node Coordinate: 6c Finish Node Ref 0.65 Finish Node De Finish Node Co						ode Depth:			Internal 0.00	Direction: Use: Material:	U C VC	_		100 C N
Node Type	_	r Cond	ition	Bench	ning Condit		1/2 Channe	l Conditio	on		e Conditio			
IC														
Drain Type	Lining ⁻	Туре	Lining Mar	t. Ye	ear Const.	Weather	Flow Cont.	Length		Gene	ral Rema	rks		
Α						D	N	3.45						
Position (Code	Desci	ription					CD	Pic V	ideo Ref		$\overline{/}$	0m	
00.00m	IC	Start	node type	e, ins	pection c	hamber			17_0		_/			
03.07m l	LUF	Line o	of drain/s	ewer	deviates	up [full]			17_2 0	:00:17	\neg			
Position Code Description 00.00m IC Start node type, inspection chamber 03.07m LUF Line of drain/sewer deviates up [full] 03.45m BRF Finish node type, major connection w						vithout		17_9				3.45m		

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section





Descriptive Report with Remarks and Observation Images

Section 18

Pos	Video Ref	Code	Description	Image
00.00m		IC	Start node type, inspection chamber 6c	Image Provided - Ref: 17_0
03.07m	0:00:17	LUF	Line of drain/sewer deviates up [full]	Image Provided - Ref: 17_2
03.45m		BRF	Finish node type, major connection without manhole Internal	Image Provided - Ref: 17_9999

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section

0 0 _____





Plan of Site



Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section





A guide to defects and other observations in drainage systems

More detailed information can be found in the National Standard (BS EN 13508-1:2003) and in the Manual of Sewer Condition Classification (MSCC) 5th Edition, written by the Water Research Centre (WRc).

Use						
Code Description						
С	Combined					
F	Foul					
S	Surface Water					
Т	Trade Effulent					
W	Culverted Watercourse					
Z	Other					

Common Materials						
Code Description						
VC	Vitrified Clay					
PVC	Polyvinyl Chloride					
СО	Concrete					
CI	Cast Iron					
PF	Pitch Fibre					
PE	Polyethylene					
DI	Ductile Iron					

Start Node	Description	Finish Node
MH	Manhole	MHF
IC	Inspection Chamber	ICF
GY	Gulley	GYF
RE	Rodding Eye	REF
SK	Soakaway	SKF
BN	Buchan Trap	BNF
BR	Major Connection without Ref	BRF
СР	Cacth Pit	CPF
OC	Other Special Chamber	OCF
OF	Outfall	OFF
OS	Oil Seperator	OSF
WR	Major Connection without mh	WRF
LH	Lamphole	LHF

Code	Observation	Description	Attributes	
В	Broken	Pieces pipe have visibly moved	Defined by clock references. Associated with deformity in rigid pipe	
CC CL CM CR	Cracks	Cracks are break lines that are not visibly open	Defined by clock reference position/s. Longitudinal and radiating cracks attract only one clock reference	
CN	Connection	Lateral pipe has been connected after original construction	Described by clock reference position and diameter	

Total Defects for section DRB Grade for Section





CX(I)	Defective Connection (Intruding)	Defective by intrusion or damage due to factors including: cracks, fractures, obstruction, position etc	Described by clock reference position and diameter (+ % intrusion)	
CU	Loss of Vision	Lens of camera is obscured by debris, water etc. Operator is unable to see drain clearly	'W' can be added if loss of vision is due to wate	
D	Deformed	Pipe has lost its structure	Described by percentage loss of height or width. Recorded in 5% increments	20%
DEE	Deposits Encrustation	Eg. Attached scale deposits evident	Described by clock referenced position and percentage loss of cross- sectional area (5% increments)	10%
DEG	Deposits Grease	Attached grease deposits evident	Described by clock referenced position and percentage loss of cross- sectional area (5% increments)	20%
DER DES	Deposits Coarse/Fine	Settled deposits on the invert of the pipe.	Described by percentage loss of height or diameter. Recorded in 5% increments.	10% 20% 35%
FC FL FM FR	Fractures	Fractures are visibly open. Pieces of pipe have not moved	Defined by clock reference position/s. Longitudinal and radiating fractures attract only one clock reference	
н	Holes	Section of pipe fabric is missing	Defined by clock reference location. Normally two clock references	O.A.
ı	Infiltration	Water is infiltrating the pipe, normally via a joint but could be via another defect	Can be described in Remarks using terms such as Seeper, Dripper and Runner	O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D
JDL	Joint Displaced Large	Pipe has moved at joint, perpendicular to axis of pipe	More than 1.5 times the pipe wall thickness must be visible	

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section





JDM	Joint Displaced Medium	Pipe has moved at joint, perpendicular to axis of pipe	Between 1 and 1.5 times the pipe wall thickness must be visible	
JN	Junction	Lateral pipe was installed at construction	Described by clock reference position and diameter	
JX	Defective Junction	Lateral pipe was installed at construction but is defective in some way	Joint can be defective due to factors including: cracks, fractures, obstruction, position etc	
LD LU LL LR	Line Deviation	LD = Line Down, LU = Line Up, LL = Line Left, LR = Line Right. Not related to CIPP lining.	Additional modifiers are added: Q = Quarter (22.5), H = Half (45), F = Full (90). In degrees.	
LC	Lining Changes	If the drain is lined, the lining material has changed	Position of lining material change	
МС	Material Change	The pipe material has changed	Position of change is noted. Type of material change can be defined	
ОВ	Obstruction/Ob stacle	An obstruction or obstacle is affecting the flow through the pipe	Described in percentage loss of cross-sectional area	30%
OJL	Open Joint Large	Pipe has moved at joint, along the axis of pipe	More than 1.5 times the pipe wall thickness must be visible	
OJM	Open Joint Medium	Pipe has moved at joint, along the axis of pipe	Between 1 and 1.5 times the pipe wall thickness must be visible	9
PC	Pipe Length Changes	Length of individual pipe changes	New length described at this position	8

Total Defects for section

DRB Grade for Section



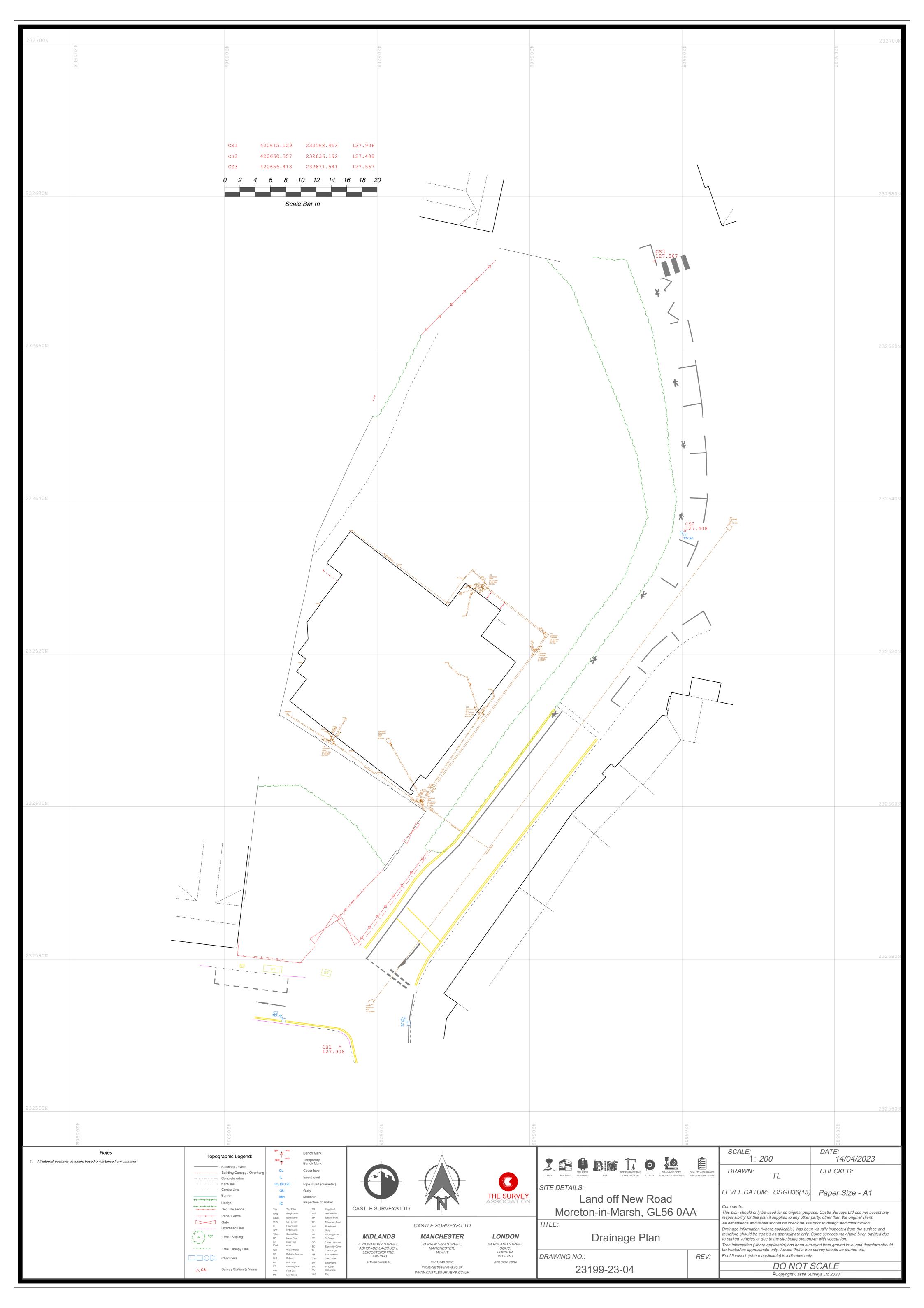
0 0 0 0



		1		
R	Roots	Evidence of root ingress	Roots will normally infiltrate via bad joints, cracks, fractures, breaks etc	
REM	Remark	General remark	Used for additional information	
s	Surface Damage	This might include corrosion, spalling and chemical attack	Position only. Additional information can be added in Remarks	
SA	Survey Abandoned	Used when a survey cannot continue for any reason	The reason for abandoning a survey should be noted in the remarks area	
sc	Shape Changes	Dimension of drain changes	Diameter dimension change recorded. Second dimension is recorded for no circular pipe changes	
SR	Sealing Ring	Sealing ring intrudes into pipe at joint	Described by clock reference position	
v	Vermin	Evidence of Vermin in pipe	Can also be used for evidence within manhole etc	
WL	Water Level	Used to record changes in water level. Always shown at the beginning of every survey, if dry noted as 00.	Described by percentage of height or diameter. Recorded in 5% increments	25% 50% 75%
XP	Collapsed	Drain is suffering from complete loss of structural integrity. Always followed by SA - Survey Abandoned	Percentage loss of cross- sectional area is recorded. Other related structural defects are not recorded	80%







ECOLOGY PRELIMINARY APPRIASAL

Prepared by Seasons Ecology Ref: SEB2645-01 V2

Date: Sept/Dec 2022





Land at Station Road, Moreton in Marsh

Preliminary Ecology Appraisal

September/December 2022

Client: Greenman

Environmental Management Report Ref: SEB2645_01 V2

Author: Kate Hayward

MCIEEM

www.seasonsecology.co.uk



Non-Technical Summary

Site Location	Land at Station Road, Moreton in Marsh (central grid reference: SP 20634	
	32634).	
Scope of Works	Preliminary Ecology Appraisal comprising a habitat survey and preliminary bat roost assessment, supplemented with a desk study.	
Survey Methods	The habitat survey was undertaken with reference to UKHab (2020) and CIEEN (2018) and preliminary bat roost assessment was undertaken with reference to BCT (2016).	
Lead Personnel	Kate Hayward MCIEEM and Callum Pearson Qualifying CIEEM.	
Site Description	The site is situated within the town of Moreton in Marsh, Gloucestershire. Directly to the east is Station Road and Moreton in Marsh train station and car park. Directly to the north, south and west are the rear gardens of adjacent residential properties.	
	The site is approximately 0.26ha in size and comprises a derelict building and a car park overgrown with dense scrub and ruderal vegetation. Trees are scattered across the site and along the boundaries. Hedgerows partially enclose the site.	
	With consideration to protected/notable species:	
	 The derelict building offers Low suitability to roosting bats and the habitats on site contribute a small area of low to moderate-quality foraging and commuting habitats for bats. 	
	 The derelict building, trees, hedgerow and dense scrub on site offer suitability to nesting birds. 	
	 The site offers a small area of foraging and commuting habitats for badger. 	
	 The site has suitability to support low numbers of common and widespread species of reptiles, amphibians and small mammals. 	
The Proposal	The site is the subject of a planning proposal for redevelopment with the construction of a car park and sustainable transport hub to serve Moreton in Marsh railway station.	
Recommendations	A bat roost survey is recommended of the derelict building (one and two-storey brick sections only).	
	A nesting bird check should be undertaken if building demolition is carried out within the nesting bird season.	
	General protection measures have been provided for site clearance and construction to protect wildlife.	
	Recommendations have been provided for sensitive lighting and biodiversity enhancements.	



Contents

Non-Technical Summary	
1. Introduction	2
1.1 Background	2
1.2 Scope and Objectives of Survey	2
1.3 Personnel	2
2. Legislation and Planning Policy	2
3. Desk Study	3
3.1 Method	3
3.2 Results	3
0.2	•
4. Survey	5
a a sautud	_
4.1 Methods	5
4.2 Site/Habitat Descriptions4.3 Suitability to Protected/Notable Species	5 7
4.3 Suitability to Protected/Notable Species	,
5. Evaluation	8
6. Recommendations	9
6.2 Further Surveys	9
6.3 General Protection Measures	9
6.4 Lighting	9
6.5 Biodiversity Enhancements	9
7. Annexes	11
Annex 1: Legislation and Planning Policy	11
Annex 2: Habitat Map (September 2022)	16
Annex 3: Site Photographs (September 2022)	

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1 In September 2022, Seasons Ecology was instructed by Greenman Environmental Management, on behalf of their client, to undertake a Preliminary Ecology Appraisal of Land at Station Road, Moreton in Marsh (central grid reference: SP 20634 32634). The Preliminary Ecology Appraisal consisted of a habitat survey and preliminary bat roost assessment, supplemented with a desk study.
- 1.1.2 The site is the subject of a planning proposal for redevelopment with the construction of a car park and sustainable transport hub to serve Moreton in Marsh railway station.

1.2 Scope and Objectives of Survey

- 1.2.1 The survey was undertaken to identify and record the habitats on site and to assess the potential of the site to support protected/notable species. The purpose of the survey is to make known any ecological constraints or considerations that may be relevant to the proposal.
- 1.2.2 This report is based on the findings of a survey undertaken on 27th September 2022 and 1st December 2022.
- 1.2.3 The report is supported by the following:
 - Annex 1: Summary of Legislation and Planning Policy
 - Annex 2: Habitat Map.
 - Annex 3: Site Photographs.

1.3 Personnel

- 1.3.1 The survey was led by Principal Ecologist, Kate Hayward MCIEEM, who has produced this report. Kate has over 20 years' experience as a consultant ecologist and holds survey licences for bats and great crested newt.
- 1.3.2 The survey was assisted by Callum Pearson, Consultant Ecologist, and qualifying member of the Chartered Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management (CIEEM). The survey was assisted by Emma Shaw.

2. Legislation and Planning Policy

2.1.1 This report has been compiled with reference to relevant legislation and national planning policies, which protect wildlife. Annex 1 provides a brief summary of this legislation and policy.

3.1 Method

- 3.1.1 A web-based desk study was undertaken in September 2022 prior to the initial site visit to provide local information that may be relevant to the proposal. The following online resources were consulted:
 - The Multi-Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside (MAGIC) website¹, to obtain information on:
 - Statutory conservation designations within 2km of the site and within 4km in respect to bats.
 - Impact Risk Zones and Bat Consultation Zones relevant to the site.
 - Details of European Protected Species licences issued within 2km of the site.
 - Other relevant species information.
 - Priority Habitats on or adjacent to the site.
 - Google Maps², to view aerial photographs, maps and mapnik data, to assess the ecological context of the site.

3.2 Results

Statutory Conservation Designations

- 3.2.1 There are no statutory conservation designations within 2km of the site, the closest being Wolford Wood and Old Covert Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), located approximately 2.6km to the east of the site.
- 1.1.1 There are no statutory designations within 4km with bats as a primary feature.
 - Impact Risk Zones and Bat Consultation Zones
- 3.2.2 The site lies within SSSI Impact Risk Zones (IRZ). This requires consultation with Natural England for aviation proposals, quarries and industrial/agricultural developments. Consultation for this site is therefore unlikely to be required.
- 3.2.3 The site does not lie within a Bat Consultation Zone.
 - **European Protected Species Licences**
- 3.2.4 There are three European Protected Species licences that have been issued for locations within 2km of the site. Two licences are for great crested newt *Triturus cristatus* for locations 800m to the north-east and 1km to the east, and one licence is for common pipistrelle bat *Pipistrellus pipitrellus* for a location 1.9km to the east.

¹ http://www.magic.gov.uk/MagicMap.aspx

² http://acme.com/planimeter/

Other Relevant Species Information

- 3.2.5 There are two ponds within 2km of the site which have been included in the Natural England 2017-2019 great crested newt pond surveys. One pond is located approximately 1.6km to the north-west of the site and was confirmed absent of great crested newt. One pond is located approximately 1km to the south-east of the site. The result for this pond was inconclusive.
- 3.2.6 There are four great crested newt class survey licence returns within 2km of the site. All four licence returns are between 900m and 1.4km to the east of the site.

Priority Habitats

3.2.7 There are no Priority Habitats listed on the Priority Habitats Inventory located on or adjacent to the site. The nearest is an area of Deciduous Woodland located approximately 250m to the west of the site.

Ecological Context

- 3.2.8 The site is situated within the town of Moreton in Marsh, Gloucestershire. Directly to the east is Station Road and Moreton in Marsh train station and car park. Directly to the north, south and west are the rear gardens of adjacent residential properties. Beyond these immediate surroundings in all directions is the wider town of Moreton in Marsh with its associated residential properties and local amenities. There are a number of green and recreational areas within the vicinity, including Queen Victoria's Gardens approximately 200m to the north-west, allotments approximately 500m to the south and St David's C of E Primary School with its associated playing grounds and fields, approximately 300m to the south.
- 3.2.9 There are four ponds evident within 500m of the site. These are located approximately 240m to the north-west (within a housing estate), 280m to the south (within St David's C of E Primary School), 310m to the north-east and 490m to the south-east (adjacent to Parkers Lane and Fosse Way Road).
- 3.2.10 A tributary of the river Evenlode lies approximately 70m to the east of the site, beyond the railway line.

4.1 Methods

Habitat Survey

4.1.1 A systematic walkover of the site was undertaken on 27th September 2022. Notes were taken on the habitats present and their suitability to support protected and notable species. Any incidental evidence of protected and notable species was noted. The survey was carried out with reference to UKHab Classification (2020)³, CIEEM 2018⁴ and BS 42020:2013 *Biodiversity – Code of Practice for Planning and Development* (BSI 2013).

Preliminary Bat Roost Assessment

- 4.1.2 Concurrent with the habitat survey, the buildings and trees on site were assessed for their suitability to roosting bats. This assessment considers the presence of potential roosting features on buildings such as cracks in walls, gaps under tiles and gaps at the roofline and the internal conditions. Features on the trees, such as fissures, rot holes, hollow branches and ivy cover, were noted. The buildings and trees are then assessed as *Negligible, Low, Moderate* or *High* suitability based on the presence of suitable features. The assessment was undertaken with reference to BCT (2016)⁵.
- 4.1.3 On 1st December, an internal inspection of the buildings on site was undertaken to search for evidence of roosting bats. This evidence includes bat droppings, feeding remains, scratch marks, staining and actual bats.

Constraints to Survey

4.1.4 The survey is not able to record flora or fauna that may appear on the site at other times of the year and were therefore not evident at the time of the survey.

4.2 Site/Habitat Descriptions

- 4.2.1 The site is approximately 0.26ha in size and comprises a derelict building and a car park overgrown with dense scrub and ruderal vegetation. Trees are scattered across the site and along the boundaries. Hedgerows partially enclose the site. Heras-type fencing has been erected around the site to prevent unauthorised access.
- 4.2.2 The distribution and extent of habitats are shown on the habitat map at Annex 2. Site photographs are provided at Annex 3.

³ The UK Habitat Classification Version 1.1 (UKHab) (2020). Butcher, B., Carey, P., Edmonds, R., Norton, L. and Treweek, J.

⁴ CIEEM (2018) *Guidelines for Preliminary Ecological Appraisal*. Chartered Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management, Winchester.

⁵ Bat Surveys for Professional Ecologists: Good Practice Guidelines (BCT, 2016). Collins. Third Edition.

Buildings

- 4.2.3 A derelict building is located in the southern half of the site. It has a footprint of approximately 600m². The main building is one and two-storeys, with rendered brick walls and a cross-hipped, clay-tiled roof. There are two copulas on the roof of the one-storey section. There are two single-storey, flat, felt-roofed sections. All ground floor windows are boarded up with metal panels. The first-floor windows of the main building are uPVC-framed. There are a combination of timber soffits (main building) and plastic fascia boarding (flat roof sections).
- 4.2.4 The rendered brick walls have no gaps or cracks. The plastic fascia boarding (flat roof sections) is in good condition and well-sealed to the external walls. The flat, felt roofs have no gaps. The uPVC-framed windows on the first floor of the main building are well-sealed to the surrounding walls.
- 4.2.5 There is a missing section of timber soffit on the north-east elevation of the main building (Target Note 1, Annex 2). Several missing and broken roof tiles are visible on the roof, particularly on the north-east facing roof pitch (Target Note 2, Annex 2). A vent is located on the north-west elevation gable end of the main building with broken slats (Target Note 3, Annex 2).
- 4.2.6 Internally, there are two roof spaces in the main building, one above the two-storey section and one above the single-storey section. The roof space of the two-storey section is approximately 12m in length by 6m wide. It has a lath and plaster floor with traditional Bitumen-type liner below the roof tiles. There is no daylight entering from the outside and there are extensive spiders' webs spanning the entire roof space. No evidence of roosting bats was found in this roof space. The roof space above the one-storey section is entirely boarded and well-sealed other than the two copulas. The roof space was once open to the ground floor below, but there is now a suspended ceiling, which has missing panels. As a result, the roof space is well-lit and draughty.

Developed Land, Sealed Surface

4.2.7 Hard-standing covers the majority of the site, previously functioning as a car park. There is litter scattered across the car park.

<u>Dense Scrub and Ruderal Vegetation</u>

4.2.8 Dense scrub and ruderal vegetation are encroaching across the car park. Bramble Rubus fruticosus agg. is dominant with dog-rose Rosa canina, butterfly-bush Buddleja davidii, privet Ligustrum species, hawthorn Crataegus monogyna and elder Sambucus nigra, and dandelion Taraxacum species, ragwort Senecio species, cock's-foot Dactylis glomerata, common cat's-ear Hypochaeris radicata, Canada goldenrod Solidago canadensis, biting stonecrop Sedum acre, crane's-bills Geranium species and ivy Hedera helix.

Trees

- 4.2.9 Scattered immature trees grow across the car park. Species include silver birch *Betula pendula*, goat willow *Salix caprea*, bay willow *S. pentandra* and sycamore *Acer pseudoplatanus*.
- 4.2.10 One mature sycamore is located along the east boundary and three mature sycamore are located along the north-west boundary.

Hedgerows

4.2.11 An overgrown native hedgerow encloses the east side of the site, between the site and the adjacent Station Road. Species include holly *Ilex aquifolium*, ash *Fraxinus excelsior*, privet, sycamore, hawthorn and hazel *Corylus avellana*.

4.3 Suitability to Protected/Notable Species

- 4.3.1 The site contains a derelict building, a car park with dense scrub and ruderal vegetation, scattered trees and hedgerow. The site has suitability to the following protected/notable species:
 - Flora No notable species of flora were recorded on site at the time of the survey and no non-native invasive species listed on Schedule 9 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) were identified. The site has low floristic diversity and is unlikely to support notable flora.
 - Bats The derelict building is assessed Low suitability to roosting bats due to the presence of a low number of external potential bat roosting features, including a broken section of soffit, misplaced and broken roof tiles and a vent (Target Notes 1-3). No evidence of roosting bats was found within the two roof spaces, and these are unlikely to support roosting bats being well-sealed, with the roof space above the one-storey section also being well-lit and draughty.

The single-storey flat-roofed sections are assessed as *Negligible* suitability to roosting bats with no features identified and being entirely boarded-up.

There are no trees on site supporting potential bat roosting features. Trees are assessed as *Negligible* suitability to roosting bats.

The site provides a small area of low to moderate-quality foraging and commuting habitats for bats, in combination with the surrounding habitats of residential gardens and green spaces.

Referring to the desk study, there is one record for common pipistrelle for a location 1.9km to the east. There are no statutory designations with bats as a primary feature within 4km of the site and the site does not lie within a Bat Consultation Zone.

- Nesting birds No birds' nests were identified on site. The derelict building has low
 suitability to nesting birds along the roofline of the main building, including the missing
 section of soffit. The vegetation across the site offers nesting habitat for birds.
- Badger No evidence of badger activity (latrines, dung, hair or prints for example) was
 recorded on site. The site offers a small area of foraging and commuting habitats for
 badger, provided by the dense scrub and east-boundary hedgerow.
- Reptiles and amphibians The small mosaic of hard-standing, dense scrub, ruderal
 vegetation and hedgerow provides basking, refuge and foraging habitats suitable to
 support low numbers of common and widespread species of reptiles and amphibians.
 However, the site is relatively isolated by urban habitats.

With consideration to the potential for the fully protected great crested newt to utilise the site, there is no standing water present on site to offer aquatic habitat, but there are four water bodies evident within 500m of the site, including one water body located just within 250m of the site. There are local records for this species within 2km, located between 800m and 1.4km from the site. These records are for locations to the north-east and east of the site. Between the site and these locations are significant barriers to the migration of great crested newt, including roads, a railway line, train station and car park. Given these intervening barriers, the small size of the site and the distance of the nearest pond and local record for this species (240m and 800m away), it is considered that there is negligible likelihood of great crested newt utilising the habitats on site.

• Small mammals – The habitats on site offer a small area of foraging, commuting and refuge for common and widespread species of small mammals, including hedgehog *Erinaceus europaeus*.

The scrub and hedgerow on site offer suitable habitats to dormouse *Muscardinus* avellanarius. However, with consideration to the urban location of the site, presence of barriers and distance to woodland and hedgerow habitats, there is negligible likelihood of dormouse utilising the habitats on site.

A tributary of the river Evenlode lies approximately 70m to the east of the site. This watercourse may offer suitable habitats to water vole *Arvicola amphibius* and otter *Lutra lutra*. However, significant barriers lie between the site and this watercourse, including Station Road, the train station, railway line and car park. Therefore, whilst the site offers suitable refuge habitats to otter, there is negligible likelihood of otter utilising the habitats on site. The site supports no suitable habitats for water vole.

5. Evaluation

- 5.1.1 The site is a small, urban site supporting a low diversity of habitats. Recent neglect has allowed an element of naturalness to develop, provided by the scrub, ruderal vegetation and immature trees, which have encroached across the site. The east-bounding hedgerow and trees have intrinsic value.
- 5.1.2 The majority of the site has value within the immediate zone of influence only and is assessed as Site value. The mature trees and hedgerow have value beyond the site boundaries, contributing to the local urban green network, and are assessed as Local value.
- 1.1.2 There are no statutory designations within 2km of the site and no statutory designations within 4km with bats as a primary feature. There are no SSSI IRZs relevant to the site and the site does not lie within a Bat Consultation Zone.
- 5.1.3 With consideration to protected/notable species:
 - The derelict building offers *Low* suitability to roosting bats and the habitats on site contribute a small area of low to moderate-quality foraging and commuting habitats for bats
 - The derelict building, trees, hedgerow and dense scrub on site offer suitability to nesting birds.
 - The site offers a small area of foraging and commuting habitats for badger.
 - The site has suitability to support low numbers of common and widespread species of reptiles, amphibians and small mammals.

- 6.1.1 The site is the subject of a planning proposal for redevelopment with the construction of a car park and sustainable transport hub to serve Moreton in Marsh railway station.
- 6.1.2 With consideration to the proposal, the following is recommended:

6.2 Further Surveys

Roosting Bats

- 6.2.1 Based on the assessed *Low* suitability of the derelict building to roosting bats, it is recommended that at least one bat survey is undertaken of the derelict building between May and September, to assess the presence of bat roosts, the status of any roosts found, and the numbers and species of bats.
- 6.2.2 The survey information should be used to inform the approach to works, including licencing requirements, and mitigation and compensation measures.
- 6.2.3 The single-storey, flat-roofed sections have no suitability to roosting bats and there are no constraints to their removal.

6.3 General Protection Measures

- 6.3.1 The following general protection measures are recommended.
 - <u>Habitat Retention and Protection</u> The mature trees and hedgerow should be retained and protected during construction works.
 - Habitat Removal The site is suitable to support low numbers of common and widespread species of reptiles. It is therefore recommended that a precautionary, two-phased approach to clearance of the site is taken. Above ground vegetation should be cut to near ground level between November and February, to avoid the nesting bird season, and then remaining vegetation should be removed between March and September, when reptiles are active. For any reptiles found, these should be relocated to nearby council-owned land, which offers suitable reptile habitat (Blenheim Meadows).
 - Building demolition should be undertaken outside of the nesting bird season (usually the
 nesting bird season is from March to August). If this season cannot be avoided, then a preworks nesting bird check should be carried out by an experienced Ecological Clerk of
 Works.
 - <u>Trap Hazards</u> During construction works, any trenches left open overnight should include a means of escape for animals. A plank angled from the bottom to the top of the trench, will allow animals (such as badger and hedgehog) to escape.

6.4 Lighting

6.4.1 New lighting should avoid increasing light spill onto retained habitats (trees and hedgerow).

6.5 Biodiversity Enhancements

6.5.1 Proposed redevelopment of the site provides opportunity to enhance the site to local wildlife including bats, birds, reptiles, amphibians, small mammals and invertebrates. The following biodiversity enhancements are suggested:

- Provision of bat roosting opportunities. Bat boxes could be attached to retained mature trees on site. These should be positioned between 3m and 5m off the ground and facing south-east to south-west.
- Provision of bird nesting opportunities. A range of bird boxes could be attached to retained trees on site. These should be positioned approximately 1.5m to 2m off the ground and facing north and east.
- Provision of refuge and nesting sites for invertebrates. An insect hotel could be constructed on site, to offer nesting, refuge and hibernation for a range of insects. This could be a large, elaborately designed structure, which would create interest and an attraction for users of the site.
- Beneficial landscape scheme. A wildlife-friendly landscape scheme could be designed to
 offer resources to wildlife, whilst having amenity value. The RHS Plants for Pollinators⁶
 provides a list of beneficial species to attract wildlife.

⁶ https://www.rhs.org.uk/science/conservation-biodiversity/wildlife/plants-for-pollinators

Annex 1: Legislation and Planning Policy

A summary of relevant legislation and national policy is provided below. For each individual case, it is advised to consult the relevant documents in full and obtain legal advice, where appropriate.

There are several UK legislation tools, which are listed below. European legislation has not been included as it is incorporated in UK legislation by domestic provisions.

The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (as amended), now The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (legislation.gov.uk)

In 1992, the Habitats Directive (Council Directive 92/43/EEC)⁷ came into force. This provides for the creation of a network of protected wildlife sites across the European Union, known as 'Natura 2000'. This network consists of designated sites, including Special Areas of Conservation (SACs) designated under the Habitats Directive and Special Protection Areas (SPAs) designated under the Birds Directive (Council Directive 79/409/EEC)⁸. These sites form part of a series of measures aimed at conserving important and threatened habitats and species.

The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019_commonly known as 'the Habitat Regulations' transpose the Habitats Directive into national law and set out the provisions for the protection and management of species and habitats of European importance, including Natura 2000 sites. The Regulations have been amended in England in relation to candidate SACs and SPAs. These are sites submitted by the Government for consideration as part of the Natura 2000 network, and are also now defined as European Sites. All European Sites are of national importance and have been notified as SSSIs.

<u>Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, as Amended in Quinquennial Review and by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000</u>⁹

The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981¹⁰ provides the foundation for much of the statutory wildlife protection in the UK. Part I deals with the protection of plants, birds and other animals and Part II deals with the designation of SSSIs.

The following broad areas are covered by the Act:

Nature Conservation - Protecting those sites which are National Nature Reserves (NNR) and SSSIs.

Wildlife - Listing endangered or rare species in need of protection and creating offences for killing, disturbing or injuring such species. The disturbance of any nesting bird during the breeding season is also noted as an offence.

⁷ European Commission (1992). Council Directive 92/43/EEC on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora. European Commission, Brussels.

⁸ European Commission (1979). Council Directive 79/409/EEC on the conservation of wild birds, European Commission, Brussels.

⁹ Secretary of State, 2000. The Countryside and Rights of Way Act. Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

¹⁰ Secretary of State, 1981. Wildlife and Countryside Act. Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

The Act also makes it an offence to cause to grow in the wild certain plant species or to release certain fauna into the wild. The Act is enforced by local authorities.

Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 provides a new statutory right of access to the countryside and improves upon the rights of way system, providing stronger protection for both wildlife and countryside.

Part III of the Act - Nature Conservation and Wildlife Protection: A number of measures to promote and enhance wildlife conservation are detailed, including improving protection for Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs) and increasing penalties for deliberate damage to SSSIs. The Act affords statutory protection to Ramsar Sites which are wetlands designated under the International Convention on Wetlands.

National Planning Policy Framework, 2021

The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published in March 2012 and revised in July 2021. It sets out the Government's requirements for the planning system and how these are expected to be addressed. The NPPF is a material consideration for the purposes of planning decision-making.

The NPPF places a presumption in favour of sustainable development.

The NPPF has an environmental objective to protect and enhance our natural, built and historic environment; including making effective use of land, improving biodiversity, using natural resources prudently, minimising waste and pollution, and mitigating and adapting to climate change, including moving to a low carbon economy.

The presence of a legally protected species is a material consideration for a local authority dealing with planning applications for any development that would be likely to result in harm to the species or its habitat. Circular 06/2005: Biodiversity and geological conservation¹¹, prepared in support of the former PPS9, is still relevant and provides more guidance on the application of the law relating to planning and nature conservation.

Biodiversity Action Plans

In 1994, the Government produced the UK Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP)¹², a national strategy for the conservation of biodiversity. Regional and District/Borough BAPs apply the UK BAP at a local level. The 'UK Post-2010 Biodiversity Framework' succeeded the UK BAP in July 2012¹³. The UK BAP lists of priority species and habitats remain, however, important and valuable reference sources. Notably, they have been used to help draw up statutory lists of priorities in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. In England, there are 56 habitats of principal importance and 943 species of principal importance.

¹¹ ODPM Circular 06/2005 Government Circular: Biodiversity and Geological Conservation – Statutory Obligations and their Importance within the Planning System. https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/7692/147570.pdf

¹² Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1994. Biodiversity: The UK Action Plan. London.

¹³ JNCC and Defra (on behalf of the Four Countries' Biodiversity Group). 2012. UK Post-2010 Biodiversity Framework. July 2012. Available from: http://jncc.defra.gov.uk/page-6189

Species/speci	Legal protection and policy
Flora	A number of plant species are protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) and The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019. It is an offence to deliberately pick, collect, cut, uproot or destroy these wild plants. It is also an offence for any purpose to possess, sell or exchange such a plant.
	In addition, a number of plant species are species of principal importance in England (formerly referred to as UK Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP) species), LBAP priority species and/or notable species that are a material consideration in planning.
Bats	Bat species in England and Wales are protected under The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 and the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to: • Deliberately capture, injure or kill bats; • Intentionally or recklessly disturb bats; • Intentionally or recklessly obstruct access to any structure or place which bats use for shelter or protection; and • Deliberately damage or destruction of a breeding site or resting place.
	Seven of the 18 species of bats occurring in the UK are species of principal importance in England and many are also included in LBAPs.
Badgers	Badgers and their setts are protected under the Protection of Badgers Act 1979. Under this legislation it is illegal to kill, injure or take badgers or to interfere with a badger sett in any way.
Otters	Otters in England and Wales are protected under The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 and the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to: • Deliberately capture, injure or kill an otter; • Intentionally or recklessly disturb otter; • Intentionally or recklessly obstruct access to any structure or place which an otter uses for shelter or protection; and • Deliberately damage or destruction of a breeding site or resting place.
	Otter is a species of principal importance in England.
Water voles	 Water voles in England and Wales are protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to: Deliberately capture, injure or kill a water vole; Intentionally disturb water vole in their breeding or resting places; and Deliberately damage, destroy or obstruct of a breeding site or resting place.
	Water vole is a species of principal importance in England.

Dormice	Dormice in England and Wales are protected under The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 and the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to: • Deliberately capture, injure or kill a dormouse; • Intentionally or recklessly disturb dormice; • Intentionally or recklessly obstruct access to any structure or place which a dormouse uses for shelter or protection; and • Deliberately damage or destruction of a breeding site or resting place. Dormouse is a species of principal importance in England.
Other mammals	Several other species of mammals, whilst not afforded specific legal protection, are of note and consideration to such species is necessary in respect to planning in accordance with national and often local policy. Such species are typically
	identified as species of principal importance in England and/or LBAPs. Species of principal importance in England include brown hare and hedgehog.
Birds	 All wild birds in England and Wales are granted legal protection under the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to: Kill, injure or take any wild bird; Take, damage or destroy the nest of any wild bird while it is in use or being built; and, Take or destroy the egg of any wild bird.
	Bird species listed on Schedule 1 of the Act are afforded further protection and it is illegal to disturb such species while it is nest building, or at a nest containing eggs or young, or disturb the dependent young of such a bird. A number of bird species are also included as species of principal importance in England and LBAPs.
Reptiles	Smooth snakes and sand lizards in England and Wales are protected under The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 and the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to: • Deliberately capture, injure or kill a smooth snake or sand lizard; • Intentionally or recklessly disturb a smooth snake or sand lizard; • Intentionally or recklessly obstruct access to any structure or place which a smooth snake or sand lizard use for shelter or protection; and • Deliberately damage or destruction of a breeding site or resting place.
	Widespread species of reptile (slow worm, common lizard, grass snake and adder) are protected against killing, injury and sale.
	Reptile species are also species of principal importance in England and often LBAP species.
Amphibians	Great crested newts and natterjack toads in England and Wales are protected under The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 and the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to:

- Deliberately capture, injure or kill a great crested newt or natterjack toad;
- Intentionally or recklessly disturb a great crested newt or natterjack toad;
- Intentionally or recklessly obstruct access to any structure or place which a great crested newt or natterjack toad use for shelter or protection; and
- Deliberately damage or destruction of a breeding site or resting place.

Great crested newt, pool frog, natterjack toad and common toad are species of principal importance in England. These and other amphibian species are also often included in LBAPs.

Invertebrates

45 species of invertebrate are fully protected under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended). Under this legislation it is an offence to:

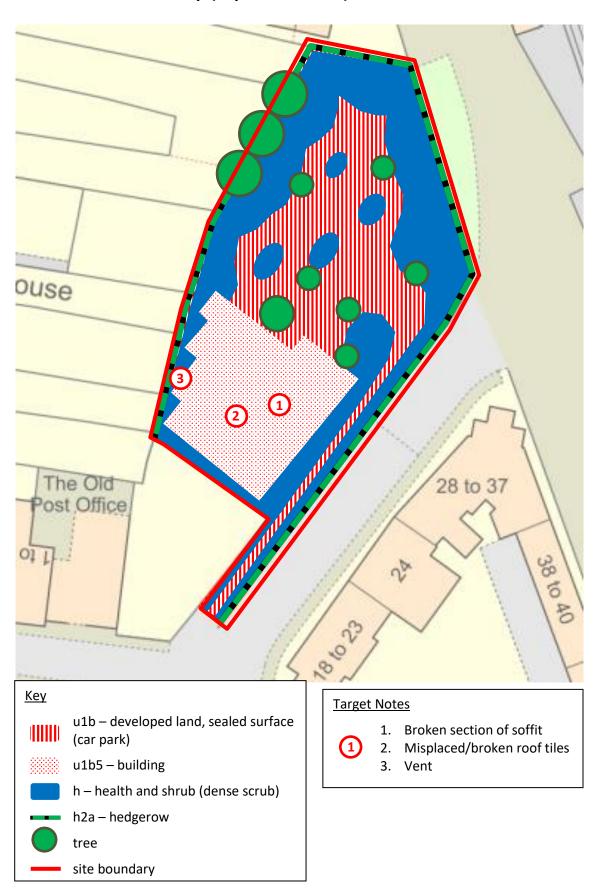
- Intentional kill, injure or take such species;
- Deliberately damage or destruction of a breeding site or resting place used by such species; and,
- Disturb such species when occupying such a structure or place.

A further 24 species are only afforded partial protection (typically only against sale). Stag beetle for instance is only protected against sale.

Eight species and their habitats are also afforded further protection under The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019.

398 species of invertebrate are included as species of principal importance in England and such species are often also included within LBAPs.

Annex 2: Habitat Map (September 2022)



Annex 3: Site Photographs (September 2022)

Photograph 1. South-east elevation of the derelict building.



Photograph 2. Single-storey, flat-roofed section, showing overgrown surrounding scrub and trees.



Photograph 3. Broken section of timber soffit on the main building's north-east elevation (Target Note 1).



Photograph 4. Broken/misplaced roof tiles on the main building (Target Note 2).



Photograph 5. Vent on the north-west gable end of the main building (Target Note 3).



Photograph 6. General view of the car park with dense scrub and ruderal vegetation.



Photograph 7. Three mature sycamores along the north-west boundary of the site.



Photograph 8. Dense scrub and boundary hedgerow.



Photograph 9. General view of the car park looking north.



ECOLOGY PRE-DEMOLITION INSPECTION

Prepared by PJH Ecology Ref: Land at Station Road, Moreton-in-Marsh Date: 25-02-2025

Poppy Hookings BSc MCs MCIEEM
The Dairy, Sea Farm, Sea,
Ilminster, Somerset TA19 0SB

e:poppy@pjhecology.co.uk t:07966 688530



Sarah Hart
Moreton-in-Marsh Town Council
Council Offices
Old Town
Moreton-in-Marsh
Gloucestershire
GL56 OLW

25/02/2025

Dear Sarah,

Land at Station Road, Moreton-in-Marsh Pre-demolition building inspection

I am writing to confirm the findings of the pre-demolition ecological survey undertaken on the building at Land at Station Road, Moreton-in-Marsh (central grid reference SP 20634 32634) on 25th February 2025. This survey was undertaken to check for the presence of roosting bats and nesting birds prior to demolition of the building.

The survey found no evidence of roosting bats or nesting birds within the building. As a result, I can confirm that demolition may proceed without the need for ecological supervision or further ecological input. However, in accordance with best practice and legal compliance, if any evidence of bats or nesting birds is discovered during works, all activity should cease immediately, and further ecological advice should be sought from an ecologist before proceeding.

Should you require any further information or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely,

Poppy Hookings

Director

BSc MSc MCIEEM

Enc: Site Location Plan



PJH Ecology © Base from Google, 2025 Key Site Location

Project: Land off Station Road,

Moreton-in-Marsh

Title: Site Location Plan

Date: 25.02.2025



TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY

Prepared by CASTLE SURVEYS LTD

Ref: 23199-23-01 Date: 31-03-2023



UTILITIES PLAN SURVEY AND DESKTOP SEARCH

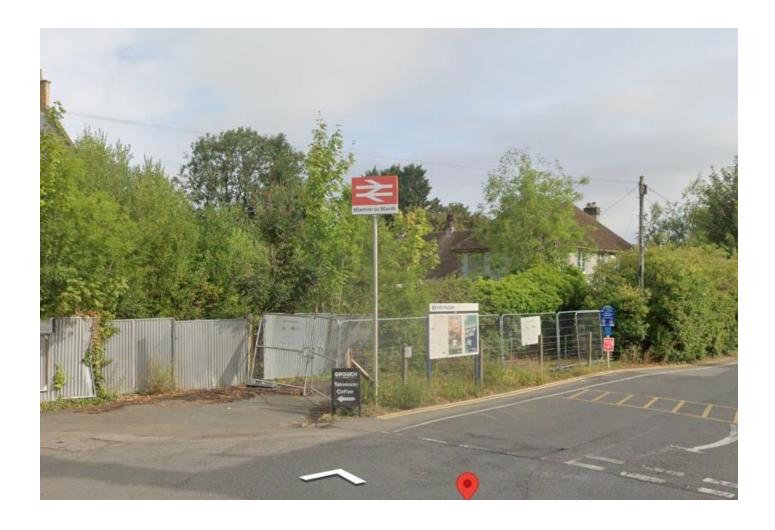
Prepared by CASTLE SURVEYS LTD

Ref: 23199-23-04 Date: 06-04-2023

Desktop Utility Search

Moreton Train Station, Moreton-in-Marsh.

Completed 6th April 2023.





Contents Page

Location Map / Site Plan	Plans used to obtain Assets
Information Page	Report / Guarantee
Underground Utility Apparatus Page 1	Colour Coding of Apparatus
Underground Utility Apparatus Page 2	Colour Coding of Apparatus
Underground Utility Guidance	Report
ВТ	Plan
ELECTRIC	Company: NGED
GAS	Company: Wales and West
WATER	Company: Thames Water
CABLE TV	Company: Virgin Media
TELECOMS	Company: City Fibre Vodafone (Not Requested)
LSBUD	Ref: 28970823
GTC	Plan
LSBUD Members	Affected Reports Obtained
Non LSBUD Members	Affected Reports Obtained
Unexploded Bomb Threat Level	Plan and Report
Environmental Agency Flood Report	Plan and Report
Appendices	Letters and Reports
Disclaimer	



Location Map / Site Plan



Grid Reference:

X (Easting) Y (Northing)

420627 232633

Site Address:

Moreton Train Station

Station Road

Moreton-in-Marsh

GL56 0DE



Report:

We have completed this report in accordance with the standards that are defined under Survey Category D of PAS128.

PAS128 is a Publicly Available Specification for Underground Utility Detection, verification and location published by the British Standards Institution.

It should be considered that positional accuracy of plant is not guaranteed from the information presented in a desktop search alone, the location of underground utilities should be verified through other means such as a full Underground Utility Survey prior to breaking ground and commencing work.

Where available we have included guidance documentation for Gas & Electric these should be referred to before work commences.

Relevant documents:

We recommend the following documents must be referred to before any work commences in the vicinity of existing services:

Health and Safety Booklet HS (GS) 6 Avoidance of Danger from Overhead Electric Lines
General Safety Measures to Avoid Injury and Damage to Gas Apparatus
HSE Guidance Note HS (G) 47 Avoiding Danger from Underground Services
National Joint Utilities Group (NJUG) Publications Vol.1
CDM Regulations 2007 (Regulation 34- Energy Distribution Installations)
Electricity at Work Regulations 1989

Guarantee:

We endeavour to contact all Utility Companies relevant for this desktop search however we <u>cannot</u> guarantee that all of the utility companies contacted will respond to our enquiries in the time period given.

If an essential part of the report returns after the document has been completed and sent, we will send this to the necessary person(s) as soon as it is physically possible.



Underground Utilities Apparatus

The following table is based on the current information from the National Joint Utilities Group Guidelines (2007) (http://streetworks.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/V1-Positioning-Colour-Coding-Issue-8.pdf)

All depths are from the surface level to the crown of the apparatus

Utility	Duct	Pipe	Cable	Marker Systems	Recommended	Minimum Depths
					FOOTWAY VERGE	CARRIGEWAY
ELECTRICITY HIGH VOLTAGE HV	BLACK OR RED DUCT /OR TILE	N/A	RED OR BLACK	Yellow with black and red legend or concrete tiles	450-1200mm	750 – 1200mm
ELECTRICITY LOW VOLTAGE LV	BLACK OR RED DUCT/ OR TILE	N/A	RED OR BLACK	Yellow with black legend.	450mm	600mm
GAS	YELLOW	See Information below	N/A	Black legend on PE pies every linear metre.	600mm footway 750mm verge.	750mm
	PE – betwee Steel pipes - Ductile Iron	bar – Yellow or yellow ven 2-7 bar – Orange. May have yellow wrap of May have plastic wrap of May have plastic wrap of Pit / Spun Cast Iron –	or black tar coa ping.		aling white or black core	e pipe)
WATER Non-potable & Grey Water	N/A	BLACK WITH GREEN STRIPES	N/A	N/A	600-750mm	600-750mm
WATER Firefighting	N/A	BLACK WITH RED STRIPES / BANDS	N/A	N/A	600-750mm	600-750mm
OIL / FUEL PIPELINES	N/A	BLACK	N/A	Various surface markers. Marker tape or tiles above red concrete.	All work within 3 me	Omm tres of oil fuel pipelines prior approval
SEWERAGE	BLACK	No distinguishing colour / material	N/A	N/A	Variable	Variable
COMMUNICATIONS (COMMS)	Grey, white, green, black, purple	N/A	BLACK OR LIGHT GREY	Various	250 – 350mm	450 - 600mm
WATER	BLUE OR GREY	Blue polymer or blue or uncoated Iron / GRP Blue polymer with brown stripe (removable skin revealing white or black pipe)	N/A	BLUE OR BLUE / BLACK	750mm	750mm (minimum)
WATER PIPES FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES (contaminated Ground)	N/A	Blue polymer with brown stripes (nonremovable skin)	N/A	BLUE OR BLUE / BLACK	750mm	750mm (Minimum)

^{***}These guidelines describe utility industry practice; however, it should not be assumed that all apparatus will conform to the recommendations for positioning and colour coding in this report. ***



Underground Utility Apparatus

The following table is based on the current information from the National Joint Utilities Group Guidelines (2007) (http://streetworks.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/V1-Positioning-Colour-Coding-Issue-8.pdf)

All depths are from the surface level to the crown of the apparatus.

Highway Authority Services

At the time of publication, the following were current examples of known highway authority apparatus colour coding but local variations may occur.

Utility	Duct	Pipe	Cable	Marker Systems	Recommended	Minimum Depths
					FOOTWAY VERGE	CARRIGEWAY
			STREET LIG			
England and Wales	ORANGE	N/A	BLACK	Yellow with black legend.	450mm	600mm
Scotland	PURPLE	N/A	PURPLE	Yellow with black legend.	450mm	450mm
Northern Ireland	ORANGE	N/A	BLACK OR ORANGE		450mm	450mm
			OTHER			
Traffic Control	ORANGE	N/A	ORANGE	Yellow with black legend.		
Street Furniture		N/A	BLACK	Yellow with black legend.	450mm	600mm
Communications		N/A	LIGHT GREY OR BLACK	Yellow with black legend.		
ссти	PURPLE	N/A		Yellow with black legend.		
		MOTORWAYS &	TRUNK ROAL	OS ENGLAND & WALES	3	
COMMUNICATIONS	PURPLE	N/A	GREY	Yellow with black legend.	450mm	
COMMUNICATIONS POWER	PURPLE	N/A	BLACK	Yellow with black legend.		
ROAD LIGHTING	ORANGE	N/A	BLACK	Yellow with black legend.		
			SCOTLA	ND	·	
COMMUNICATIONS	BLACK OR GREY	N/A	BLACK	Yellow with black legend.		
ROAD LIGHTING	PURPLE	N/A	PURPLE	Yellow with black legend.		

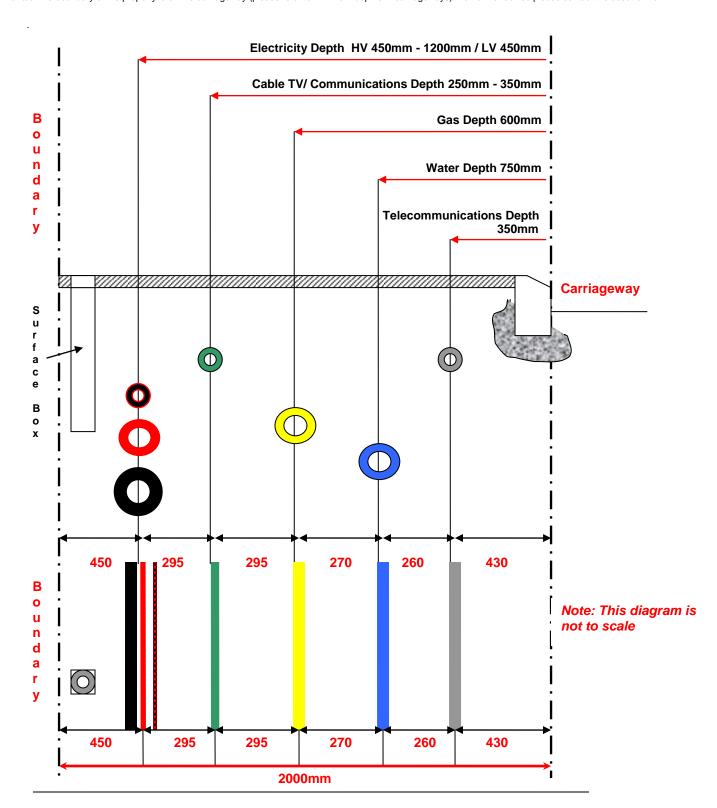
^{***}These guidelines describe utility industry practice; however, it should not be assumed that all apparatus will conform to the recommendations for positioning and colour coding in this report. ***



The following table is based on the current information from the National Joint Utilities Group Guidelines (2007) (http://streetworks.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/V1-Positioning-Colour-Coding-Issue-8.pdf)

Recommended Positioning of Utility Apparatus in a 2m Footway

Note – the same positioning should apply in the carriageway/service strip (if safe and practical to do so) where a development has no footway(s) available for services and/or the boundary of the property is on the carriageway (please refer to minimum depths in carriageways). For further advice please contact the asset owner.



^{***}These guidelines describe the utility industry practice; however, it should not be assumed that all apparatus will conform to the recommendations for positioning and colour coding in this report. ***

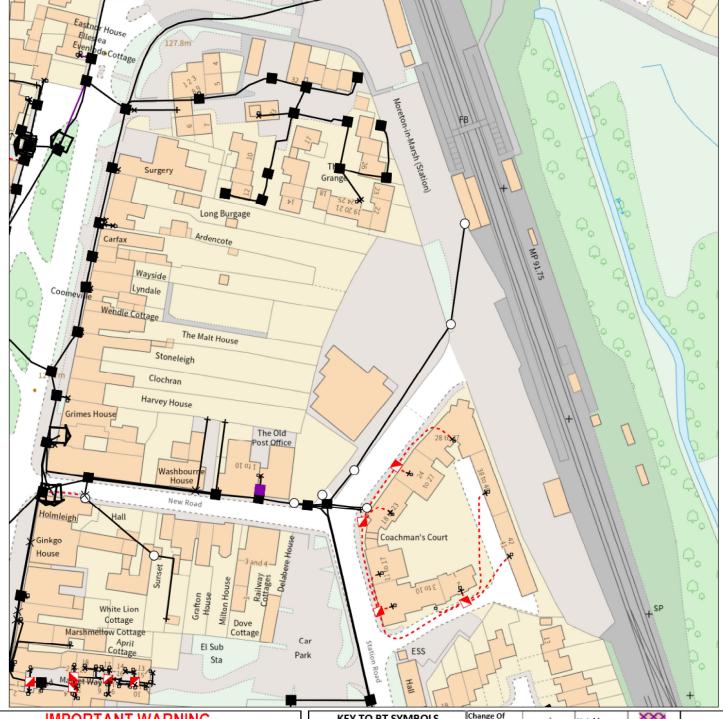






www.home.bt.com

Maps by email Plant Information Reply



IMPORTANT WARNING
Information regarding the location of BT apparatus is given for your assistance and is intended for general guidance only. No guarantee is given of its accuracy. It should not be relied upon in the event of excavations or other works being made near to BT apparatus which may exist at various depths and may deviate from the marked route.



CLICK BEFORE YOU DIG

FOR PROFESSIONAL FREE ON SITE ASSISTANCE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF EXCAVATION WORKS INCLUDING LOCATE AND MARKING SERVICE

email <u>cbyd@openreach.co.uk</u>

ADVANCE NOTICE REQUIRED (Office hours: Monday - Friday 08.00 to 17.00) www.openreach.co.uk/cbyd

Accidents happen

If you do damage any Openreach equipment please let us know by calling 0800 023 2023 (opt 1 + opt 1) and we can get it fixed ASAP

Reproduced from the Ordnance Survey map by BT by permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationary Office (C) Crown Copyright British Telecommunications plc 100028040

KEY	TO BT SYM	BOLS	Change Of State	+	Hatchings	$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow$
	Planned	Live	Split Coupling	×	Built	^
PCP	*	囟	Duct Tee		Planned	·^~
Pole	0	0	Building		Inferred	
Вох			Kiosk	K	Duct	
Manhole				•	shown using d	
Cabinet	Û	Û	Exist Information	ing BT Plant m valid at time	nay not be reco of preparation ter the date of	orded. on. Maps are
	Pending Add	In Place	Pending Remove	Not In Use		publication.
Power Cable	₩.W	NN	AA.	HH	1	

N/A

BT Ref: ZKP11406Q

Power Duct

Map Reference: (centre) SP2062732633 Easting/Northing: (centre) 420627,232633

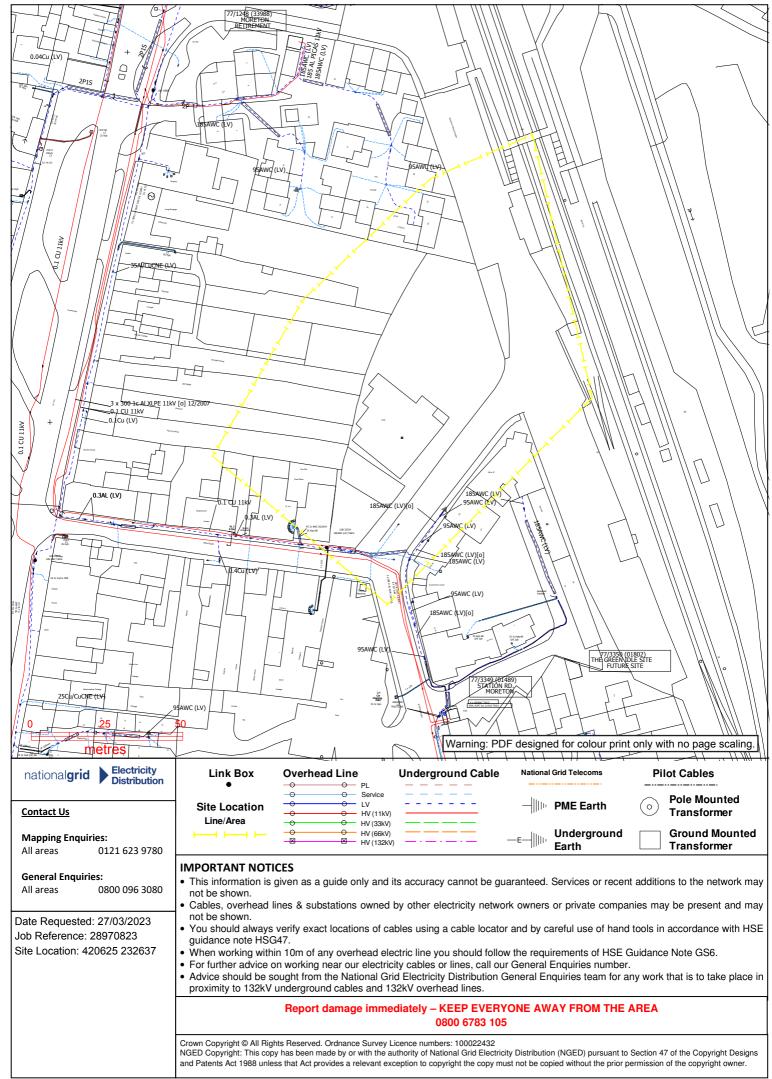
Issued: 27/03/2023 11:40:32





nationalgrid

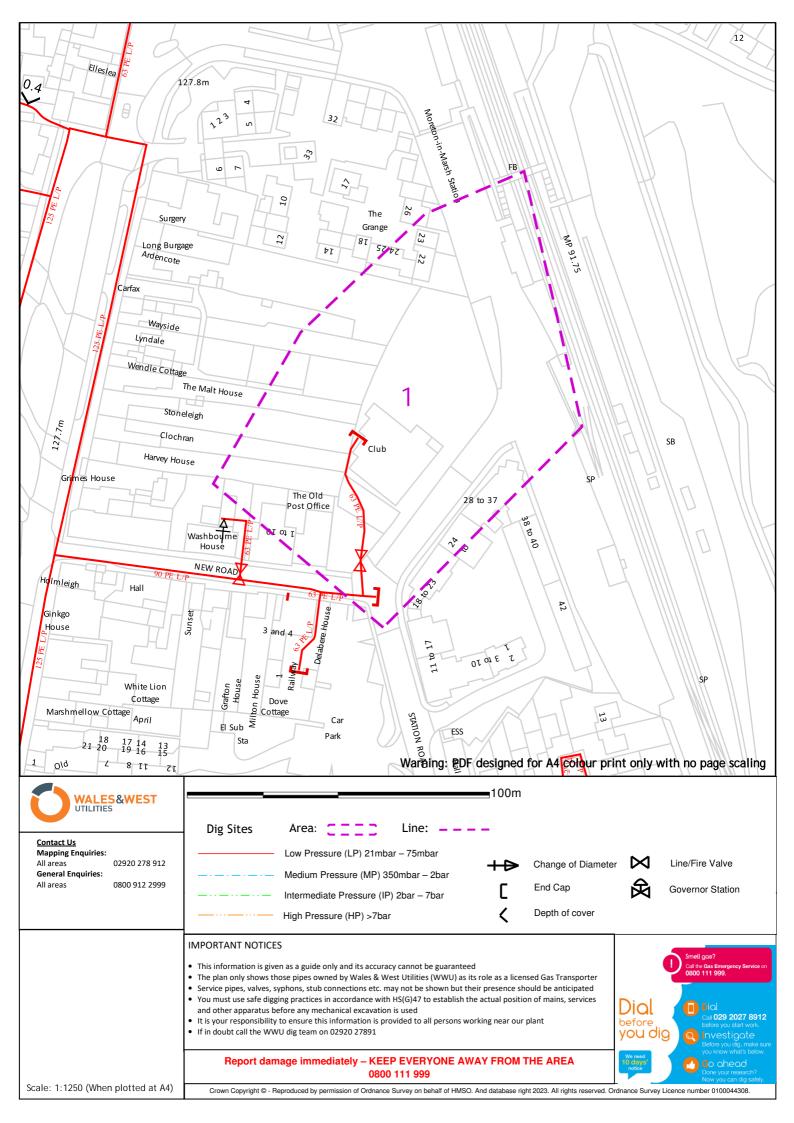
www.nationalgrid.co.uk







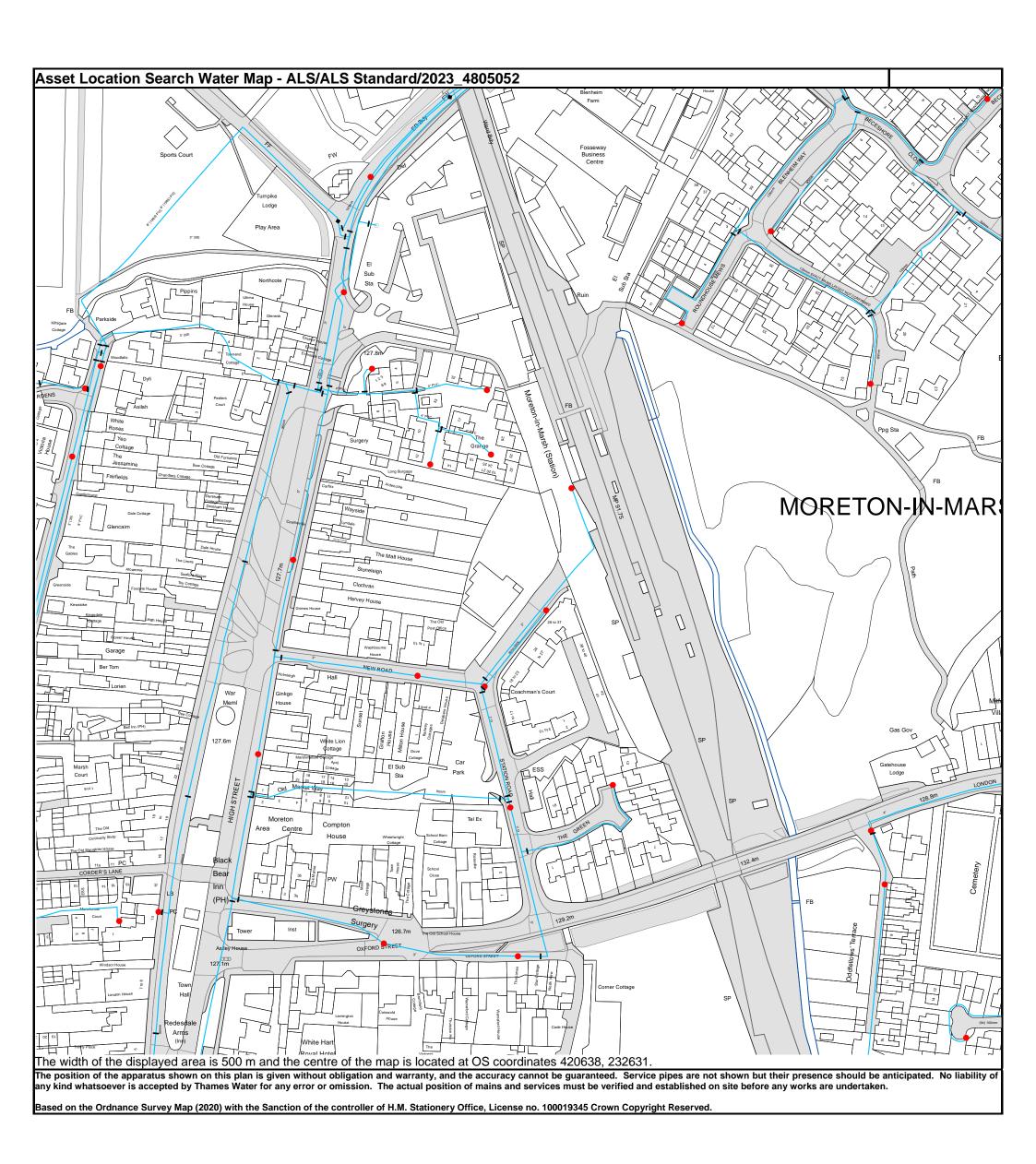
www.wwutilities.co.uk



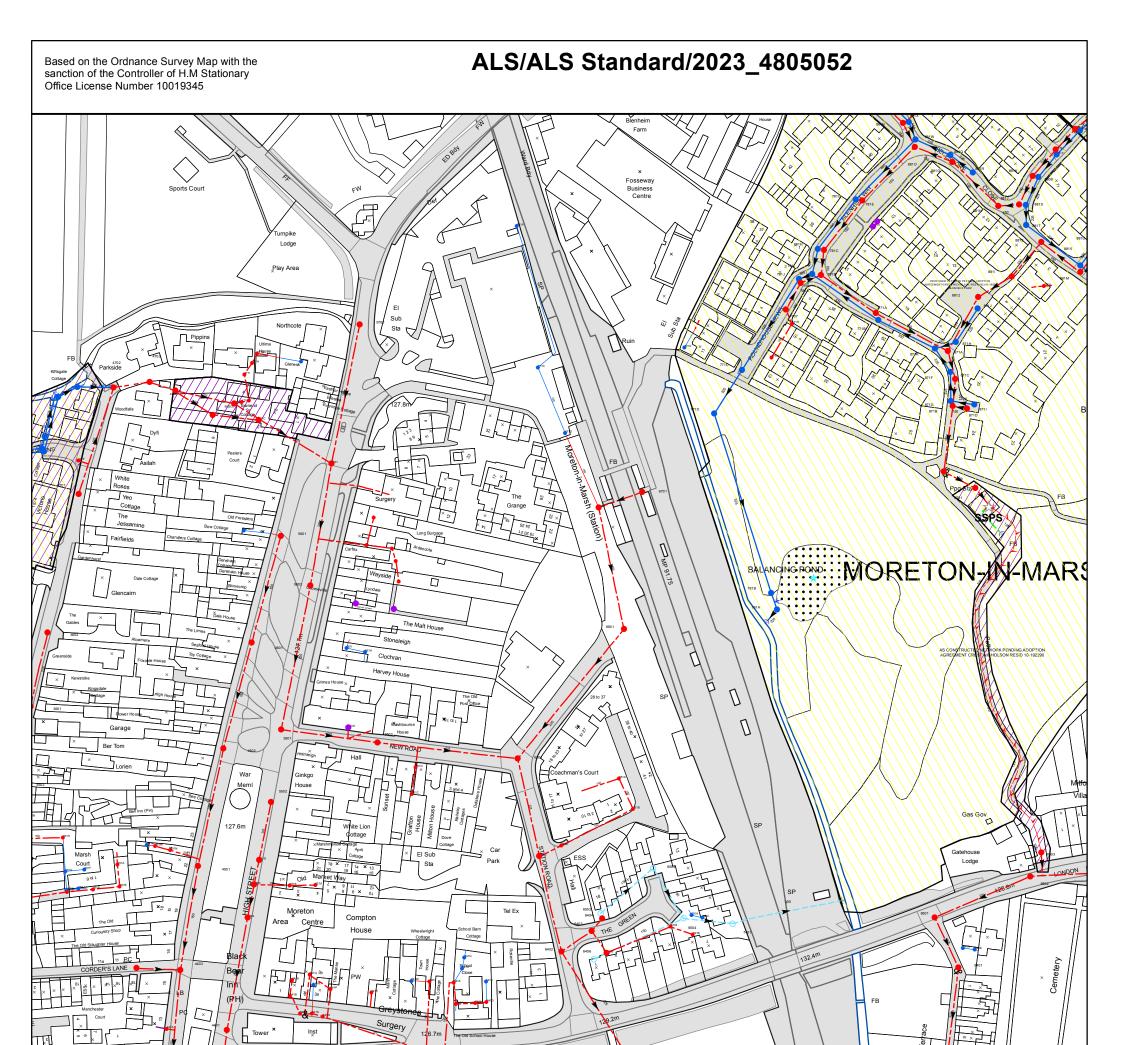




www.thameswater.co.uk



<u>Thames Water Utilities Ltd</u>, Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4W, T 0800 009 4540 E searches@thameswater.co.uk I www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



The position of the apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes are not shown but their presence should be anticipated. No liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified before any works are undertaken. Crown copyright Reserved

 Scale:
 1:1791

 Width:
 500m

 Printed By:
 Skrishna1

 Print Date:
 27/03/2023

 Map Centre:
 420638,232630

 Grid Reference:
 SP2032NE

40

60

80

0 10 20

ALS/ALS Standard/2023_4805052

 $NB: Level \ quoted \ in \ metres \ Ordnance \ Newlyn \ Datum. \ The \ value \ -9999.00 \ indicates \ no \ Survey \ information \ is \ available.$

		1
REFERENCE	COVER LEVEL 127.9	INVERT LEVEL
8403 5501	127.92	125.99 125.62
6403	127.48	125.46
6502	127.5	125.74
6601	127.53	125.48
6701	127.81	126.33
6503	127.42	125.47
5401	126.29	125.04
3602	128.68	127.92
7401	126.49	125.2
4404	127.65	126.42
4501	127.8	126.06
4502	128.13	126.37
4703	127.66	126.67
5402	127.07	
541B		
471F		
541M		
561A	407.47	125.02
5602 561D	127.47	125.93
561F 5701	127.44	126.22
4704	121.44	126.22
871F	128.9	126.24
871G	129.69	126.24
881R	129.43	126.41
871J	129.16	126.35
6501	127.93	125.08
8808	129.21	127.47
771D	126.69	125.29
761B	126.14	125.06
781J	129.23	125.55
781H	129.55	125.7
771B	129.09	125.88
881X	129.63	126.02
871K	129.01	126.07
471D		
651D		
881G	129.51	125.74
871C	128.87	124.4
8701	127.22	123.97
881H	129.37	125.96
881J	129.3	126.13
8813	129.02	125.37
881D	129.294	126.785
7707	128.72	125.2
781B	129.46	125.02
781C	129.56	125.11
881N	129.64	125.69
871E 541H	127.71	124.07
641C		
671D	<u> </u>	
741B		
551A		
4504	127.23	126.09
551D		
771G		
841A		
671E		
871V		
5411		
451G		
541J		
451K		
451E		
451C		
4503		
451D		
8402	127.94	125.05
8502	128.78	125.46
8501	130.3	125.34
541D		
571A		
4711		
471G		
781U 651A		
551E		
441B		

REFERENCE	COVER LEVEL	INVERT LEVEL
8307	128.01	126.21
5702	128.83	126.54
6406		
6404	127.37	125.56
6401	125.99	124.34
5503	128.33	125.41
6504	126.74	125.21
6402 4701	128.25	124.62
4701	128.08 127.66	127.08 126.77
4403	127.62	125.76
4302	126.67	125.47
4601	128.09	126.63
4402	127.21	125.5
541A		
5611		
541L		
5601	127.69	126.91
561B		
561C		
561E		
561G 4705	127.42	126.51
881B	127.42	126.51
881Q	129.53	127.003
871H	128.96	126.33
8711	128.64	126.4
881S	129.16	127.36
881T	129.08	127.3
881Y	129.23	127.55
771C	127.31	125.35
761A	126.1	125.04
7811	129.36	125.58
781G	129.6	125.82
8815	128.63	127.09
881W	129.62	125.98
471C		
651B	400.04	404.5
871A 871B	128.91 128.61	124.5 124.3
871D	128.59	124.43
8812	129.26	124.73
8811	129.08	125.02
881K	129.15	126.4
881L	129.21	126.68
881M	128.7	125.75
781A	129.2	125.09
771A	129.1	124.78
781E	129.6	125.33
8810	129.58	125.59
541G		
541K		
6602	127.67	105.05
6405	127.35	125.65
641B		
551B 551C		
4401	127.29	125.82
771H		,
841B		
671C		
641D		
451F		
451H		
451J		
441A		
451B		
451A	107.70	400.40
5502	127.78	126.46
541E	100.00	125 10
8401 8503	128.23	125.18
681A		
561H		
471K		
471J		
471H		
781V		
651C		
541C		
741C		

The position of the apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes are not shown but their presence should be anticipated. No liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified before any works are undertaken. Crown copyright Reserved

ALS/ALS Standard/2023_4805052

 $NB: Level\ quoted\ in\ metres\ Ordnance\ Newlyn\ Datum.\ The\ value\ -9999.00\ indicates\ no\ Survey\ information\ is\ available.$

REFERENCE	COVER LEVEL	INVERT LEVEL
751A		
541P		
641G		
541Q		
451L		
451M		
541T		
541V		
531C		

REFERENCE	COVER LEVEL	INVERT LEVEL
541N		
641F		
641E		
541R		
451N		
541S		
461A		
541U		



If WETERED

Asset Location Search - Water Key

Water Pipes (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)

Distribution Main: The most common pipe shown on water maps. With few exceptions, domestic connections are only made to distribution mains.

Trunk Main: A main carrying water from a source of supply to a treatment plant or reservoir, or from one treatment plant or reservoir to another. Also a main transferring water in bulk to smaller water mains used for supplying individual customers.

Supply Main: A supply main indicates that the water main is used as a supply for a single property or group of properties.

> Fire Main: Where a pipe is used as a fire supply, the word FIRE will be displayed along the pipe.

> Metered Pipe: A metered main indicates that the pipe in question supplies water for a single property or group of properties and that quantity of water passing through the pipe is metered even though there may be no meter symbol shown.

> Transmission Tunnel: A very large diameter water pipe. Most tunnels are buried very deep underground. These pipes are not expected to affect the structural integrity of buildings shown on the map provided.

Proposed Main: A main that is still in the planning stages or in the process of being laid. More details of the proposed main and its reference number are generally included near the main.

PIPE DIAMETER	DEPTH BELOW GROUND	
Up to 300mm (12")	900mm (3')	
300mm - 600mm (12* - 24*)	1100mm (3' 8")	
600mm and bigger (24° plus)	1200mm (4')	

Valves

→ General PurposeValve

Air Valve

Pressure ControlValve

X Customer Valve

Hydrants

Single Hydrant

Meters

Meter

End Items

Symbol indicating what happens at the end of \circ a water main.

Blank Flange
Capped End
Emptying Pit
Undefined End

Manifold
 Customer Supply

Fire Supply

Operational Sites

Booster Station
Other
Other (Proposed)
Pumping Station
Service Reservoir
Shaft Inspection
Treatment Works
Unknown
Water Tower

Other Symbols

Data Logger

N

Casement: Ducts may contain high voltage cables. Please check with Thames Water.

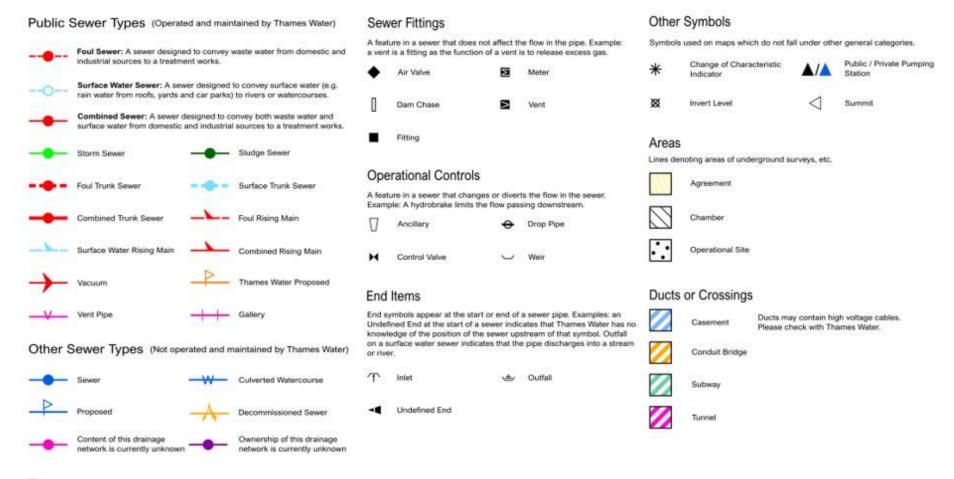
Other Water Pipes (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)

Other Water Company Main: Occasionally other water company water pipes may overlap the border of our clean water coverage area. These mains are denoted in purple and in most cases have the owner of the pipe displayed along them.

> Private Main: Indiates that the water main in question is not owned by Thames Water. These mains normally have text associated with them indicating the diameter and owner of the pipe.



Asset Location Search - Sewer Key



Notes:

- 1) All levels associated with the plans are to Ordnance Datum Newlyn.
- 2) All measurements on the plan are metric.
- 3) Arrows (on gravity fed sewers) or flecks (on rising mains) indicate the direction of flow.
- Most private pipes are not shown on our plans, as in the past, this information has not been recorded.
- 5) 'na' or '0' on a manhole indicates that data is unavailable.
- 6) The text appearing alongside a sewer line indicates the internal diameter of the pipe in millimeters.
- Text next to a manhole indicates the manhole reference number and should not be taken as a measurement.





www.virginmedia.co.uk

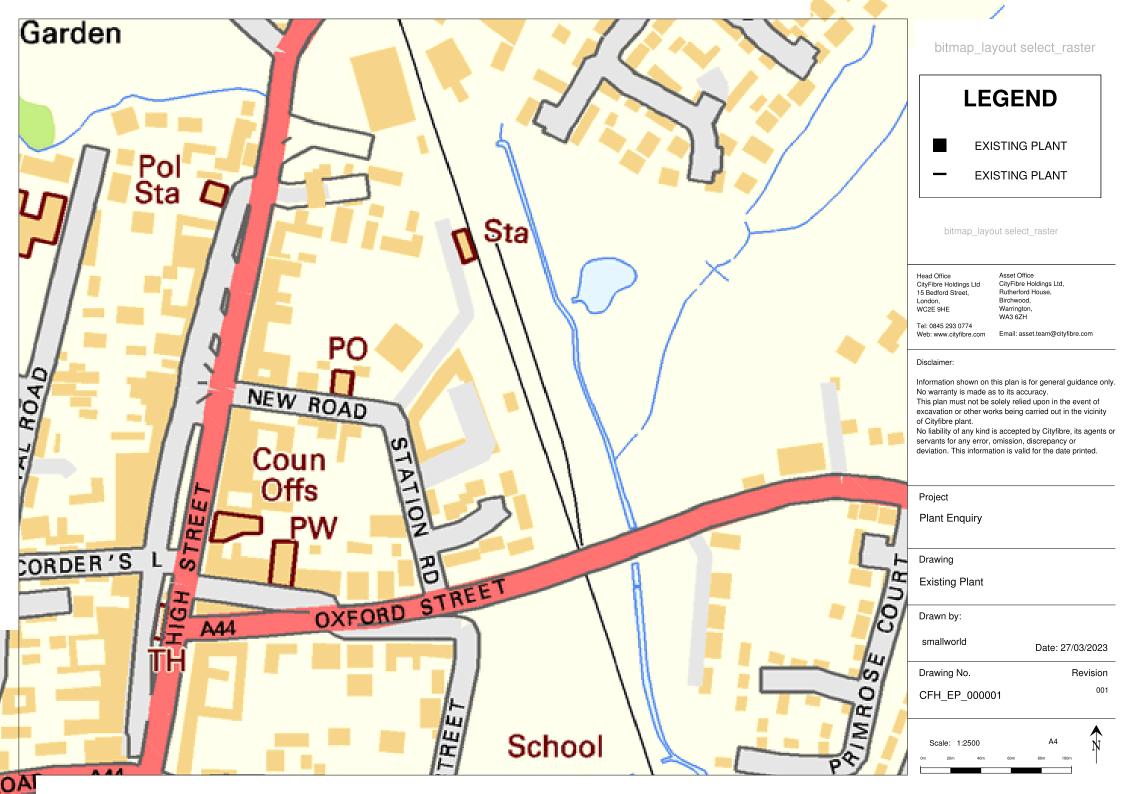


Important Information - please read The purpose of this plan is to identify Virgin Media appa caution that within Virgin Media apparatus there may be instances where mains voltage pow "Affected Postcodes.pdf", which can be downloaded from this website. Therefore, you must apparatus. The actual position of any underground service must be verified by cable detectio the negligence of Virgin Media, its employees or agents, Virgin Media will not have any liability for any omissions or inaccuracies in the plan or for any loss or damage caused or arising from the use of and/or any reliance on this plan. This plan is produced by Virgin Media Limited (c) Crown copyright and database rights 2023 Ordnance Survey 100019209.



CityFibre

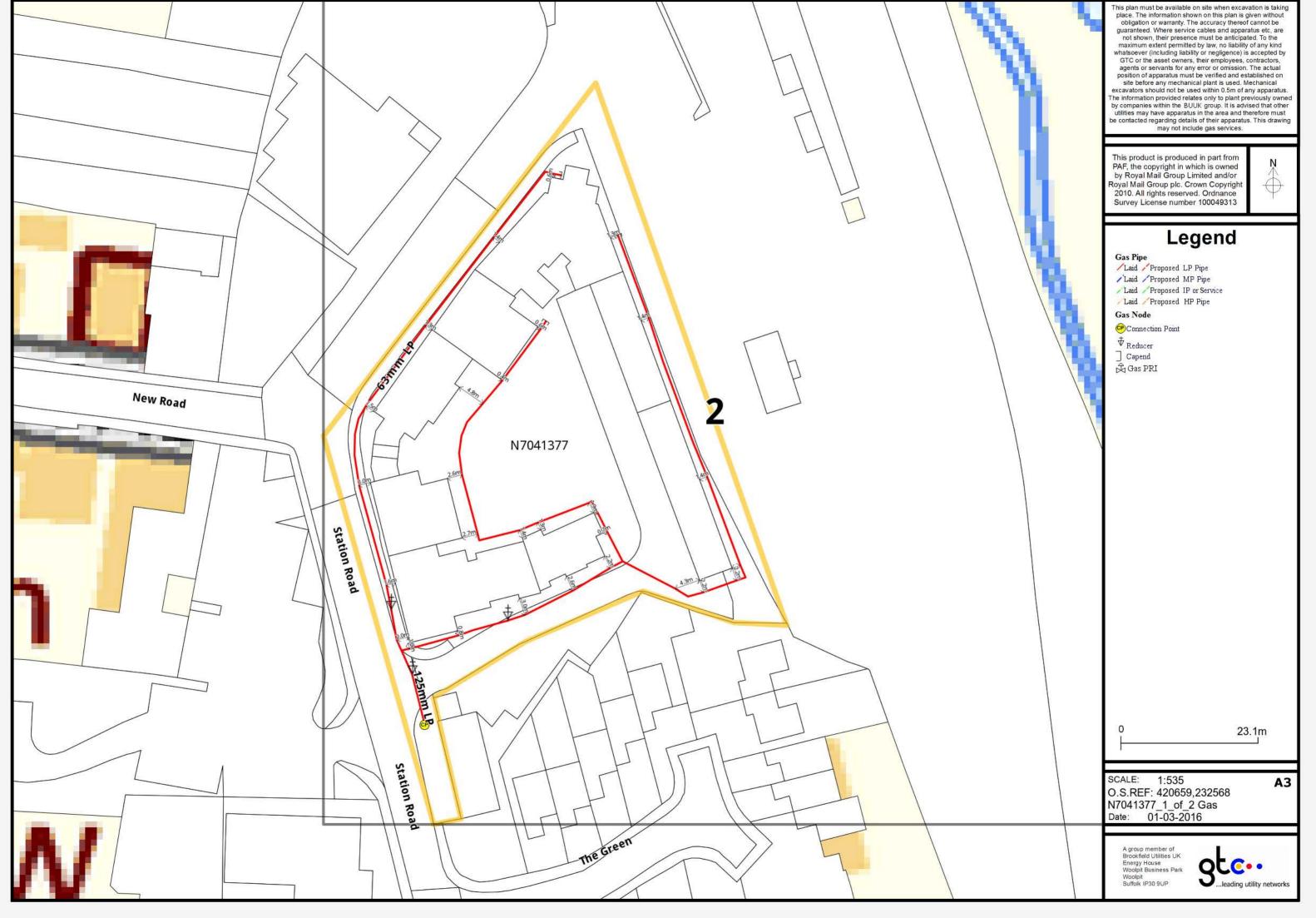
www.cityfibre.co.uk

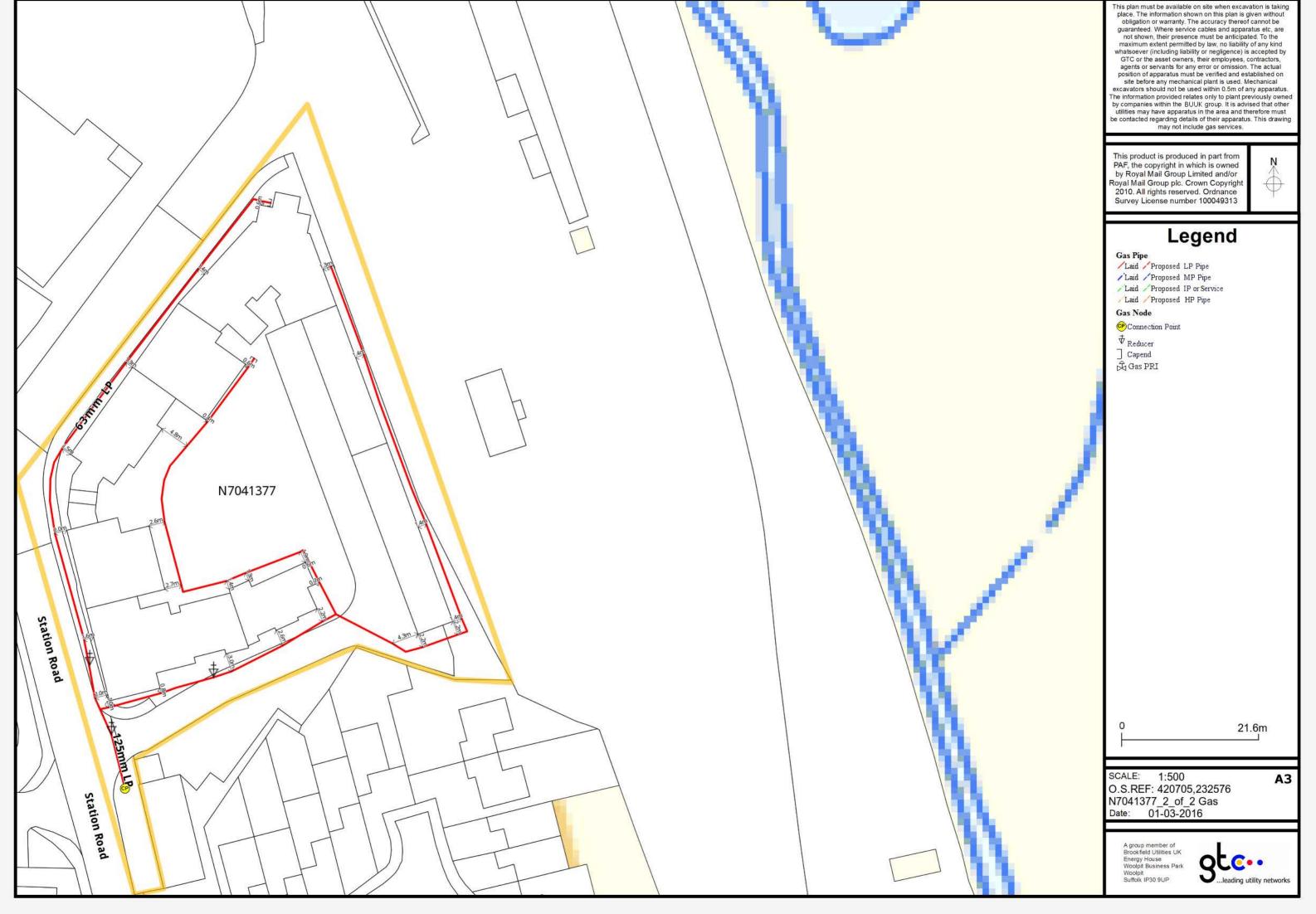
















www. linesearch before udig. co. uk

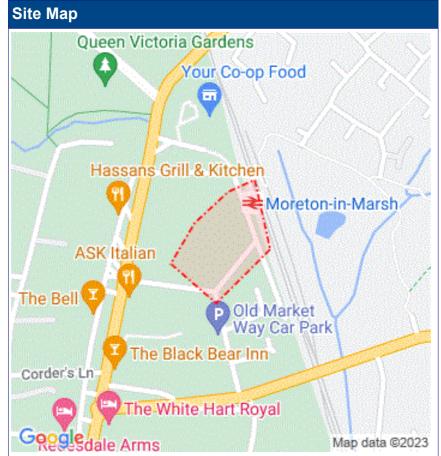


Date of enquiry: 27/03/2023 Time of enquiry: 11:19

Enquirer	
Name	Phone
Company	Mobile
Address	
Email	

Enquiry Details						
Scheme/Reference	U23-8718					
Enquiry type	Initial Enquiry Work category		gory	Planning Applications		
Start date	28/03/2023	Work type		C2 Enquiry (Stat Undertakers only)		
End date	28/03/2023	Site size	Site size		10188 metres square	
Searched location	XY= 420627, 232633	Work type buffer*		25 metres		
Confirmed location	420633 232643					
Site Contact Name	Contact Name Not Supplied		Site Phone No		Not Supplied	
Description of Works						

^{*} The WORK TYPE BUFFER is a distance added to your search area based on the Work type you have chosen.





Date of enquiry: 27/03/2023
Time of enquiry: 11:19

Asset Owners

Terms and Conditions. Please note that this enquiry is subject always to our standard terms and conditions available at www.linesearchbeforeudig.co.uk ("Terms of Use") and the disclaimer at the end of this document. Please note that in the event of any conflict or ambiguity between the terms of this Enquiry Confirmation and the Terms of Use, the Terms of Use shall take precedence.

Notes. Please ensure your contact details are correct and up to date on the system in case the LSBUD Members need to contact you.

Validity and search criteria. The results of this enquiry are based on the confirmed information you entered and are valid only as at the date of the enquiry. It is your responsibility to ensure that the Enquiry Details are correct, and LinesearchbeforeUdig accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions in the Enquiry Details or any consequences thereof. LSBUD Members update their asset information on a regular basis so you are advised to consider this when undertaking any works. It is your responsibility to choose the period of time after which you need to resubmit any enquiry but the maximum time (after which your enquiry will no longer be dealt with by the LSBUD Helpdesk and LSBUD Members) is 28 days. If any details of the enquiry change, particularly including, but not limited to, the location of the work, then a further enquiry must be made.

Asset Owners & Responses. Please note the enquiry results include the following:

- 1. "LSBUD Members" who are asset owners who have registered their assets on the LSBUD service.
- 2. "Non LSBUD Members" are asset owners who have not registered their assets on the LSBUD service but LSBUD is aware of their existence. Please note that there could be other asset owners within your search area.

Below are three lists of asset owners:

- 1. LSBUD Members who have assets registered within your search area. ("Affected")
 - a. These LSBUD Members will either:
 - i. Ask for further information ("Email Additional Info" noted in status). The additional information includes: Site contact name and number, Location plan, Detailed plan (minimum scale 1:2500), Cross sectional drawings (if available), Work Specification.
 - ii. Respond directly to you ("Await Response"). In this response they may either send plans directly to you or ask for further information before being able to do so, particularly if any payments or authorisations are required.
- 2. LSBUD Members who do not have assets registered within your search area. ("Not Affected")
- 3. Non LSBUD Members who may have assets within your search area. Please note that this list is not exhaustive and all details are provided as a guide only. It is your responsibility to identify and consult with all asset owners before proceeding.



Date of enquiry: 27/03/2023 Time of enquiry: 11:19

LSBUD Members who have assets registered on the LSBUD service within the vicinity of your search area.

List of affected LSBUD members				
Asset Owner	Phone/Email	Emergency Only	Status	
Gigaclear Ltd	01865594145	01865591185	Await response	
National Grid Electricity Distribution	08000963080	08006783105	Await response	
Wales and West Utilities	02920278912	0800111999	Await response	

LSBUD Members who do not have assets registered on the LSBUD service within the vicinity of your search area. Please be aware that LSBUD Members make regular changes to their assets and this list may vary for new enquiries in the same area.

	List of not affected LSBUD members	
Angus Energy	AWE Pipeline	B & D Energy Limited
Balfour Beatty Investments Limited	BOC Limited (A Member of the Linde Group)	Box Broadband
BP Exploration Operating Company Limited	ВРА	Cadent Gas
Carrington Gas Pipeline	CATS Pipeline c/o Wood Group PSN	Cemex
Centrica Storage Ltd	CNG Services Ltd	Concept Solutions People Ltd
ConocoPhillips (UK) Teesside Operator Ltd	D.S.Smith	Diamond Transmission Corporation
DIO (MOD Abandoned Pipelines)	DIO (MOD Live Pipelines)	E.ON UK CHP Limited
EDF Energy Renewables Ltd	EirGrid	Eleclink Limited
Electricity North West Limited	Energy Assets Networks	ENI & Himor c/o Penspen Ltd
EnQuest NNS Limited	EP Langage Limited	ESP Utilities Group
ESSAR	Esso Petroleum Company Limited	euNetworks Fiber UK Ltd
EXA Infrastructure	Exolum Pipeline System	Fulcrum Electricity Assets Limited
Fulcrum Pipelines Limited	Gamma	Gas Networks Ireland (UK)
Gateshead Energy Company	Harbour Energy	Heathrow Airport LTD
Humbly Grove Energy	IGas Energy	INEOS FPS Pipelines
INEOS Manufacturing (Scotland and TSEP)	INOVYN ChlorVinyls Limited	INOVYN Enterprises Limited
Intergen (Coryton Energy or Spalding Energy)	Jurassic Fibre Ltd	Last Mile
Mainline Pipelines Limited	Manchester Jetline Limited	Manx Cable Company
Marchwood Power Ltd (Gas Pipeline)	Melbourn Solar Limited	Moray East Offshore Windfarm
MUA Group Limited	National Gas Transmission	National Grid Electricity Transmission
Neos Networks	Northern Gas Networks Limited	Northumbrian Water Group
NPower CHP Pipelines	NTT Global Data Centers EMEA UK Ltd	NYnet Ltd
Ogi	Oikos Storage Limited	Ørsted
Palm Paper Ltd	Perenco UK Limited (Purbeck Southampton Pipeline)	Petroineos
Phillips 66	Portsmouth Water	Premier Transmission Ltd (SNIP)
Redundant Pipelines - LPDA	RWE - Great Yarmouth Pipeline (Bacton to Great Yarmouth Power Station)	RWEnpower (Little Barford and South Haven)
SABIC UK Petrochemicals	SAS Utility Services Ltd	Scottish and Southern Electricity Networks
Scottish Power Generation	Seabank Power Ltd	SES Water

SGN Shell Shell NOP SP Energy Networks Squire Energy Networks SSE Generation Ltd SSE Transmission SSE Utility Solutions Limited Storengy Tata Communications (c/o JSM Construction **Total Finaline Pipelines Total Colnbrook Pipelines** Ltd) Transmission Capital **UK Power Networks** Uniper UK Ltd University of Cambridge Granta Backbone Vattenfall Veolia ES SELCHP Limited Network Veolia ES Sheffield Ltd Voneus Limited **VPI** Power Limited West of Duddon Sands Transmission Ltd Westminster City Council Zayo Group UK Ltd c/o JSM Group Ltd



Date of enquiry: 27/03/2023
Time of enquiry: 11:19

The following Non-LSBUD Members may have assets in your search area. It is YOUR RESPONSIBILITY to contact them before proceeding. Please be aware this list is not exhaustive and it is your responsibility to identify and contact all asset owners within your search area.

Non-LSBUD members (Asset owners not registered on LSBUD)			
Asset Owner	Preferred contact method	Phone	Status
ВТ	https://www.swns.bt.com/pls/mbe/welcome.home	08000232023	Not Notified
CityFibre	asset.team@cityfibre.com	033 3150 7282	Not Notified
Colt	plantenquiries@catelecomuk.com	01227768427	Not Notified
Equans	nrswa.uk@equans.com	0800 130 3600	Not Notified
Gloucestershire County Council	gcchighways@amey.co.uk	01452425563	Not Notified
GTC	https://pe.gtc-uk.co.uk/PlantEnqMembership	01359240363	Not Notified
Lumen Technologies	plantenquiries@instalcom.co.uk	02087314613	Not Notified
Mobile Broadband Network Limited	mbnl.plant.enquiries@turntown.com	01212 621 100	Not Notified
Network Rail	OPBuriedServicesEnquiries@networkrail.co.uk	01904523401	Not Notified
Sky UK Limited	nrswa@sky.uk	02070323234	Not Notified
Sota	SOTA.plantenquiries@instalcom.co.uk		Not Notified
Thames Water	http://www.digdat.co.uk	08450709145	Not Notified
Utility assets Ltd	assetrecords@utilityassets.co.uk		Not Notified
Verizon Business	osp-team@uk.verizonbusiness.com	01293611736	Not Notified
Virgin Media	http://www.digdat.co.uk	08708883116	Not Notified
Vodafone	osm.enquiries@atkinsglobal.com	01454662881	Not Notified

Disclaimer

Please refer to LinesearchbeforeUdig's Terms of Use for full terms of use available at www.linesearchbeforeudig.co.uk

The results of this Enquiry are personal to the Enquirer and shall not be shared with or relied upon by any other party. The asset information on which the Enquiry results are based has been provided by LSBUD Members, therefore LinesearchbeforeUdig will provide no guarantee that such information is accurate or reliable nor does it monitor such asset information for accuracy and reliability going forward. There may also be asset owners which do not participate in the enquiry service operated by LinesearchbeforeUdig, including but not exclusively those set out above. Therefore, LinesearchbeforeUdig cannot make any representation or give any guarantee or warranty as to the completeness of the information contained in the enquiry results or accept any responsibility for the accuracy of the mapping images used. LinesearchbeforeUdig and its employees, agents and consultants accept no liability (save that nothing in this Enquiry Confirmation excludes or limits our liability for death or personal injury arising from our negligence, or our fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation, or any other liability that cannot be excluded or limited by English law) arising in respect thereof or in any other way for errors or omissions including responsibility to any person by reason of negligence.



LSBUD Members

Key:

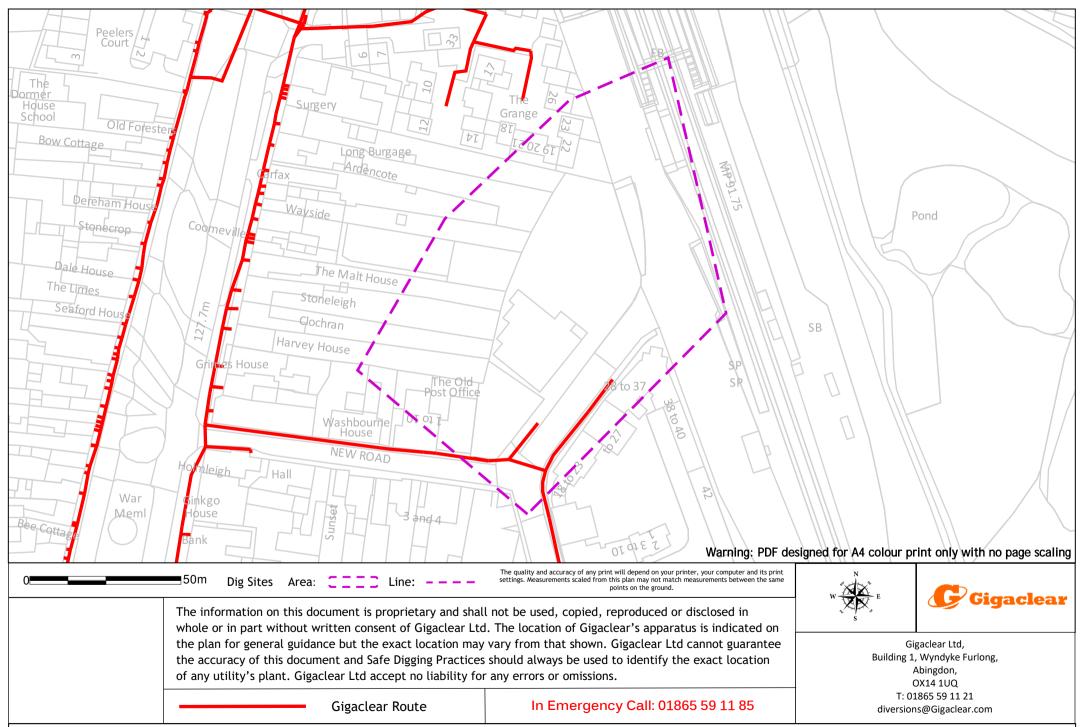
A: Affected NA: Non-Affected

AWE Pipeine	NA	EXA Infrastructure	NA	RWE Npower	NA
BOC Limited (Still Awaiting Response)	NA	Fulcrum Pipelines	NA	Scottish Power Generation	NA
ВРА	NA	Gamma	NA	Seabank Power Ltd	NA
Carrington Gas Pipelines	NA	Gateshead Energy Company	NA	SSE Enterprise Telecoms	NA
CATS Pipeline	NA	Gigaclear PLC	Α	Tata Communications	NA
Cemex	NA	GTT	NA	Total Finaline Pipelines	NA
Centrica Storage Ltd	NA	Indigo Pipelines	NA	Transmission Capital	NA
CLH Pipeline	NA	Last Mile	NA	Uniper UK ltd	NA
Concept Solutions	NA	Mainline Pipelines Ltd	NA	Vettenfall	NA
Energy Assets Networks	NA	Manchester Jetline Ltd	NA	Veolia ES SEL CHP	NA
EriGrid	NA	Marchwood Power Ltd	NA	Westminster City Council	NA
EnQuest NNS Ltd	NA	National Grid Electricity Transmission	NA	Zayo Group	NA
EP Langage Ltd	NA	Neos Networks Ltd	NA		
ESP Utilities Group	NA	Premier Transmission Ltd	NA		
EuNetworks Fibre	NA	Redundant Pipelines	NA		



Gigaclear Ultrafast Fibre Broadband

www.gigaclear.co.uk





Non LSBUD Members

<u>Company</u>	Affected Y/N		
	(Report and Letter included for Affected companies)		
Arelion	N		
Colt Technology	N		
Cross Rail	N		
ENGIE	N		
EU Networks	N		
Instalcom	N		
KCOM	N		
Last Mile	N		
Mobile Broadband	N		
Network Rail	N		
Sky UK	N		
SOTA	N		
Transport for London	N		
Utility Assets	N		
Verizon	N		





www.zeticauxo.com

UNEXPLODED BOMB RISK MAP

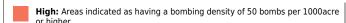


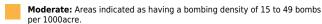
SITE LOCATION

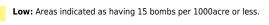
Location: GL56 0DE, Map Centre: 420647.232590



LEGEND























Bombing decoy ?



How to use your Unexploded Bomb (UXB) risk map?

The map indicates the potential for Unexploded Bombs (UXB) to be present as a result of World War Two (WWII) bombing.

You can incorporate the map into your preliminary risk assessment* for potential Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) for a site. Using this map, you can make an informed decision as to whether more in-depth detailed risk assessment* is necessary.

What do I do if my site is in a moderate or high risk area?

Generally, we recommend that a detailed UXO desk study and risk assessment is undertaken for sites in a moderate or high UXB risk area.

Similarly, if your site is near to a designated Luftwaffe target or bombing decoy then additional detailed research is recommended

More often than not, this further detailed research will conclude that the potential for a significant UXO hazard to be present on your site is actually low.

Never plan site work or undertake a risk assessment using these maps alone. More detail is required, particularly where there may be a source of UXO from other military operations which are not reflected on these maps.

If my site is in a low risk area, do I need to do anything?

If both the map and other research confirms that there is a low potential for UXO to be present on your site then, subject to your own comfort and risk tolerance, works can proceed with no special precautions.

A low risk really means that there is no greater probability of encountering UXO than anywhere else in the UK.

If you are unsure whether other sources of UXO may be present, you can ask for one of our **pre-desk study assessments (PDSA)**

If I have any questions, who do I contact?

tel: +44 (0) 1993 886682 email: uxo@zetica.com web: www.zeticauxo.com

The information in this UXB risk map is derived from a number of sources and should be used in conjunction with the accompanying notes on our website: (https://zeticauxo.com/downloads-and-resources/risk-maps/)

Zetica cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of the information or data used and cannot accept any liability for any use of the maps. These maps can be used as part of a technical report or similar publication, subject to acknowledgment. The copyright remains with Zetica Ltd.

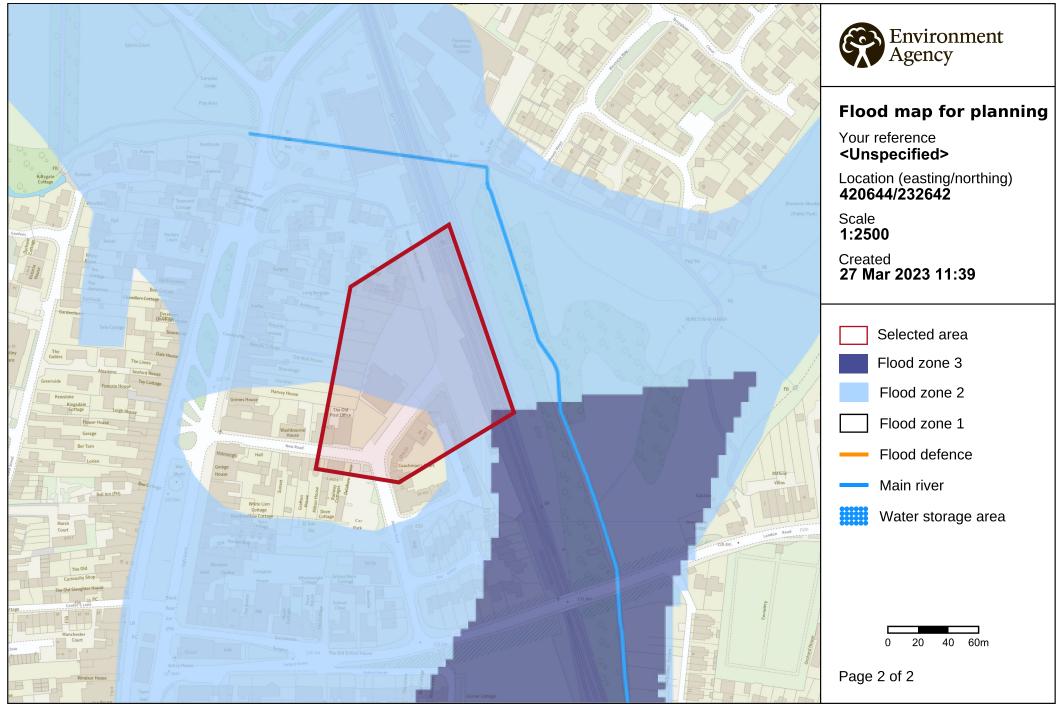
It is important to note that this map is not a UXO risk assessment and should not be reported as such when reproduced.

*Preliminary and detailed UXO risk assessments are advocated as good practice by industry guidance such as CIRIA C681 'Unexploded Ordnance (UXO), a guide for the construction industry'.





www.flood-map-for-planning.service.gov.uk



© Environment Agency copyright and / or database rights 2022. All rights reserved. © Crown Copyright and database right 2022. Ordnance Survey licence number 100024198.



Flood map for planning

Your reference Location (easting/northing) Created

<Unspecified> 420644/232642 27 Mar 2023 11:39

Your selected location is in flood zone 3, an area with a high probability of flooding.

This means:

- you must complete a flood risk assessment for development in this area
- you should follow the Environment Agency's standing advice for carrying out a flood risk assessment (see www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-assessment-standing-advice)

Notes

The flood map for planning shows river and sea flooding data only. It doesn't include other sources of flooding. It is for use in development planning and flood risk assessments.

This information relates to the selected location and is not specific to any property within it. The map is updated regularly and is correct at the time of printing.

Flood risk data is covered by the Open Government Licence which sets out the terms and conditions for using government data. https://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/version/3/

Use of the address and mapping data is subject to Ordnance Survey public viewing terms under Crown copyright and database rights 2022 OS 100024198. https://flood-map-for-planning.service.gov.uk/os-terms

Appendices

Electric- NGED

Customer Letter Avoidance of Danger Look Out Look Up

~

Gas- Wales and West

Customer Letter Can you Dig it General Conditions

~

Water- Thames Water

Customer Letter

~

Cable TV- Virgin Media

None

~

GTC

GTC Letter

~

LSBUD Members

Gigaclear Letter



Our Ref: 28970823 Your Ref: U23-8718

Monday, 27 March 2023

Thank you for your enquiry dated Monday, 27 March 2023

I now enclose a copy of our plan showing existing National Grid Electricity Distribution (NGED) Electricity / National Grid Telecoms (NGT) apparatus in the vicinity of your proposed works. This information is given as a general guide only and its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Please note that all NGED equipment on site should be assumed to be LIVE until NGED prove otherwise and provide you with confirmation to this effect in writing. Recent additions to our network, or service connections between the main cable and a building or street lamp may not be shown.

Damage to underground cables and contact with overhead lines can cause severe injury or may prove fatal. If you are excavating on site in the vicinity of either NGED Electrical apparatus or NGT Telecoms apparatus you must comply with the requirements of the following:-

Health & Safety Executive guidance HS(G)47, Avoiding Danger from underground services.

Work taking place in the vicinity of our plant is also regulated under the:-

Electricity at Work Regulations 1989, Health and Safety Act 1974, CDM Regulations 2015.

Safe working procedures should be defined and practiced

Please ensure that the use of mechanical excavators in the vicinity of our plant is kept to a minimum. NGT Telecoms ducts contain fibre cables, which are expensive to repair. Therefore, extreme care must be taken whilst working in the vicinity of these ducts, hand digging methods being used to determine their precise position.

If there are overhead lines crossing your site and your proposal involves building works which may infringe the clearance to our overhead system then you should call the relevant general enquiries number (see page 2 of this letter) for advice. Where overhead lines cross your site you must comply with the requirements of Health & Safety Executive guidance as laid down in GS6, Avoidance of Danger from Overhead Electric Lines.

Where diversions to NGED apparatus are needed to allow change to occur on site, the cost of these alterations may be charged to the persons responsible for the works.

If you require advice in connection with your proposals please contact the relevant general enquiries number (see page 2 of this letter)

Following consultation the local NGED team will where necessary prepare detailed proposals and provide a quotation for any necessary alterations and/or development of our equipment on the site.

This information is given as a guide only and its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. This plan is based on data from our Geographic Information System, which is updated every 24 hours to reflect changes to our network. The information contained in this plan reflects the most recent network GIS data, however changes to the network (including network additions and new service

National Grid Electricity

Distribution

Mapping Centre

Toll End Road

Tipton

West Midlands

United Kingdom

DY4 0HH

www.nationalgrid.co.uk

Map Response T 0121 623 9780 NGED.MapResponse

@nationalgrid.co.uk

National Grid Electrricity

Distribution

South West - 02366894

South Wales - 02366985

East Midlands - 02366923

West Midlands - 03600574

Registered in

England and Wales

Registered Office:

Avonbank

Feeder Road

Bristol

BS2 OTB

Safety Documents: 1 | 3



connections) may not be shown. You are advised to obtain an up to date plan on the date of commencing on-site works.

Yours sincerely NGED Map Response Team

Contact Us

Emergency or Power Supply issues

In an emergency call 105, 24 hours a day.

Mapping Enquiries

If you have an enquiry relating to this letter or the attached map plan, please contact us using the following information:

Telephone 0121 623 9780

Email NGED.MapResponse@nationalgrid.co.uk

General Enquiries

If you have a general enquiry, please call us on the following telephone number:

All areas 0800 096 3080

LSBUD

If you have an enquiry relating to the use of the LSBUD website please contact LSBUD using the following information:

Telephone 0345 437 7365

Email enquiries@LSBUD.co.uk Website www.LSBUD.co.uk

Safety Documents: 2 | 3



Steps to help keep you safe

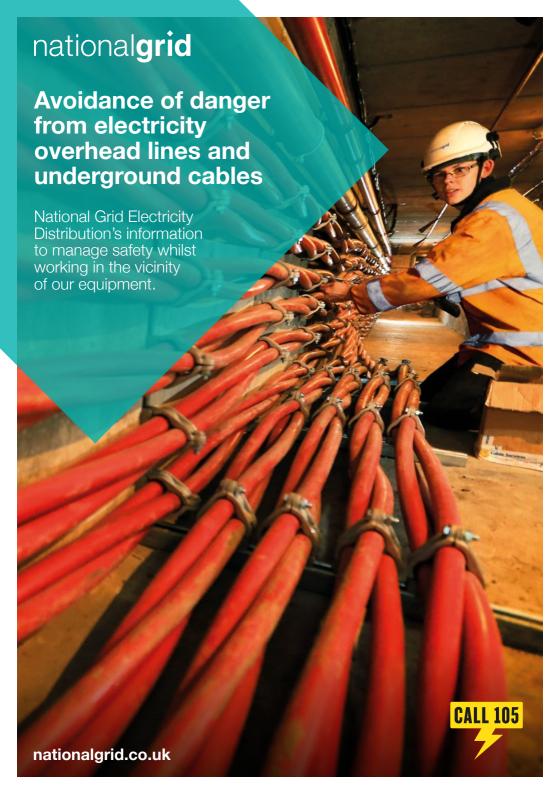
• If you are working within 10 metres of our 33kV, 66kV, 132kV underground electricity cables or within

10 meters of an overhead electricity line you should call the relevant General Enquiries for free safety advice.

Safety Documents – please download our informative safety documents to help ensure that you, your staff and the public are kept safe whilst working in the vicinity of electricity. https://www.nationalgrid.co.uk/customers-and-community/health-safety/public-safety-advice

- Make sure you have up to date plans remember that recent additions to our network or service connections between the main cable and a building or street lamp may not be shown.
- Look for signs of service cables an electricity meter box or nearby streetlamp may give you an indication that service cables are present in your area of work.
- **Non NGED Network** electricity cables, lines and equipment owned by others may also be present in addition to NGED network. They are unlikely to be shown on our plans.
- Use a cable locator trace electricity cables and mark the position of them using paint or other waterproof marking on the ground.
- **Hand dig trial holes** to confirm the position of cables in close proximity to your area of your work and use spades and shovels rather than picks, pins or forks.
- **Have an emergency plan** so that everyone working on site understands what to do in the event of an underground electricity cable being damaged or contact being made with an overhead electricity line.
- If you are working within 10 meters of an overhead electricity line then it may be necessary for you to erect warning signs and markers, or height restriction goal posts. Ensure that you comply with the requirements of Health & Safety Executive guidance laid down in GS6, Avoidance of Danger from Overhead Electric Lines.
- If you are erecting a structure that could allow anyone standing on it, or its access device (ladder, scaffold, MEWP), to come within 3m of any overhead electric line then you must inform us. This is your duty and a legal requirement under the Electricity Safety, Quality & Continuity Regulations 2002.
- If you cannot work safely around the underground electricity cable or overhead electricity line, then you may need to get it moved to allow your works to go ahead. Call the general enquiry numbers above for guidance.
- It is possible that cables or pipes may be embedded in concrete electricity cables embedded in concrete MUST be made 'dead' by Western Power Distribution or the cable owner before the concrete is broken out. Alternatively, another safe way of working should be agreed.
- Cables are sometimes covered by tiles or a marker tape these can be concrete, polythene or earthenware and are a useful early warning of the presence of cables; you should avoid disturbing any tiles or tape to expose the cable. Not all cables have these warning indicators.

Safety Documents: 3 | 3



Avoidance of danger from electricity overhead lines and underground cables

Every year in the UK on average, two people are killed and many more are injured when mechanical plant and machinery comes into contact or close proximity to overhead electricity lines.

Although electric shock is the first thing that people associate with coming into contact with our network, those who have witnessed the effects of damage to our system are shocked by the amount of heat, light and noise that are the result of an electrical flashover.

In the Midlands, South West and South Wales, National Grid Electricity Distribution (NGED) have had to attend to incidents where people have accidentally made contact with one of our live electricity overhead lines or damaged an underground cable and became seriously injured.

A significant number of these accidents occurred whilst people were working in the vicinity of overhead and underground electrical apparatus and this booklet has been produced to provide general guidance on how you and your employees can avoid becoming one of these statistics.



It makes sense to consider your safety while in the vicinity of our equipment as early in your planning process as possible.

One of the first things you should do whenever you are planning your work is to check whether there is any of our equipment in the immediate vicinity. You should do this whether your work is taking place on public (e.g. highways and footpaths) or on private land.

Companies and organisations can request plans through LSBUD (Linesearch BeforeUdig) **Isbud.co.uk** – this site provides the same high quality plans and service that the NGED Webmap system has provided in the past, with the significant added benefit of searching over 40 other asset owners from a single query, including underground and overhead electricity networks, gas, high pressure fuel, water and fibre optic networks.

(Please note: not all asset owners are represented by LSBUD, and enquiries should also be made independently to all other relevant organisations).

This service allows you to request plans online and receive an information pack back via email within minutes.

Domestic/private customers should request plans using the phone number, email or postal address shown at the bottom of this section.

For instance, take a good look around your site to see if there are any visible overhead lines.

You should also bear in mind that we have a very extensive network of underground cables, and we are always happy to supply a plan from our Map Response Team who can be contacted via the following;

Tel·

0121 623 9780

Email:

nged.mapresponse@nationalgrid.co.uk

It is always safer to assume that there are underground cables present in the ground until you have proven otherwise.

An online mapping service is available at: nationalgrid.co.uk/
our-network/check-before-you-dig-location-of-our-cables-and-equipment

Working in the vicinity of underground cables

Having obtained copies of our network maps, it is important to recognise that in most cases there will be no surface indication of the presence of underground cables.

nationalgrid

We therefore advise that you take the following actions:

- make sure that you have up-to-date copies of our cable record plans on site - not back in the office
- don't assume that these plans are to scale if they have been faxed or copied
- make sure that a competent person using a Cable Avoidance Tool (CAT) locates all of the cables shown on these plans
- mark the locations of cables on the ground surface with waterproof road paint or other permanent marker
- always assume that our cables are live unless we have informed you, in writing, otherwise
- by hand, dig trial holes to locate the exact position of all cables.
 Always use an insulated spade or shovel – never use a pick, fork or power tool – push the spade or shovel into the ground applying foot pressure
- look out for ducts, marker tape or tiles but do not rely on these.
 Even if a cable route was originally laid in a duct or with a marker tape, these may have been removed during other excavations at a later date along with all or part of the cable route
- brief all people working in the vicinity of the presence and location of all underground cables.

Under no circumstances should you attempt to work on, or interfere with, any of our underground cables

The only people qualified to work on this equipment are our operatives; who have been specifically trained and are authorised in writing to do so.

Please also be aware that:

- cable record plans are not guaranteed to be completely accurate. Kerb lines, roads and buildings may have been moved or altered since the cables were laid
- cables should ordinarily be at least 450mm deep, but don't assume this to be the case where you are working – ground levels could have changed
- not all service cables are shown on record plans, so look for cables running down poles and bear in mind that all buildings, street lights and street furniture are likely to have cables running to them.
 Cables feeding street furniture may be relatively shallow near to the furniture
- cables do not run in straight lines.
 They often "snake" through the ground avoiding surface and buried obstacles that may not be visible to you
- cables are flexible and can change direction and depth abruptly – for this reason never use mechanical excavators within 0.5m of any underground electricity cable even if you have located it with trial holes

- no attempt should be made to break out concrete surrounding a cable. Please contact us immediately on our general enquiries number and we will discuss the options for safe working which may include making the cable dead or you moving your work site if possible. If we need to make the cable dead we may need to provide our customers with two weeks notice of the power interruption
- our cables and joints are not designed to act as steps or to be left unsupported.
 If you remove support from any cable, you will need to support it using temporary hangers at not more than 0.5m intervals.
- when backfilling, please consolidate the ground under the cables, cover the cable with soil free of stones or with stone dust and replace any cable marker tiles, ducts and tape.



If you damage an underground cable

You must immediately clear the area of personnel because the cable could still be live, or become live again.

If a machine is still in contact with the cable, instruct the driver to jump clear of the vehicle, avoiding simultaneous contact with any part of the machine and the ground. Try to land with your feet as close together as possible.

Where possible, continue to move away from the vehicle using "bunny hops" with your feet together until at least 15m from the vehicle.

Please contact us on our emergency number immediately and tell us what has happened. Please be ready to provide us with a contact telephone number and an accurate location or set of directions – this will help us in getting our staff to site quickly to minimise any danger and lessen the disruption to your work.

Incident locations can be hard to describe. Using the free What3Words app will enable us to quickly and easily identify where the incident has taken place across our network.



Please report any damage to a cable, however superficial it might seem. The cable may not fail at the time of damage, but it could fail later, causing danger to our staff and other contractors, disruption to our customers' supplies, and also – if we trace the damage back to you – a large repair bill.

Working in the vicinity of overhead lines

Under no circumstances should you attempt to work on, or interfere with any of our overhead line equipment or service wires.

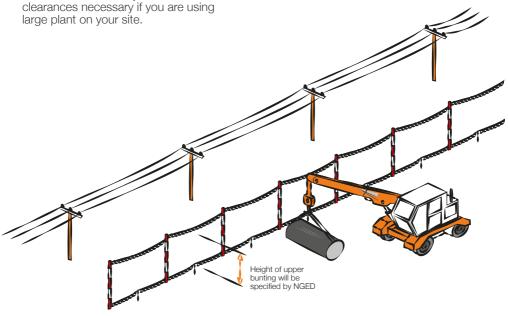
The only people qualified to work on this equipment are our operatives; who have been specifically trained and are authorised in writing to do so. Overhead lines have the advantage that, unlike underground cables, they can easily be seen.

- Always assume that our overhead lines are live unless we have informed you otherwise in writing.
- We will be able to advise you about the type and voltage of the overhead lines in question and provide you with information about the clearances that you must adhere to during your work. Please ring our regional general enquiries number for further advice.
- In some circumstances, we may be able to temporarily shroud low voltage overhead lines and services running to buildings if you need to work in the vicinity e.g. for scaffolding erection, fascia repairs and painting work on domestic properties.
 We don't normally charge for the shrouding of overhead lines, but please give us as much notice as possible.

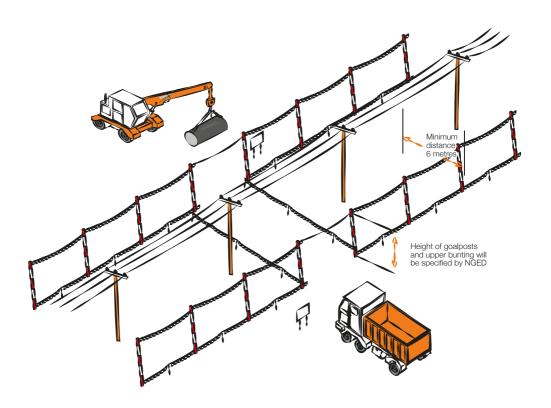
- If you think that you will be working close to our overhead lines and they need shrouding – please don't start work until we have agreed what needs to be done and all safety precautions are in place.
- If you are in any doubt about whether the overhead lines in question are power or telephone (this is a very common mistake) – please ask us.
- Please note that it is not technically possible to shroud high voltage lines, so if you cannot avoid working near to our high voltage lines, contact us and we will be happy to meet with you to discus safe alternatives.

- If it is decided that work can go ahead in the vicinity of our overhead lines but there is a risk of you infringing the safety clearances from the overhead lines, you have a responsibility to erect safety barriers to segregate your works from the area around the overhead lines. The detailed requirements for these barriers are provided in the HSE document GS6 'Avoidance of Danger from Overhead Lines'. As a summary they should consist of:
 - red and white coloured posts erected at 6m intervals, with coloured bunting stretched between their tops, supplemented by low level bunting erected at 1m above ground level, supported at 3m intervals on red and white coloured posts.
 This is shown below.
- We are able to advise you on the height of the barriers and any additional clearances necessary if you are using large plant on your site.

- Any bunting, ropes and lanyards used should be made from an insulating material.
- These barriers should be erected parallel to the overhead line at a minimum distance of 6m horizontally from the outermost conductor of the overhead line.
- The supports may be supported by rubble or concrete filled barrels or buried directly in the ground.
- Danger notices should be fixed to all of your high level supports.
- The ground enclosed within these barriers is best regarded as "dead ground" in which all foot and vehicular traffic is forbidden, in all circumstances, for the duration of your work.

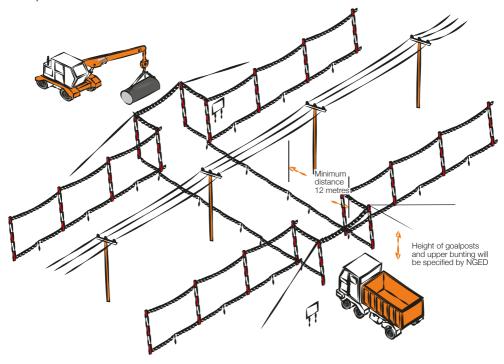


- Where it is necessary for foot and vehicular traffic to pass under the line, you will need to form a marked access way between the barriers as shown below.
- This access way should comprise of bunting erected 1m above ground, supplemented by high level "goal-posts" erected at either end.
- The goal post cross bars should be rigid, made of insulating material and positioned in a location and at a height specified by us.
- The access route should be as narrow as possible and should not normally exceed 10m in width.
- If it is necessary to make the access route wider than this, you may find it impractical to use rigid cross bars, so you may use a tensioned rope and bunting instead. If you use rope and bunting as a cross bar, you should move the entrance to the access route out to a minimum distance of 12m from the outermost conductor of the line. This is to allow for any stretching of the rope if pulled by your plant.



- If you decide to use steel wire rope to support the barrier, this must be effectively connected to earth at both ends.
- You should also install Danger Notices at all probable directions of approach and clearly display the cross bar height.
- Whatever measures you take, you should ensure that everyone working in the vicinity of overhead lines is briefed about the risks and what safety measures are in place. Do not permit anyone to carry long objects, especially scaffold poles, ladders and irrigation pipes in the vicinity of overhead lines.
- If you are working at night, or in conditions or poor visibility, you should ensure the area is well lit and that the overhead lines are clearly visible.
- You should ensure that all shrouding, barriers and signs are regularly inspected and maintained so that they remain effective.

- Overhead lines are not normally insulated and electricity at high voltages may jump, so a dangerous situation can arise just from a close approach.
- If you are planning to carry out tree cutting or arboriculture work in the vicinity of our overhead lines, you need to be aware that this is a complex, high risk activity and we recommend that you employ a competent tree surgeon, who complies with all of the requirements of Forestry industry Safety Accord (FISA) publication FISA 804 - Electricity at work: Forestry.



If contact is made with an overhead line

You must immediately clear the area and suspend all work within 50m of the damage because the line could still be live, or become live again. The operator of a machine that is in contact with an overhead line should:

- If the machine is still operable and the operator is still in the cab:
 - provided that you do not risk breaking the overhead line or dragging it to the ground, immediately lower the raised parts of the machine using only the controls in the cab and/or drive the vehicle clear of the overhead line
 - contact us immediately on our emergency number so that we can check the overhead lines
 - instruct other people in the vicinity not to approach the vehicle.
- . If the machine is not operable, cannot be driven clear of the overhead line or there is a risk that doing so will break the line or drag it to the ground:
 - stay in the cab
 - contact your site manager or us immediately on our emergency number by radio or mobile phone or as soon as possible by any other method
 - instruct everyone outside the vehicle not to approach it
 - do not exit the cab until given confirmation by wpd personnel that it is safe to do so.

- · If the machine is inoperable or cannot be driven free and there is risk of fire or other immediate hazard:
 - jump clear of the vehicle, avoiding simultaneous contact with any part of the machine and the ground
 - try to land with your feet as close together as possible
 - where possible, continue to move away from the vehicle jumping with both feet together until at least 15m from the vehicle. Instruct other people in the vicinity not to approach the vehicle. Contact us immediately on our emergency number
 - do not return to the vehicle until given confirmation by wpd personnel that it is safe to do so.

Whatever the circumstances please contact us on our emergency number immediately and tell us what has happened. Please be ready to provide us with a contact telephone number and an accurate location or set of directions - this will help us in getting our staff to site quickly to minimise any danger and lessen any disruption to your work.



Please report any damage or contact no matter how minor they may seem to you at the time. The damage may not cause a serious problem at the time of damage, but it could fail later, causing danger to our staff and members of the public, disruption to our customers' supplies, and if we trace the damage back to you - a large repair bill.

More information

For your information, we are legally obliged to report all contact with our system to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), and, if you are an employer, you may be obliged to report incidents involving your staff or contractors to the HSE.

Even if no one is hurt, you could be prosecuted for failing to report such an incident.

More detailed general information on this subject is available in the following publications from the HSE:

- HSG(47) Avoiding Danger from Underground Services
- GS6 Avoidance of Danger from Overhead Lines
- along with Forestry Industry Safety Accord (FISA) publication FISA 804 – Electricity at Work: Forestry

If you require more site-specific information relating to our equipment at your location please contact us on our general enquiry number:

Our general enquiry number is:

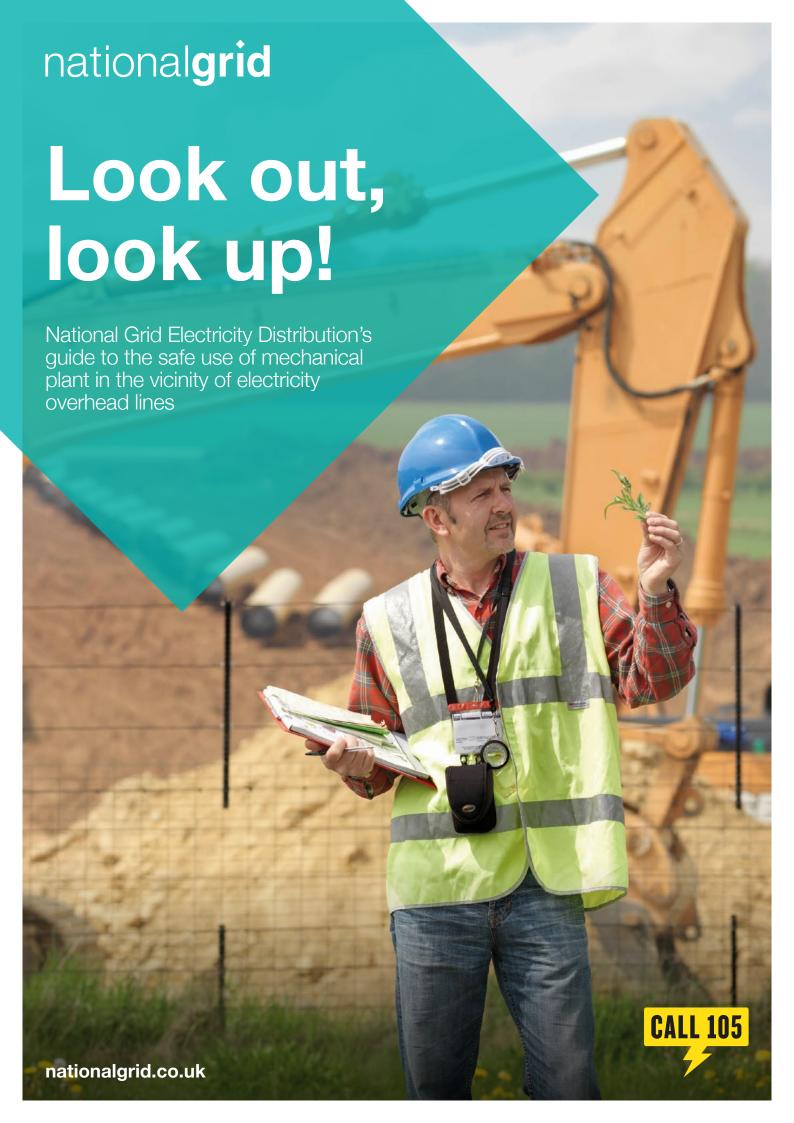
0800 096 3080

National Grid Electricity Distribution plc Avonbank Feeder Road Bristol BS2 0TB United Kingdom

nationalgrid.co.uk

Finally

Please, always remember that electricity cables and overhead lines can be very dangerous – the general rule is **stay away and stay safe.**



The safe use of mechanical plant in the vicinity of electricity overhead lines

Every year in the UK on average, two people are killed and many more are injured when mechanical plant and machinery comes into contact or close proximity to overhead electricity lines.

This booklet has been produced for anyone who uses mobile plant, (such as Hiabs, MEWPs, tipper lorries and trailers, grab lorries, concrete conveyors and excavators) for short duration work and provides general guidance on how to avoid becoming part of these statistics.

1 Before starting work

Overhead lines have the advantage that they can easily be seen, so before you set up your vehicle or plant always:

Stop and look up!



If you are working at night, or in conditions of poor visibility, you should use spotlights or a torch to carefully check that there are no overhead lines within your vehicle's reach.



If you are in any doubt about whether the lines in question are power or telephone (this is a very common mistake) – always assume that they are power lines and are live.



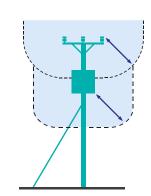
It is not normally practical for electricity companies to shroud high voltage conductors and even when low voltage conductors are shrouded, the shrouding is not designed to protect against contact by mechanical plant – again, always assume the lines are live.

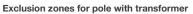
2 Exclusion zones

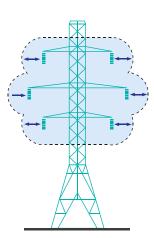
Overhead power lines are not normally insulated and so any contact can result in serious or fatal injuries. Electricity at high voltages can also jump gaps with no warning whatsoever, so it is also dangerous to let your plant approach too close to a line. The distance that electricity can jump depends on the voltage of the line.

The higher the voltage, the further you must stay away from the line and any other equipment that may be fitted to the pole or pylon. This distance is called the **exclusion zone**. Examples of this are shown highlighted in the diagram below.

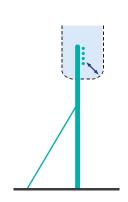
Exclusion zones are shown in blue







Exclusion zone high voltage (HV)

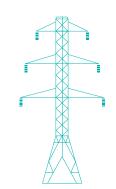


Exclusion zone low voltage (LV)

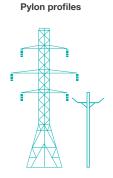
You must not allow any part of your plant to enter the **exclusion zone**. The diagram below shows typical types of overhead lines and provides a guide to help

you assess the line voltage of lines on wooden poles or steel pylons. The minimum **exclusion zone distance** is shown for each example.

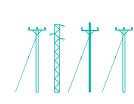
Pole profiles



275kV or 400kV Exclusion Zone 7m



132kV Exclusion Zone 6m



11kV and 33kV Exclusion Zone 3m



LV 230/400V Exclusion Zone 1m

Please note that these are absolute minimum distances that should under no circumstances be infringed. If you do – it could prove fatal. As well as staying away from the lines or equipment, you should also stay at least

600mm away from any part of poles, pylons and stay wires. Please remember that is for guidance only, and if you are in any doubt, please call us for advice before setting up your plant or starting work.

3 Stand off distances

If there are power lines in the vicinity of your work the best way to make sure you stay out of the **exclusion zone** is to position your vehicle at a **safe stand off distance** so that, even when fully extended, no part of it can accidentally reach inside the **exclusion zone**.

This **safe stand off distance** can be calculated by adding the **exclusion zone** distance for the appropriate voltage of the line to the **maximum operating reach** of your vehicle.

This is shown in the diagram opposite.

If you position your vehicle outside of the **safe stand off distance**, there is no risk of accidental contact with the lines and no danger of electricity jumping from the line to your vehicle.

If you cannot achieve a **safe stand off distance**, consider moving your vehicle to a safer location.

It may make your job a bit more difficult, but if it means you stay away from the **exclusion zone** - it will be safer.

The next best option would be to consider using smaller plant with a **maximum operating reach** that cannot enter the **exclusion zone**.

You may not be able to achieve either of these options, so, as a last resort, if you cannot avoid operating large items of plant in the vicinity of lines, you must make sure that the plant is fitted with restraints to ensure that the **exclusion zone** cannot be entered.

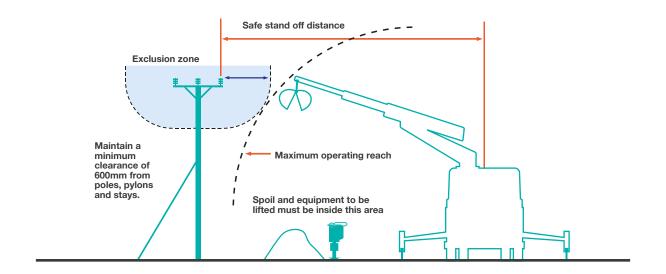
These restraints may be electrical or hydraulic systems fitted to the plant, or mechanical devices such as chains.

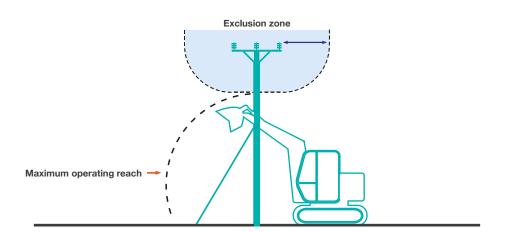
Please seek advice from the plant manufacturer for more information on choices available for your particular item of plant. If you are using a mechanical excavator to dig parallel to the line, it is good practice to position the excavator with the tracks or wheels parallel to the line, so as you move along the excavation the safe stand off distance is easily maintained.

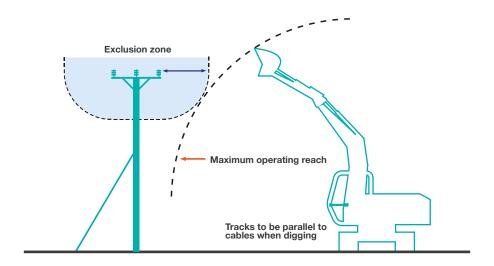
Care must also be taken to avoid non mechanical equipment, (e.g. scaffold poles, ladders and long loads such as lengths of steel or timber) from entering the exclusion zone.

Always maintain at least 600mm clearance from your plant to any of our poles, stay wires or pylons. Any contact with these by your plant could cause the line to break and fall to the ground.









4 Emergency procedures

If contact is made with an overhead line, you must immediately clear the area and suspend all work within 50m of the damage because the line could still be live, or become live again.

The operator of a machine that is in contact with an overhead line should take the following steps:

If the machine is still operable:

 lower any raised parts that are controlled from the driving position and/or drive the vehicle clear of the line, as long as neither of these actions risk breaking the line or dragging it to the ground.

If the machine is not operable or cannot be driven clear of the line:

- stay in the cab
- contact your site manager or us immediately by radio or mobile phone or as soon as possible by any other method
- instruct everyone outside the vehicle not to approach it
- do not exit the cab until given confirmation by National Grid Electricity Distribution personnel that it is safe to do so.

If the machine is inoperable or cannot be driven free and there is risk of fire or other immediate hazard:

- jump clear of the vehicle, avoiding simultaneous contact with any part of the machine and the ground
- try to land with your feet as close together as possible
- where possible, continue to move away from the vehicle using "bunny hops" with your feet together until at least 15m from the vehicle
- instruct other people in the vicinity not to approach the vehicle
- do not return to the vehicle until given confirmation by National Grid Electricity Distribution personnel that it is safe to do so.

Whatever the circumstances please contact us on our emergency number immediately and tell us what has happened.

Please be ready to provide us with a contact telephone number and an accurate location or set of directions – this will help us in getting our staff to site quickly to minimise any danger and to reduce any disruption to your work.

Our emergency number is: 105 or 0800 6783 105

Please report any damage or contact no matter how minor they may seem to you at the time.

Whilst the damage may not cause a serious problem at the time of contact it could fail later, causing danger to our staff and members of the public, disruption to our customer's supplies, and – if we trace the damage back to you – a larger repair bill!



5 More information

Proximity Warning Systems (such as Wire Watcher – see wirewatcher.co.uk for information) may be fitted to your vehicle. Never turn these devices off or disable them in any way.

Take note of any warnings these proximity warning systems may provide but do not use the presence of such devices as a reason not to follow the advice provided in this leaflet.

For your information, we are legally obliged to report all contact with our system to the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), and, if you are an employer, you may be obliged to report incidents involving your staff or contractors to the Health & Safety Executive (HSE). Even if no one is hurt, you could still find yourself being prosecuted for causing a dangerous occurrence.

6 Further reading

For advice related to signing and guarding at longer term work sites please also refer to National Grid Electricity Distribution booklet "Avoidance of Danger from Electricity Overhead Lines and Underground Cables". More detailed information is also published in the following documents available from the HSE.

GS6 – Avoidance of Danger from Overhead Lines.

HS(G) 47 – Avoiding Danger from Underground Services.

Along with Forestry Industry Safety Accord (FISA) publication **FISA 804** - **Electricity at Work: Forestry.**



If you require more site-specific information relating to our equipment at your location please contact us on the relevant **general enquiries number:**

0800 096 3080

Finally... please, always remember that electricity overhead lines can be very dangerous – the general rule is stay away and stay safe!

National Grid Electricity Distribution plc Avonbank Feeder Road Bristol BS2 0TB United Kingdom



Our Ref: 28970823 U23-8718

Monday, 27 March 2023

Company Address

Wales and West Utilities Ltd, Wales and West House, Spooner Close, Celtic, Springs, Coedkernew, Newport, NP10 8FZ

Thank you for contacting us regarding Wales & West Utilities equipment at the above site.

I enclose an extract from our mains records of the area covered by your proposals together with a comprehensive list of General Conditions for your guidance. This information is given as a general guide and its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes, valves, syphons, stub connections, etc., are not shown but their presence should be anticipated.

No liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Wales and West Utilities (WWU), its agents or servants for any error or omission. Please note that all WWU equipment on site should be assumed to be LIVE until proven otherwise.

Safe digging practices, in accordance with HS(G)47, Avoiding Danger from underground services must be used to verify and establish the actual position of mains, pipes, services and other apparatus on site before any mechanical plant is used. It is your responsibility to ensure that this information is provided to all persons (either direct labour or contractors) working for you on or near gas apparatus. Safe working procedures should be defined and practiced.

WWU reserves its position completely to enforce the terms of any existing easement against the landowner, even if this results in any planning permission granted not being able to be fully implemented.

You must not build over any of our plant or enclose our apparatus.

Wales & West Utilities have no planning objections to these proposals, although it should be noted that Wales & West's apparatus is held pursuant to easements and it has other private law rights in relation to the use of the land in the vicinity of its apparatus. Wales & West's private law land rights are not material planning considerations and therefore no comment is made in relation to those rights and they have no impact on whether or not planning permission should be granted, or whether, if permission is granted, it can lawfully be implemented. It should also be noted that Wales & West's apparatus may be at risk during construction works and should the planning application be approved, then we require the promoter of these works to contact us directly to discuss our requirements in detail. Should diversion works be required these will be fully chargeable.

Where diversions to WWU apparatus are needed to allow change to occur on site, the cost of these alterations may be charged to the persons responsible for the works.

If you have requested a new connection the WWU connections team will where necessary prepare detailed proposals and provide a quotation for any necessary alterations and/or development of our equipment on the site.

If you require advice in connection with your proposals please contact the relevant number below.

Yours sincerely,



Company Address

Wales and West Utilities Ltd, Wales and West House, Spooner Close, Celtic, Springs, Coedkernew, Newport, NP10 8FZ

WWU Dig Team

Gas Emergency Number:

In an emergency call 0800 111 999, 24 hours a day.

Mapping Enquiries:

If you have an enquiry relating to this letter or the attached map plan, please contact us using the following information:

Telephone 02920 278912

Email dig@wwutilities.co.uk

General Enquiries:

If you have a general enquiry, please call us on the following number

All areas 0800 912 29 99

LinesearchbeforeUdig:

If you have an enquiry relating to the use of the LinesearchbeforeUdig website please contact LinesearchbeforeUdig using the following information:

Telephone 0845 437 7365

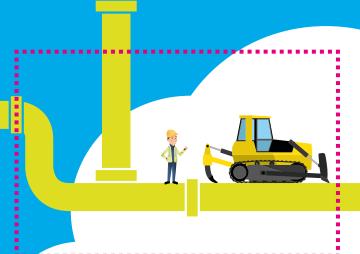
Email enquiries@linesearchbeforeudig.co.uk Website www.linesearchbeforeudig.co.uk



Every day, underground gas pipes get damaged by people digging without knowing what's below. This can be catastrophic. It might cause serious injury to you and others around you. The costs of repair, fines and fees can be huge. Your project will be delayed and your reputation damaged.

We have designed this leaflet to help you dig safely. And the first thing to do – long before you start work – is call us.

What's the number? **029 2027 8912**



CARD POSITION (DO NOT PRINT)

We're here to help



Plant Protection team on 029 2027 8912
or email dig@wwwutilities.co.uk

Smell gas?
Call the Gas Emergency Service on 0800 111 999.



⊠ dig@wwutilities.co.uk

029 2027 8912

www.wwutilities.co.uk

f facebook.com/wwutilities



Dial Investigate Go ahead

YOUR GAS EMERGENCY AND PIPELINE SERVICE



Can you DIG it?

We bring the gas to homes and businesses across Wales and the south west of England. We invest money, time and effort every year to make sure our pipelines are protected – but the biggest danger to our network is you.



D is for Dial

Digging can be dangerous. Hit a gas pipe and you might cause a gas leak, a fire or explosion.

So phone us first on **029 2027 8912** or email **dig@wwwtilities.co.uk**

- You can find out where our pipes are.
- You need to give us 10 working days' notice before you start working.





Lis for Investigate

It's the only way to stay safe

- Before you start work, you must get a copy of our up-to-date gas plans and General Conditions and keep them with you on site.
- Use our online mapping service to find the mains pipes under your land.
- Working near a medium-, or intermediate- or highpressure gas pipe? You might need a site visit – call us so we can arrange it.
- Plan ahead we need at least 10 days' notice for a site visit.
- You'll also need our publication 'SSW22 Safe working in the vicinity of high-pressure pipelines and associated installations'.
- Remember, you can't work on a Wales & West Utilities wayleave or easement (land which we have rights over to maintain our gas network) without written permission.
- And you can't work near or move heavy equipment over any gas pipeline until all our conditions have been met and we agree your method of working.
- Watch the video on our website to find out more.





G is for Go ahead

- Make sure you have our up-to-date gas plans on site.
- Need extra advice? Call our Plant Protection team on 029 2027 8912 or email dig@wwutilities.co.uk
- Use cable- and pipe-locating devices.
- Use safe digging practices, taking every precaution to avoid damaging gas pipes, damaging yourself and damaging your bank balance. You will be billed for any costs if something goes wrong.
- If in doubt, phone us again. We're happy to help.

We need 10 days' notice



Smell gas?

Our Gas Emergency Service is on call 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 365 days a year.

If you cause a gas leak, or think the network might be leaking, call the Gas Emergency Service immediately on 0800 111 999.

- Get everyone away from the leak.
- Ask everyone in nearby buildings to leave until we're sure it's safe.
- Put out all naked flames and other sources of ignition and make sure no one smokes within 15 metres of the leak.
- Don't try to fix the leak by filling the hole, as gas may enter buildings.
- Don't try to operate any valves.
- Don't let anyone go near the leak.
- Help our engineers, the police or fire services if they ask.

Wales & West Utilities Limited

General Conditions to be observed for the Protection of Apparatus and the Prevention of Disruption to Gas Supplies.

General conditions affecting the design, construction or maintenance of services and/or structures or other works in the vicinity of Wales & West Utilities (WWU) plant, pipelines and associated installations:

These general conditions apply only to the gas apparatus and pipes operated by WWU. It is possible that there may be other gas transporters with apparatus in the vicinity, therefore you should ensure that you have made enquiries of them and have complied with their requirements.

1. GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION OF GAS MAINS

Any plans supplied or marked up by WWU will indicate the **APPROXIMATE** location of its apparatus. This information is provided as a general guide only; its accuracy cannot be guaranteed and is given without obligation or warranty. Service pipes are not shown but their presence should be anticipated. No liability whatsoever is accepted by WWU, its agents or servants for any error, omission, discrepancy or deviation. Plans on site should be current, i.e. no older than 28 days from the date of issue. Gas pipes owned by other Gas Transporters, or otherwise privately owned, may be present in this area (pink areas indicated on our plans). Information with regard to such pipes should be obtained from the relevant owners.

Should you require assistance on site locating WWU apparatus, please contact our Plant Protection Team on 02920 278912.

2. METHODS OF WORKING

The following methods of work shall not normally be permitted within the limits of distance indicated (relative to the established pipe position). Any variances must have consent from WWU before works commence on site:

Mechanical Excavation

Piling / Pile removing / Boring
Directional Drill Operations

3m (1m for low pressure mains)
15m

Welding or other hot works* 15m
Explosives

250m

* NOTE: Welding or other hot works involving naked flames shall be carried out at a safe distance to the satisfaction of a WWU Engineer. A check should be made prior to the commencement of works, to ensure a gas free atmosphere exists. It is also necessary to monitor the atmosphere at regular intervals for the duration of the works. In no case shall such activities take place in any Wales & West Utilities Easement without the written consent and in the presence of a WWU representative.

WWU must be consulted prior to carrying out any excavation work within **10m** of any above or below ground gas installations or pipeline. No excavation works may commence within **50m** of a High Pressure or Very High Pressure Pipeline unless the pipeline has been located by tracing and its precise route identified.

In addition to the above methods of working, WWU must be contacted prior to any External Wall Installation (EWI) schemes, proposed solar farms and wind turbine installations.

No work shall be undertaken near, nor heavy plant or equipment moved over, any gas pipeline or apparatus until all of the conditions specified by WWU have been complied with.

Where WWU have apparatus in the vicinity of your work, any damage to it could have serious consequences. In view of this and in the interests of safety, a meeting should be arranged before the commencement of work on site between WWU representatives, representatives of the promoting authority, the contractors and any other interested parties. At this meeting the suggested program of site works and plant safety should be discussed. It is essential that this meeting is convened well in advance of commencement on site. Access to WWU plant and facilities for inspection by WWU staff must not be affected. Where formal consent has been given, **A MINIMUM OF SEVEN DAYS NOTICE IS REQUIRED** before carrying out work in WWU easements, or the appropriate notice under the New Roads & Street Works Act (NRSWA) where existing plant is situated within the public highway.

Further guidance can also be sought from the document **HS(G)47 – Avoiding Danger from Underground Services** from the HSE website.

3. PROXIMITY OF OTHER PLANT

A minimum clearance of **600 millimetres (mm)** should be allowed between all plant being installed and an existing gas main operating above 2 bar medium pressure (MP), whether the adjacent plant is parallel to or crossing the gas pipe. For mains operating at MP or below, this distance can be reduced to 300mm. **NO APPARATUS SHOULD BE LAID OVER AND ALONG THE LINE OF A GAS PIPE, IRRESPECTIVE OF CLEARANCE**.

No manhole or chamber shall be built over or around a gas pipe and no work should be carried out which results in a reduction of cover or protection over a pipe without consultation with and the agreement of WWU staff.

4. PROTECTION

Where any works cross or run in close proximity to WWU apparatus, periodic visits must be made by a WWU engineer. His requests for protection or support to the apparatus shall be immediately observed.

Suitably designed crossing points are to be constructed to the satisfaction of a WWU Engineer. These crossing points shall be clearly indicated by the erection of bunting and crossings at other places should be prevented.

Backfill material adjacent to WWU apparatus shall be soft fill or sand, containing no stones, bricks, or lumps of concrete etc., placed to a minimum 150mm around the mains and is to be well compacted by hand. No power consolidation shall take place above the main until 300mm of soft fill has been compacted by hand.

Page 1 of 2 v5.1 Sept. 2014

Wales & West Utilities Limited

5. DAMAGE TO COATINGS

Where a gas pipe is coated with special wrapping and this is damaged, even to a minor extent, WWU must be notified so that repairs can be made to prevent future corrosion and subsequent leakage. WHERE MINOR DAMAGE TO COATING IS REPORTED TO WWU PRIOR TO BACKFILL, THE NECESSARY REPAIR WILL BE MADE FREE OF CHARGE.

6. CATHODIC PROTECTION

Where WWU apparatus is cathodically protected either by sacrificial anode or impressed current systems and where new apparatus is to be laid and is to be similarly protected, WWU will require to carry out interaction tests to determine whether its own system is adversely affected. The cost of any mutually agreed remedial action will be recharged to the authority installing the new apparatus. If any bond wires, test leads etc., used in connection with cathodic protection systems are damaged or found to be in poor condition, broken or disconnected, WWU must be notified prior to backfilling so that a repair can be made.

7. HOT WORKS

Even when a gas free atmosphere exists care must be taken when carrying out hot works in close proximity to gas plant in order to ensure that no damage occurs. Particular care must be taken to avoid damage by heat or naked flames to plastic gas pipes or to the protective coatings on other pipes.

8. DEMOLITION

Live gas services must be disconnected **PRIOR** to demolishing any property, arrangements must be made for WWU to check for the presence of any live gas services.

9. TREE PLANTING

WWU must be contacted prior to all tree-planting works above or near our apparatus. Further information can then be made available.

10. DEEP EXCAVATIONS

Any work involving deep excavations (1.5m or more) will be subject to the "Model Consultative Procedure for Pipeline Construction involving Deep Excavations". This may require the diversion of WWU apparatus prior to the commencement of your works. Detailed plans and cross sections will be required in order to determine the effect of these works on WWU apparatus.

11. RENEWABLE ENERGY INSTALLATIONS

Wind Turbines – WWU must be advised of any planned development of wind turbines in the vicinity of an above 2 bar gas pipelines to ensure the development does not impact on the future safe operation of the pipeline. Industry guidance states that any wind turbine must be sited no closer than 1.5 times the proposed height of the turbine mast away from the nearest edge of the pipeline.

Solar Farms – WWU must be contacted regarding planned solar farms being considered in the vicinity of WWU gas pipelines.

EWI – WWU must be contacted regarding any EWI scheme to ensure the scheme does not impact upon WWU's apparatus.

12. LEAKAGE FROM GAS MAINS OR SERVICES

If damage or leakage is caused or an escape of gas is smelt or suspected the following action should be taken at once:

- Remove all personnel from the immediate vicinity of the escape.
- Inform the 24hr Gas Emergency Service on 0800 111 999
- Prevent any approach by the public, prohibit smoking, and extinguish all naked flames or other sources of ignition for at least 15 metres from the leakage. Do not operate any electrical switches in the vicinity of the escape.
- Assist gas personnel, Police and/or Fire Services as requested.

IN THE EVENT OF A LEAK, OBSERVE THE ABOVE BUT DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SEAL THE LEAK REMEMBER - IF IN DOUBT; SEEK ADVICE FROM WWU

13. BUILDING PROXIMITIES

There are minimum proximity distances for buildings from WWU mains depending on both the operating pressure and the material of the main. Advice should be sought from WWU prior to building works taking place to confirm these distances. For High Pressure pipelines you must seek further guidance from the HSE and Local Authority Planning team regarding their PADHI distances regarding building proximities as these may be in addition to WWU proximity distances for a pipeline.

Temporary buildings should not be placed above any gas pipe or within 3.0 metres of mains operating above 75mbar (medium, intermediate and high pressure mains) during construction activities and in no circumstances should permanent structures be built over any pipe transporting gas.

14. SITE RESPONSIBILITIES

All costs incurred by WWU for the repair of direct or consequential damage to gas plant will be rechargeable (with the exception of paragraph 5). WWU reserves the right to divert any affected apparatus or alternatively specify suitable protection of its apparatus. If proved necessary during the course of site works, the cost of which will be chargeable.

The above requirements do not relieve you of the responsibility of taking all precautions necessary to safeguard the Company's plant and to avoid risk to persons and property. The persons for whom the works are being undertaken, their servants, agents and contractors shall indemnify WWU servants, agents and contractors against any loss, damage, expenses, claims and actions incurred or brought against Wales & West Utilities, its servants, agents and contractors in consequence of the provision of these works and activities associated therewith or ancillary thereto.

KEY TO MAPS	LP	Low Pressure	CI	Cast Iron
	MP	Medium Pressure	SI	Spun Iron
	IP	Intermediate Pressure	DI	Ductile Iron
	HP	High Pressure	PE	Polyethylene
		G	ST	Steel

Page 2 of 2 v5.1 Sept. 2014



Search address supplied GL56 0DE

Your reference U23-8718

Our reference ALS/ALS Standard/2023_4805052

Search date 27 March 2023

Notification of Price Changes

From 1st April 2023 Thames water Property Searches will be increasing the prices of its CON29DW, CommercialDW Drainage & Water Enquiries and Asset Location Searches. Historically costs would rise in line with RPI but as this currently sits at 14.2%, we are capping it at 10%.

Customers will be emailed with the new prices by January 1st 2023.

Any orders received with a higher payment prior to the 1^{st} April 2023 will be non-refundable. For further details on the price increase please visit our website at www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



Thames Water Utilities Ltd Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW



searches@thameswater.co.uk www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



0800 009 4540



Search address supplied: GL56 0DE

Dear Sir / Madam

An Asset Location Search is recommended when undertaking a site development. It is essential to obtain information on the size and location of clean water and sewerage assets to safeguard against expensive damage and allow cost-effective service design.

The following records were searched in compiling this report: - the map of public sewers & the map of waterworks. Thames Water Utilities Ltd (TWUL) holds all of these.

This searchprovides maps showing the position, size of Thames Water assets close to the proposed development and also manhole cover and invert levels, where available.

Please note that none of the charges made for this report relate to the provision of Ordnance Survey mapping information. The replies contained in this letter are given following inspection of the public service records available to this company. No responsibility can be accepted for any error or omission in the replies.

You should be aware that the information contained on these plans is current only on the day that the plans are issued. The plans should only be used for the duration of the work that is being carried out at the present time. Under no circumstances should this data be copied or transmitted to parties other than those for whom the current work is being carried out.

Thames Water do update these service plans on a regular basis and failure to observe the above conditions could lead to damage arising to new or diverted services at a later date.

Contact Us

If you have any further queries regarding this enquiry please feel free to contact a member of the team on 0800 009 4540, or use the address below:

Thames Water Utilities Ltd Property Searches PO Box 3189 Slough SL1 4WW

Email: searches@thameswater.co.uk

Web: www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



Waste Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public sewer map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate lines of our sewers. Our plans do not show sewer connections from individual properties or any sewers not owned by Thames Water unless specifically annotated otherwise. Records such as "private" pipework are in some cases available from the Building Control Department of the relevant Local Authority.

Where the Local Authority does not hold such plans it might be advisable to consult the property deeds for the site or contact neighbouring landowners.

This report relates only to sewerage apparatus of Thames Water Utilities Ltd, it does not disclose details of cables and or communications equipment that may be running through or around such apparatus.

The sewer level information contained in this response represents all of the level data available in our existing records. Should you require any further Information, please refer to the relevant section within the 'Further Contacts' page found later in this document.

For your guidance:

- The Company is not generally responsible for rivers, watercourses, ponds, culverts
 or highway drains. If any of these are shown on the copy extract they are shown for
 information only.
- Any private sewers or lateral drains which are indicated on the extract of the public sewer map as being subject to an agreement under Section 104 of the Water Industry Act 1991 are not an 'as constructed' record. It is recommended these details be checked with the developer.

Clean Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public water main map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate positions of our water mains and associated apparatus. Please note that records are not kept of the positions of individual domestic supplies.

For your information, there will be a pressure of at least 10m head at the outside stop valve. If you would like to know the static pressure, please contact our Customer Centre on 0800 316 9800. The Customer Centre can also arrange for a full flow and pressure test to be carried out for a fee.



For your guidance:

- Assets other than vested water mains may be shown on the plan, for information only.
- If an extract of the public water main record is enclosed, this will show known public water mains in the vicinity of the property. It should be possible to estimate the likely length and route of any private water supply pipe connecting the property to the public water network.

Payment for this Search

A charge will be added to your suppliers account.



Further contacts:

Waste Water queries

Should you require verification of the invert levels of public sewers, by site measurement, you will need to approach the relevant Thames Water Area Network Office for permission to lift the appropriate covers. This permission will usually involve you completing a TWOSA form. For further information please contact our Customer Centre on Tel: 0845 920 0800. Alternatively, a survey can be arranged, for a fee, through our Customer Centre on the above number.

If you have any questions regarding sewer connections, budget estimates, diversions, building over issues or any other questions regarding operational issues please direct them to our service desk. Which can be contacted by writing to:

Developer Services (Waste Water) Thames Water Clearwater Court Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Tel: 0800 009 3921

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk

Clean Water queries

Should you require any advice concerning clean water operational issues or clean water connections, please contact:

Developer Services (Clean Water)
Thames Water
Clearwater Court
Vastern Road
Reading
RG1 8DB

Tel: 0800 009 3921

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk

Payment Terms and Conditions

All sales are made in accordance with Thames Water Utilities Limited (TWUL) standard terms and conditions unless previously agreed in writing.

- 1. All goods remain in the property of Thames Water Utilities Ltd until full payment is received.
- 2. Provision of service will be in accordance with all legal requirements and published TWUL policies.
- 3. All invoices are strictly due for payment within 14 days of the date of the invoice. Any other terms must be accepted/agreed in writing prior to provision of goods or service or will be held to be invalid.
- 4. Penalty interest may be invoked by TWUL in the event of unjustifiable payment delay. Interest charges will be in line with UK Statute Law 'The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998'.
- 5. Interest will be charged in line with current Court Interest Charges, if legal action is taken.
- 6. A charge may be made at the discretion of the company for increased administration costs.

A copy of Thames Water's standard terms and conditions are available from the Commercial Billing Team (cashoperations@thameswater.co.uk).

We publish several Codes of Practice including a guaranteed standards scheme. You can obtain copies of these leaflets by calling us on 0800 316 9800.

If you are unhappy with our service, you can speak to your original goods or customer service provider. If you are still not satisfied with the outcome provided, we will refer the matter to a Senior Manager for resolution who will provide you with a response.

If you are still dissatisfied with our final response, and in certain circumstances such as you are buying a residential property or commercial property within certain parameters, The Property Ombudsman will investigate your case and give an independent view. The Ombudsman can award compensation of up to £25,000 to you if he finds that you have suffered actual financial loss and/or aggravation, distress, or inconvenience because of your search not keeping to the Code. Further information can be obtained by visiting www.tpos.co.uk or by sending an email to admin@tpos.co.uk.

If the Goods or Services covered by this invoice falls under the regulation of the 1991 Water Industry Act, and you remain dissatisfied you can refer your complaint to Consumer Council for Water on 0300 034 2222 or write to them at Consumer Council for Water, 1st Floor, Victoria Square House, Victoria Square, Birmingham, B2 4AJ.

Ways to pay your bill

Credit Card	BACS Payment	Telephone Banking
Please Call 0800 009 4540 quoting your invoice number starting CBA or ADS	Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 A remittance advice must be sent to: Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW. or email ps.billing@thameswater.co.uk	By calling your bank and quoting: Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 and your invoice number

Thames Water Utilities Ltd Registered in England & Wales No. 2366661 Registered Office Clearwater Court, Vastern Rd, Reading, Berks, RG1 8DB.

Warning: GTC Apparatus Exists in This Area

Our Plant Enquiry Service Ref: 3267037

Your Enquiry Ref: U23-8718

Thank you for your enquiry concerning apparatus in the vicinity of your proposed work. For your records, the search area is shown in the attached map.

Please click on the links below to download copies of the relevant utility asset drawings locating our assets in the area which you identified. These drawings are grouped by our relevant network reference, should you need to contact us regarding any of our networks please quote this reference. Links to files will remain live for 10 days. If you do not download these files within this period you will need to submit a new enquiry – this will ensure you have an up-to-date copy of our asset records.

PLEASE NOTE: Where drawings are large, these have been provided in smaller segments. A drawing index is provided as the first file listed for each network reference (example of a network reference: N1234567) shown below. This is intended to help you find the drawing relevant to you more quickly. Please take care to ensure that you use the relevant drawings for every network listed below as we may have multiple networks and multiple utilities in this area.

N7041377

Gas

- N7041377-1 1 of 2.png
- N7041377-1 2 of 2.png

This information is for guidance only and the precise position of the plant must be established, prior to your works, using hand-digging methods only. The contractor will be held responsible for any damage caused to our asset. Please note our assets now include those owned and operated by:

- GTC Pipelines Limited
- Independent Pipelines Limited
- Quadrant Pipelines Limited
- Electricity Network Company Limited
- Independent Power Networks Limited
- Independent Water Networks Limited
- Open Fibre Networks Limited
- Independent Community Heating Limited

If you have any queries or require any further information please do not hesitate to contact us.

All works in the vicinity of our networks should be undertaken in accordance with the attached document "GU-DPR-IG-0022: Safe working in the vicinity of utility networks". Reference should also be made to HSG47 Avoiding Danger from Underground Services.

Important: The area of your proposed works may contain gas mains operating at Medium and Intermediate Pressure tiers or electric cables operating at High Voltage – please refer to the network drawings included with this email. If your proposed works are likely to involve excavation within 10 metres of any of these assets, including but not limited to gas governors and electric substations you MUST inform GTC Plant Enquiries by calling 01359 240363 and quoting your Plant Enquiries Service Reference number.

Important: Drawings provided by this service may include utility assets not owned or managed by GTC. Conversely our drawings will NOT display assets from all third parties. It is your responsibility to ensure you have requested information from all utility asset owners.

<u>Gas</u> Escape or Damage MUST be reported on 0800 111 999. National Grid / DNGT will attend to make safe and repair.

<u>Electricity</u> Network Damage MUST be reported to ENC on 0800 032 6990. <u>Water</u> Network Damage MUST be reported to IWNL on 02920 028 711 Fibre Network Damage MUST be reported to IFNL on 0845 051 1669

Thank you for using the GTC Plant Enquiries Service.

Your sincerely,

GTC Plant Enquiry Service

GTC
Synergy House
Woolpit Business Park
Woolpit
Bury St Edmunds
Suffolk, IP30 9UP
Tel: 01359 240363

Tel: 01359 240363

plant.enquiries@gtc-uk.co.uk

NOTE:

This E-Mail originates from GTC, Synergy House, Woolpit Business Park, Woolpit, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, IP30 9UP

VAT Number: GB688 8971 40. Registered No: 029431.

DISCLAIMER

The information in this E-Mail and in any attachments is confidential and may be privileged. If you are not the intended recipient, please destroy this message, delete any copies held on your system and notify the sender immediately. You should not retain, copy or use this E-Mail for any purpose, nor disclose all or any part of its content to any other person. Whilst we run antivirus software on Internet E-Mails, we are not liable for any loss or damage. The recipient is advised to run their own up to date antivirus software.

Thank you



SAFE WORKING IN THE VICINITY OF UTILITY NETWORKS

(Refer to the HSE Guidance Document HSG47)

Introduction

This document should be issued to anyone intending on working in the vicinity of GTC and associated entities' utility networks and should be used in conjunction with HSG47, NJUG guidance and industry recognised practices.

Confirmation should be sought from the asset owner in any instance of ambiguity or if there is confusion.

Any querries regarding diversions, alterations, and disconnections for Gas, Water, Distributed Heat and Fibre please contact: Network_Variations@gtc-uk.co.uk

Any querries regarding diversions, alterations, and disconnections for Electric, please contact: <u>Electricity.diversion@gtc-uk.co.uk</u>

For more information please see the GTC website: https://www.gtc-uk.co.uk/ or alternatively contact plant.enquiries@bu-uk.co.uk

The Dangers

Damage to services can cause significant disruption and project delays and therefore incur considerable costs as well as the potential for severe or fatal injury to not only to those directly involved but also the general public.

Damages often have instantaneous reactions like explosive arcing with cables or leaks for gas and water mains however latent reactions due to damages that are ignored, consealed, or unnoticed can have much greater consequences.

General

- 1. It is imperative that all works are carried out in accordance with the guidance provided by the HSE (Health and Safety Executive) in their document HSG47 "Avoiding Danger from Underground Services", ISBN 978 0 7176 6584 6, 3rd Edition 2014. No party shall carry out any excavation works or other intrusive works such as piling, blasting or demolition without following the guidance in HSG47.
- 2. We own gas, electricity, water, waste water, fibre, and district heating apparatus located in the highway, private property and through the countryside. Some plant may be located in land for which a wayleave or easement has been granted and there may be no surface evidence of the presence of apparatus.
- **3.** Ensure that you have obtained detailed plans of existing and proposed gas, electricity, water, waste water, fibre, and district heating networks before any works commence.
- 4. The position of the networks shall be pinpointed as accurately as possible by visually surveying the area for indications of apparatus, by means of a locating device, and reference the information gathered to the plans. Locating equipment must be tested and calibrated within the manufacturer's calibration date.

Excavation work should be carried out where applicable, carefully following recognised safe digging practices. Once a locating device has been used to determine position and route, excavation may proceed; trial holes should be dug using suitable hand tools to confirm the position of buried networks. During excavation the locating device should be reused to check position and route of buried apparatus.



Once the apparatus has been located, appropriate marking be made on the covering hard surface confirming location and any errors in plans identified, GTC should be advised to allow plans to be updated.

- 5. Hand-held power tools can damage buried apparatus and shall be used with care until the exact position of a utility has been determined. They may only be used to break a paved or concrete surface above the network, unless there are any indications that the network is particularly shallow; in such circumstances, accuracy of plant location is determined and excavation initiated adjacent to the apparatus.
- 6. No manhole, chamber or other structure shall be built over, around or under the network. Such structures, other pipes, ducts and cables should be laid to provide a minimum clearance from the existing network of 300mm or 1.5 times the diameter of the asset, whichever is the greater. No work should be carried out if this minimum clearance cannot be met or which results in a reduction of cover or protection over the network, without first consulting GTC, please seek advice from GTC.
 - 7. Where an excavation uncovers any network apparatus the backfill shall be adequately compacted, particularly beneath the network, to prevent any settlement, which would subsequently damage the network. Backfill material adjacent to the network shall be selected fine material or sand, containing no stones, bricks or lumps of concrete etc. and shall be suitably compacted to give comparable support and protection to that provided before excavation. No power compaction shall take place until at least 200mm cover of selected fine fill has been suitably compacted by hand tools.
- **8.** If the road construction is close to the top of the network, GTC shall be asked to identify whether any additional precautions are necessary. The road construction depth should not be reduced without permission from the local Highway Authority.
- **9.** Costs incurred by GTC through direct or consequential damage shall be recharged.
- 10. Where utilities are within a duct the duct should be treated in the same manner as live utility cable/pipe/fibre and any work in the vicinity of the apparatus shall be carried out with caution.

Any damage caused no matter how insignificant or minor in appearance SHALL BE REPORTED to GTC as soon as possible.

Precautions for Gas Networks

- 11. Plans do not always show the presence of gas service pipes (from the gas main to premises) but their existence should be assumed with consideration given to the increased height of the service off-take fitting on the main.
- 12. The depth of cover for gas mains is typically 750mm in carriageways and grass verges, 600mm in footways and 1.1m in open field. The depth of cover for gas services is typically between 375mm and 600mm. Reference should always be made to the network drawing. Remember these covers are to finished level, you may be working in an area, which will be made up or lowered at a later date.
- **13.** Gas pipes should be located by hand digging before mechanical excavation begins. When the positions and depth of the pipes have been determined, work can proceed.



- **14.** If a gas leak is suspected, the following action should be taken immediately:
 - Remove all people from the immediate vicinity of the escape. If the service connection to a building or the adjacent main has been damaged, warn the occupants to leave the building, and any adjoining building, until it is safe for them to return. It is important to note that a mechanical excavator may not only cause damage/leakage at the point of impact. For example, damage to a service connection outside the building may result in further, unseen damage to the connection inside the building. Gas leaking from the damage inside or gas travelling along the line of the service connection pipe from outside the building may cause a build-up of gas within the building.
 - Prohibit smoking, and extinguish all naked flames and other sources of ignition i.e. stop excavator and compressor engines within at least 5.0m of the leak.
 - Inform the National Gas Emergency Service immediately by dialling:

0800 111 999

- Remain on site.
- Assist the Gas Emergency Service Provider staff, Police, Fire Services or other Statutory Authorities as requested.
- 15. Where gas pipes cross or are parallel and close to excavations, changes in backfill etc. may cause differential ground settlement and increased stress in the pipe. For pipes parallel and close to excavations, the degree of risk depends upon the depth of the excavation, the distance of the pipe from the excavation, the type of soil and any excessive loading from heavy construction plant and materials. Wherever excavation works may affect the support of the gas pipe or cause excessive loading over the gas pipe then GTC shall be consulted.
- **16.** No concrete or other hard material should be placed or left under or adjacent to any gas pipe as this can cause pipe fracture at a later date. Concrete backfill should not be used within 300mm of a gas pipe.
- **17.** Where an excavation uncovers a gas pipe with a damaged wrapping, GTC shall be informed, so that repairs can be made to prevent future corrosion and leakage.
- **18.** Pipe restraints or thrust blocks close to gas mains shall not be removed or interfered with as they are a safety feature of the live gas network.
- 19. Anyone who carries out work near underground gas plant should observe any specific requirements made by the site manager, and ensure that access to the plant by the asset owners staff is available at all times. No unauthorised repairs to gas pipes should be made.
- **20.** Where excavation is within 5m proximity to above or below ground pressure control equipment, ground workers must be aware of the possibility of encountering small auxiliary pipework that is more susceptible to damage.
- **21.** Where PE pipes and cables have been exposed and it is intended that hot work (e.g. welding, grinding, etc) be carried out, contact shall be made with GTC to confirm additional precautions and actions that may require to be undertaken.
- **22.** GTC shall be consulted if it is intended to carry out any of the following activities:



- Using explosives within 30m of gas pipes or 400m of gas pressure reduction equipment.
- Piling or boring within 15m of gas plant.
- Excavating within 10m of pressure reduction equipment.
- Reducing the cover or protection of a gas pipe.
- Carrying out deep excavations nearby (minimum of 2m up to 15m).
- Working within 3m of GTC's intermediate pressure (IP) mains.

Precautions for Electricity Networks

- 23. Plans do not always show the presence of electric service cables (from the electricity main to premises) but their existence should be assumed.
- 24. In most cases there will be no permanent surface marker posts or other visible indication of the presence of a buried cable. Even if no cables are shown on plans or detected by a locator, there may still be cables present, which could be live and a close watch should be kept for any signs which could indicate their presence such as marker tape, tape tile, concrete tiles and wooden battens. Any marker which is disturbed by our excavations must be replaced once work is completed.
- **25.** Typically underground cables are laid in trenches between 450mm and 1000mm deep, although some high voltage cables will be deeper, however, depths should never be assumed.
- **26.** A cable is positively located only when it has been safely exposed. Even then, digging should still proceed with care as there may be other cables adjacent or lower down.
- 27. Occasionally, cables are terminated in the ground by means of a seal, sometimes with external mechanical protection. These "pot ended" or "bottle ended" cables should be treated as live and should not be assumed to be abandoned or disused. They can be difficult to detect with locators even when "live".
- 28. Where practicable, such power tools shall only be used 500mm or more away from the indicated line of a cable buried in or below a hard surface. Having done so, the cable shall then be positively located by careful hand digging under the hard surface. The hard surface should be gradually removed until the cable is exposed. If the cable is not exposed then it must be assumed to be embedded within the surface. Where possible a cable locator shall be used as a depth guide down the side of the excavation.
- **29.** Because of the difficulty in confirming depth, hand held power tools shall never be used over the cable unless either:
 - The cable has already been exposed by digging under the surface to be broken out and it is at a safe depth (at least 300mm) below the bottom of the hard surface material.

or

Physical precautions have been taken to prevent the tool striking the cable.



- **30.** Excavating close to electricity cables buried in concrete is dangerous and shall not be undertaken unless the cable(s) have been isolated. For this reason alone electricity cables should not be buried in concrete.
- 31. Where mechanical excavators are used in the possible vicinity of underground cables, the work should be arranged so that damage to cables is avoided so far as is reasonably practicable. To minimise danger to operatives those onsite shall be outside of the reach of the excavator bucket and shall not enter the trench whilst digging is undertaken. Excavator operators shall be instructed to stay in the cab if a cable is struck. If excavator operators have to exit the cab they should jump clear. If excavator operators climb down from the cab the risk of electrocution is significantly increased. If a cable is struck, the machine involved shall be subject to continous observation and no one shall enter the excavation or approach the machine or the cable until GTC have been contacted and the damaged cable has been made safe.
- **32.** Where cables have been exposed:
 - Any damage shall be reported to GTC immediately on: 0800 032 6990
 And work shall not be undertaken in the vicinity of a damaged cable until GTC has investigated its condition.
 - For more than 1.0m and they cross a trench, support shall be provided. If the
 exposed cable length is shorter than 1.0m support shall still be considered if joints
 have been exposed or the cable appears otherwise vulnerable to damage. Where
 advice and help is needed contact GTC.
 - Suitable precautions shall be taken to prevent damage from on-going work in the
 excavation. This may involve for example the use of physical means (e.g. timber
 boards, sandbags etc) to prevent mechanical damage. Materials or equipment
 which could damage or penetrate the outer sheath of the cable shall not be used.
 Cables lying in the bottom of an excavation are particularly vulnerable and shall be
 protected by nail free wooden planks, troughing or other suitable means.
 - Cables shall not be moved aside unless the operation is supervised by GTC.
 - Precautions shall be taken to prevent access by members of the public.
- **33.** GTC shall be consulted if it is intended to carry out any of the following activities:
 - Using explosives within 30m of plant or substations piling or boring within 15m of electric plant.
 - Excavating within 10m of a substation.
 - Carrying out deep excavations nearby (minimum of 2m up to 15m).
 - Working near GTC's HV plant.

Precautions for Water Networks

34. Plans do not always show the presence of water service pipes (from the water main to premises) but their existence should be assumed with consideration given to the increased height of the service off-take fitting on the main.



- **35.** The depth of cover for water mains are typically 900mm. The depth of cover for water services are typically 750mm. Remember these covers are to finished level, you may be working in an area, which will be made up or lowered at a later date.
- **36.** Water mains shall be located by hand digging before mechanical excavation begins. When the positions and depth of the pipes have been determined, work can proceed.
- **37.** The danger created by damaging a water pipe with an excavator is much greater than if the damage is done with a hand-held power tool. Water pipes may have projections such as valve housings, which are not shown on the plans and to allow for this mechanical excavators shall not be used within 500mm of a water pipe.
- **38.** If a water leak is suspected, the following action should be taken immediately:
 - Remove all people from the immediate vicinity of the damage. It is important to
 note that a mechanical excavator may not only cause damage/leakage at the point
 of impact. For example, damage to a service connection outside the building may
 result in further, unseen damage to the connection inside the building.
 - Shut down all working plant and machinery in the vicinity of the damage
 - Inform IWNL by dialling: 02920 442 716
 - Remain on site.
 - Do not attempt to make a repair.
 - Assist Approved Contractors, Police, Fire Services or other Statutory Authorities as requested.
- 39. Where water pipes cross or are parallel and close to excavations, changes in backfill etc. may cause differential ground settlement and increased stress in the pipe. For pipes parallel and close to excavations, the degree of risk depends upon the depth of the excavation, the distance of the pipe from the excavation, the type of soil and any excessive loading from heavy construction plant and materials. Wherever excavation works may affect the support of the water pipe or cause excessive loading over the water pipe then GTC must be consulted.
- **40.** No concrete or other hard material should be placed or left under or adjacent to any water pipe as this can cause pipe fracture at a later date. Concrete backfill should not be used within 300mm of a water pipe.
- **41.** Where an excavation uncovers a water pipe with a damaged wrapping, GTC shall be told, so that repairs can be made to prevent future corrosion and leakage.
- **42.** Pipe restraints or thrust blocks close to water mains should never be removed.
- **43.** Anyone who carries out work near underground water plant shall observe any specific requirements made by the site manager, and ensure that access to the plant by GTC staff is available at all times. No unauthorised repairs to water pipes should be made.
- **44.** Where PE pipes and cables have been exposed and it is intended hot work (e.g. welding, grinding, etc) be carried out, contact shall be made with GTC to confirm additional precautions and actions that may require to be undertaken.
- **45.** GTC shall be consulted if it is intended to carry out any of the following activities:
 - Using explosives within 30m of plant.



- Piling or boring within 15m of water plant.
- Excavating within 10m of water asset structures.
- Reducing the cover or protection of a water main or service.
- Carrying out deep excavations nearby (minimum of 2m up to 15m).

Precautions for Fibre Networks

- **46.** Plans may not always show the presence of fibre ducts but their existence should be assumed if GTC advise they have fibre services deployed in the given area. Any planned excavation work should only proceed with due care and attention.
- **47.** Chambers with IFNL or OFNL marked lids can be used as an onsite indictor that GTC have fibre plant deployed in a given area however an exclusion of their presence does not necessarily mean there is no plant present.
- 48. In most cases there will be no permanent surface marker posts or other visible indication of the presence of a buried fibre duct. Even if no ducts are shown on plans there may still be ducts present which could have live fibre service installed. A close watch shall be kept for any signs which could indicate duct presence such as marker tape. Any marker which is disturbed by our excavations must be replaced once work is completed.
- **49.** The depth of cover for fibre duct is typically between 350mm and 600mm in footways and grass verges, 600mm in carriageways and 1m in agricultural deployments. Remember these covers are to finished level, you may be working in an area, which will be made up or lowered at a later date.
- **50.** Fibre ducts should be located by hand digging before mechanical excavation begins. When the positions and depth of the ducts have been determined, work can proceed. Even then, digging should still proceed with care as there may be other ducts adjacent or lower down.
- **51.** If fibre duct damage is suspected, the following action should be taken immediately:
 - Remove all people from the immediate vicinity of the damage. It is important to note that a mechanical excavator may not only cause damage at the point of impact. For example, damage to a fibre connection outside the building may result in further, unseen damage to the connection inside the building.
 - Shut down all working plant and machinery in the vicinity of the damage.
 - Inform GTC Fibre immediately on: 02920 028 726
 - Remain on site.
 - Do not attempt to make a repair.
 - Assist Approved Contractors, Police, Fire Services or other Statutory Authorities as requested.
- **52.** Where fibre ducts cross or are parallel and close to excavations, changes in backfill etc. may cause differential ground settlement and increased stress on the duct. For ducts parallel and close to excavations, the degree of risk depends upon the depth of the excavation, the distance of the duct from the excavation, the type of soil and any



- excessive loading from heavy construction plant and materials. Wherever excavation works may affect the support of the fibre duct or cause excessive loading over the fibre duct then GTC must be consulted.
- **53.** No concrete or other hard material shall be placed or left under or adjacent to any fibre duct as this can cause damage to the duct at a later date. Any backfill should comply with the requirements of NRSWA. Concrete backfill should not be used within 300mm of a fibre duct.
- **54.** Anyone who carries out work near underground fibre plant should observe any specific requirements made by the site manager, and ensure that access to the plant by GTC staff is available at all times. No unauthorised repairs to fibre ducts should be made.
- **55.** Where fibre ducts have been exposed and it is intended hot work (e.g. welding, grinding, etc) be carried out, contact must be made with GTC to confirm additional precautions and actions that may require to be undertaken.
- **56.** GTC shall be consulted if it is intended to carry out any of the following activities:
 - Using explosives within 30m of plant or fibre asset structures.
 - Piling or boring within 15m of fibre plant.
 - Excavating within 10m of fibre asset structures (including the OSCP).
 - Reducing the cover or protection of a fibre asset.
 - Carrying out deep excavations nearby (minimum of 2m up to 15m).

Precautions for District Heating Networks

For information with respect to Dstrict Heating Networks this could also include District Cooling.

- **57.** Plans do not always show the presence of District Heating service pipes (from the District Hearing main to premises) but their existence should be assumed.
- 58. The depth of cover for District Heating mains is typically a minimum of 600mm under normal light carriageways and during construction activities, additional temporary protective bridging should be placed over DHN pipe runs. The depth of cover for District Heating services is typically 6000mm. Remember these covers are to finished level, you may be working in an area, which will be made up or lowered at a later date.
- **59.** District Heating mains shall be located by hand digging before mechanical excavation begins. When the positions and depth of the pipes have been determined, work can proceed.
- **60.** The danger created by damaging a District Heating with an excavator is much greater than if the damage is done with a hand-held power tool. District Heating pipes may have projections such as valve housings, which are not shown on the plans and to allow for this mechanical excavators should not be used within 600mm of a District Heating pipe.
- **61.** If a water leak is suspected, the following action should be taken immediately:



- Remove all people from the immediate vicinity of the damage. It is important to
 note that a mechanical excavator may not only cause damage/leakage at the point
 of impact. For example, damage to a service connection outside the building may
 result in further, unseen damage to the connection inside the building.
- Shut down all working plant and machinery in the vicinity of the damage.
- Inform Metropolitan by dialling: 02920 100 346
- · Remain on site.
- Do not attempt to make a repair.
- Assist Approved Contractors, Police, Fire Services or other Statutory Authorities as requested.
- 62. Where District Heating cross or are parallel and close to excavations, changes in backfill etc. may cause differential ground settlement and increased stress in the pipe. For pipes parallel and close to excavations, the degree of risk depends upon the depth of the excavation, the distance of the pipe from the excavation, the type of soil and any excessive loading from heavy construction plant and materials. Wherever excavation works may affect the support of the District Heating or cause excessive loading over the water pipe then Metropolitan must be consulted.
- **63.** No concrete or other hard material should be placed or left under or adjacent to any District Heating as this can cause pipe fracture at a later date. Concrete backfill should not be used within 300mm of a District Heating.
- **64.** Where an excavation uncovers a District Heating pipe with a damaged insulation, Metropolitan should be told, so that repairs can be made to prevent future corrosions and leakage.
- **65.** Pipe restraints, Anchor blocks or foam padding close to district heating mains shall never be removed.
- **66.** Anyone who carries out work near underground district heating plant shall observe any specific requirements made by the site manager, and ensure that access to the plant by the asset owners staff is available at all times. No unauthorised repairs to district heating pipes shall be made.
- **67.** Where District Heating pipes have been exposed and it is intended hot work (e.g. welding, grinding, etc) will be carried out, contact shall be made with Metropolitan to confirm additional precautions and actions that may require to be undertaken.
- **68.** Metropolitan shall be consulted if it is intended to carry out any of the following activities:
 - Using explosives within 30m of gas pipes or 400m of gas pressure reduction equipment.
 - Piling or boring within 15m of District Heating pipe.
 - Reducing the cover or protection of a District Heating pipe.
 - Carrying out deep excavations nearby.





Our Ref: 28970823 Your Ref: U23-8718

С

Gigaclear Ltd - Asset Network Plans

We acknowledge with thanks your request for information regarding the location of our apparatus.

Please find enclosed plan(s) showing the approximate location known to be in the vicinity of your scheme. Attached are conditions and information regarding the Gigaclear Network. Please ensure these details are made available to any of your operatives carrying out any works on your behalf.

Please note that the accuracy of the Gigaclear network cannot be guaranteed, and it is strongly advised that you undertake hand dug trial holes prior to commencing any of your works.

Please contact us using this email address diversions@gigaclear.com for requests for Diversionary Estimates, or for queries with the data provided.

When requesting Diversionary Works estimates please provide as much information as possible eg, Full site address including postcode, together with plan & section drawings, brief scope of works and contact details. Any damage caused to the Gigaclear apparatus, should be promptly reported to:

Email: noc@gigaclear.com

Tel: 01865 591185

Yours sincerely,

Gigaclear Diversionary Works Team

diversions@gigaclear.com



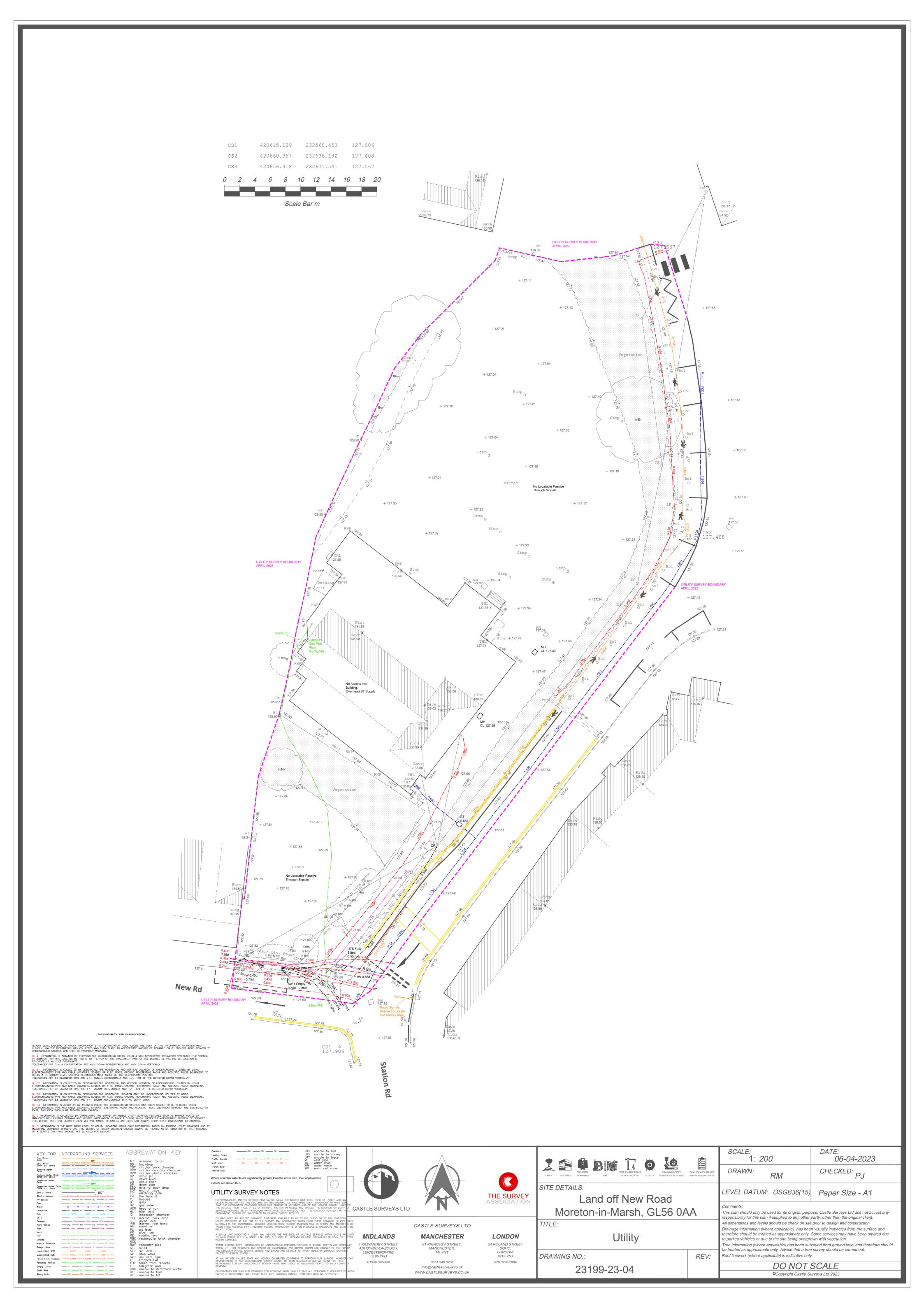
Disclaimer

Disclaimer

This Desktop Utility Search has been compiled with information provided by Statutory Utility Providers. Whilst every effort has been made to ensure accuracy and completion with the information

Castle Surveys Ltd can take no responsibility for erroneous or missing record data which has been provided from any of the Statutory Utility Providers. As the nature of the information provided is indicative, not accurate, we must therefore recommend a full Underground Utility Survey before any groundwork or construction commences.

We cannot guarantee that all possible searches have been carried out and will take no responsibility for any damages done to any apparatus, due to missing searches, which may not have been conducted or carried out within this Desktop Utility Search.



NOTICE OF DEMOLITION - PRIOR APPROVAL

Received from Cotswold District Council Ref: 25/00303/NOTDEM

Date: 27-02-2025



TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

NOTIFICATION OF DEMOLITION

Agent Fatkin Ltd 305 Goldhawk Road London W12 8EU Applicant
Moreton-In-Marsh Town Council
Council Offices
Old Town
Moreton-In-Marsh
Gloucestershire
GL56 0LW

Prior notification for the demolition of former Royal British Legion building at Royal British Legion Club Station Road Moreton-In-Marsh Gloucestershire GL56 0AA

APPLICATION REF: 25/00303/NOTDEM DATE OF DECISION: 27th February 2025

FILE REF:

DECISION NOTICE

I refer to your notification received on 30 January 2025 in respect of the above and confirm that the prior approval of the Local Planning Authority is not required for the proposal.

Yours faithfully

Adrian Harding

Adrian Harding Head of Planning Services

DCPEFULZ 010013886609 25/00303/NOTDEM

2017 INFORMATION PACK

Prepared by LAMBERT SMITH HAMPTON Ref: RF/hjc Date: August 2017

Please note, due to the historic date of this information, it cannot be relied upon. Please refer to later surveys/ information, or if in doubt, commission new.





www.lsh.co.uk

Information Park

On

Former Royal British Legion New Road, Moreton-In-Marsh, Gloucestershire, GL56 0AS

Prepared by Lambert Smith Hampton Tower Wharf, Cheese Lane, Bristol, BS2 0JJ

Tel: 0117 926 6666 Fax: 0117 925 0527

Date: August 2017 Ref: RF/hjc

CONTENTS

- 1. TITLE REGISTER AND PLAN
- 2. JAPANESE KNOTWEED REPORT
- 3. TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY
- 4. FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT
- 5. LOCALISM REFUSAL LETTER



TITLE REGISTER AND PLAN



CONTENTS

- 1. TITLE REGISTER AND PLAN
- 2. JAPANESE KNOTWEED REPORT
- 3. TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY
- 4. FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT
- 5. LOCALISM REFUSAL LETTER



Official copy of register of title

Title number GR344559

Edition date 02.06.2010

- This official copy shows the entries in the register of title on 3 June 2010 at 10:51:46.
- This date must be quoted as the "search from date" in any official search application based on this copy.
- The date at the beginning of an entry is the date on which the entry was made in the register.
- Issued on 3 June 2010.
- Under s.67 of the Land Registration Act 2002, this copy is admissible in evidence to the same extent as the original.
- For information about the register of title see Land Registry website www.landregistry.gov.uk or Land Registry Public Guide 1 - A guide to the information we keep and how you can obtain it.
- This title is dealt with by Land Registry Gloucester Office.

A: Property register

This register describes the land and estate comprised in the title.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE : COTSWOLD

- The Freehold land shown edged with red on the plan of the above title filed at the Registry and being The Royal British Legion, New Road, Moreton-In-Marsh (GL56 0AS).
- The registered proprietor claims that the land tinted blue and tinted yellow on the title plan has the benefit of a right of way on foot and with vehicles over the area tinted brown on the title plan. The right claimed is not included in this registration. The claim is supported by statutory declarations made on 10 October 2008 and 30 January 2009 made by Lawrence Hubert George Hamilton and David Baker respectively.

NOTE: Copies filed under GR218222.

B: Proprietorship register

This register specifies the class of title and identifies the owner. It contains any entries that affect the right of disposal.

Title absolute

- PROPRIETOR: THE ROYAL BRITISH LEGION of Haig House, 199 Borough High Street, London SEl 1AA.
- RESTRICTION: No disposition by the proprietor of the registered estate to which section 36 or section 38 of the Charities Act 1993 applies is to be registered unless the instrument contains a certificate complying with section 37(2) or section 39(2) of that Act as appropriate.

C: Charges register

This register contains any charges and other matters that affect the land.

A Conveyance of the land tinted pink on the title plan dated 1 June 1932 made between (1) John Frederick Bosley and Henry Francis Harper (Vendors) and (2) The Comrades of the Great War Morton in Marsh Club Limited (Purchaser) contains the following covenants:-

"The Purchasers to the intent and so as to bind (so far as is practicable) the property hereby conveyed into whosoever hands the same may come hereby covenant with the Vendors that neither they the Purchasers nor their successors in title shall carry on the business of or allow the property to be used as a Saleyard for the sale of animals or produce of any kind or description by auction."

By a Conveyance of the land tinted blue and tinted yellow on the title plan dated 24 March 1964 made between (1) Dorothy Mary Pritchard and (2) British Legion Moreton-in-Marsh Club Limited the land was conveyed subject as follows:-

"SUBJECT to a covenant contained in a Conveyance dated the First day of February one thousand nine hundred and thirty six and made between John Frederic Bosley and Henry Francis Harper of the one part and Dorothy Evelyn Ellen Sheen of the other part a copy whereof is set out in the Schedule hereto so far as the same is still subsisting and capable of taking effect and affects the property hereby conveyed".

The following are purported to be details of the covenants referred to:-

"THE SCHEDULE referred to

The Purchaser to the intent that this covenant shall be binding so far as may be on the owner for the time being of the hereditaments hereby assured but upon the Purchaser only so long as she is the owner of the same hereditaments hereby covenants with the vendors that the Purchaser and her successors in title will not carry on the business or allow the said hereditaments hereby assured to be used as a sale yard either for the sale of animals or produce of any kind or description by auction"

3 (02.06.2010) The parts of the land affected thereby are subject to the leases set out in the schedule of leases hereto. The leases grant and reserve easements as therein mentioned.

Schedule of notices of leases

Registration date and plan ref.	Property description	Date of lease and term	Lessee's title
tinted pink and tinted yellow on the title plan NOTE: The Lease	The Royal British Legion (Morton-In-Marsh) Club	24.04.2001 15 years from 01/09/2000	

End of register

Land Registry Official copy of title plan

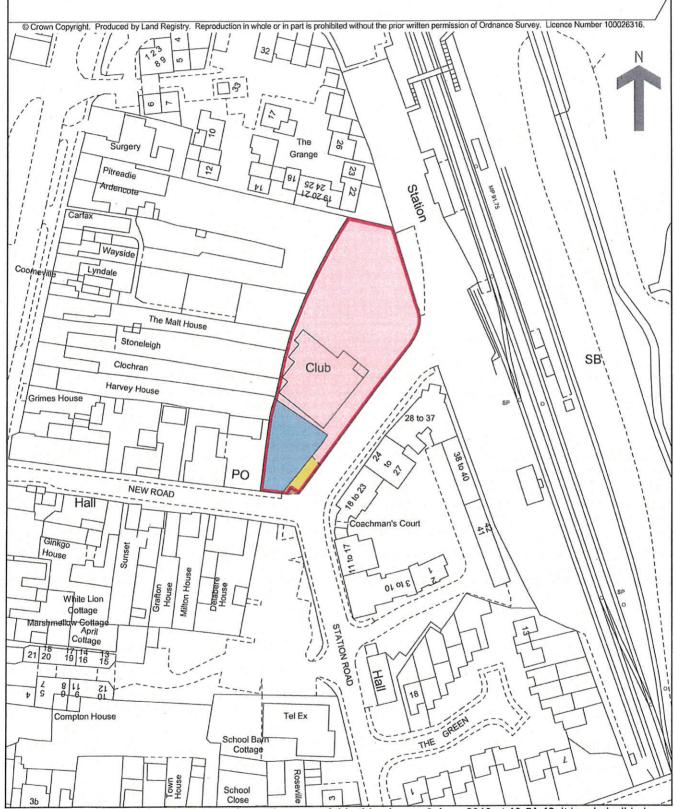
Title number GR344559

Ordnance Survey map reference SP2032NE

Scale 1:1250 enlarged from 1:2500

Administrative area Gloucestershire: Cotswold





This official copy issued on 3 June 2010 shows the state of this title plan on 3 June 2010 at 10:51:46. It is admissible in evidence to the same extent as the original (s.67 Land Registration Act 2002).

This title plan shows the general position, not the exact line, of the boundaries. It may be subject to distortions in scale. Measurements scaled from this plan may not match measurements between the same points on the ground. See Land Registry Public Guide 19 - Title Plans and Boundaries.

This title is dealt with by Land Registry, Gloucester Office.



JAPANESE KNOTWEED REPORT



>>Fast Forward Land Services Ltd>>

Charles Carter. Dip. Ag. Basis Prof. Reg.

Harps Farm Great Hallingbury Bishops Stortford Herts CM22 7TL.

Mobile 07836 618028
01279 466162
Fax 01279 466926
Email charles.carter@btinternet.com
contactus@knotweedmanagement.co.uk
Website www.knotweedmanagement.co.uk.

A J Morgan Property Department, Royal British Legion, 199 Borough High Street, London SE1 1AA

Dec 1st 2015. Update September 2 2016

By email.

Ref. British Legion Hall Station Approach Moreton.

Dear Andrew,

As requested

I did a site survey at the above property on June 10th 2010 at the visit I found two stands of established Japanese Knotweed this had been disturbed and spread by a building company that had rented the site but had left the site before my visit.

The site has been marked with suitable signage.

The site had been rented out again, for storage during the recent construction at the Post Office site, Herra fencing had been used to isolate the contaminated area.

In 2010 the following was found-

- 1. One area was to the south side which had been disturbed and was 20m x 6m in area.
- 2. The second area of 4m x 1m and was between the wall and the club house.

A programme of Injection and Spraying was started in August 11th 2010 three visits were made that season.

Tuesday, 01 August 2017

Fast Forward Land Services Limited

Cart Lodge Harps Farm,
Bedlars Green,
Great Hallingbury,
Bishops Stortford,
Herts
CM22 7TL
Registered in England under company No. 06878747
VAT No 888406281

The visit in 2014 on the 21/08/2014 was carried out and 3no plants were treated on this visit they were all in the disturbed area (Area 1)

Visits have been carried out each season including one on the 22/08/2015 at this date no visible Japanese Knotweed was identified but an overspray was carried out to keep the area clean.

Season 2016

A site visit was made on August 25th 2016. No visible Japanese Knotweed growth was observed at this date a full inspection was made, the site was very overgrown. No treatment was carried out at this visit.

Any site removal of soil within 7m of previous growth may need to be classed as Controlled Waste (Japanese Knotweed) under current Legislation.

Japanese Knotweed can come of out of dormancy for a considerable no of years and this often occurs when there is site disturbance and a minimum of two growing seasons with no new growth is the minimum period to be relatively safe!

I would recommend the use of approved root barrier membranes under any construction within 7m of any previous Japanese Knotweed growth. (This can be supplied by FFLS Ltd.)

Herbicide usage by FFLS Ltd has no contamination risk and is non hazardous.

Please advise me if any status of your site alters.

I hope this will help with the sale of the site and let me know if you require any further information.

Regards Charles

Charles Carter. For FFLS Ltd.

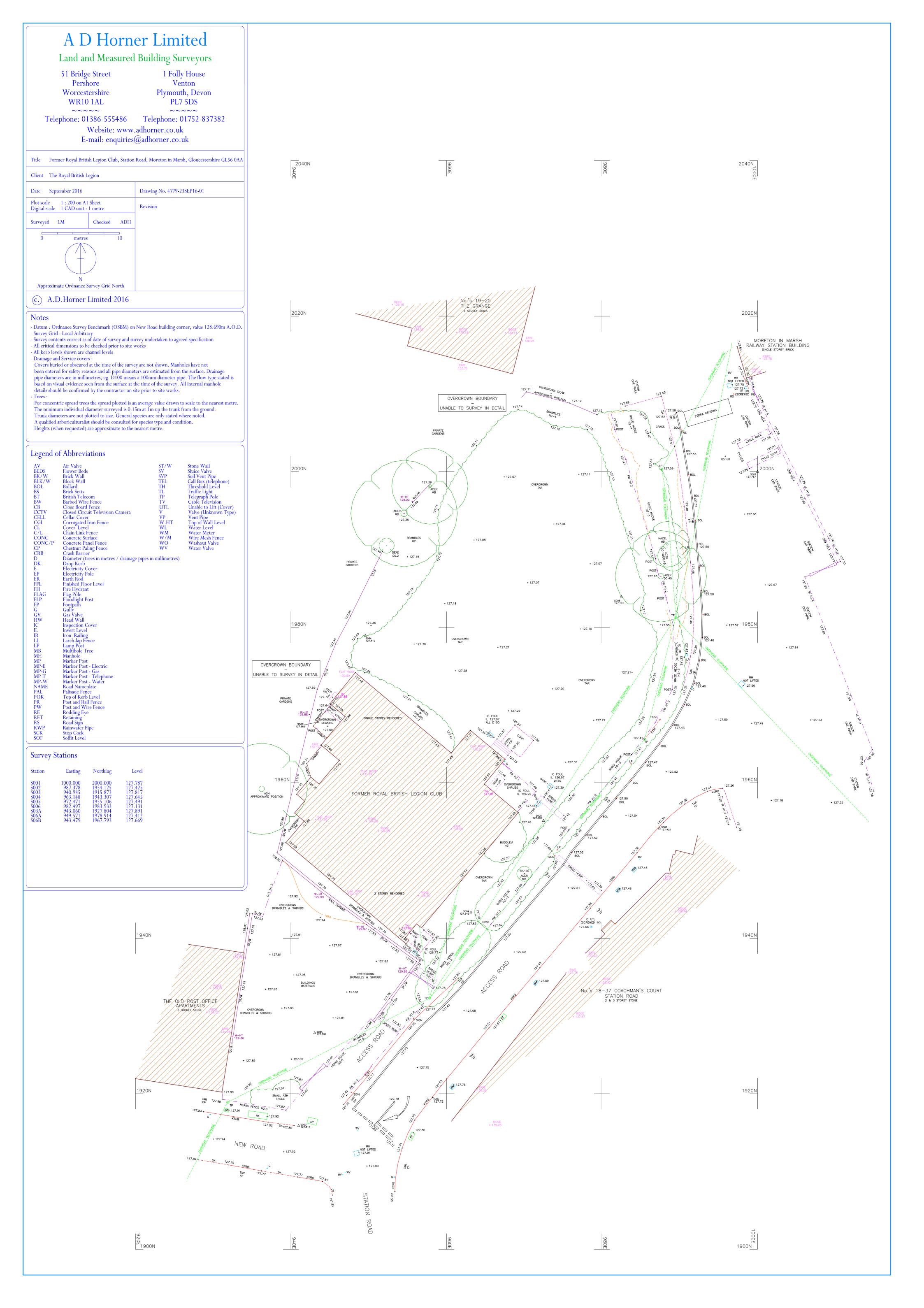
Tuesday, 01 August 2017

Fast Forward Land Services Limited



TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY







FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT



Moreton-in-Marsh

Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Curtins Ref: ICBR0016-RP-001

Revision: 00

Issue Date: 08 September 2016

Client Name: The Royal British Legion

Client Address: 199 Borough High Street, London, SE1 1AA

Site Address: Former Royal British Legion Club, Station Road, Moreton in Marsh,

Gloucestershire GL56 0AA





Curtins Quayside 40-58 Hotwell Road Bristol, BS8 4UQ Tel: 0117 302 7560



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Rev	Description	Issued by	Checked	Date
00	First Draft	DP	АН	05/09/2016

This report has been prepared for the sole benefit, use, and information for the client. The liability of Curtins Consulting Limited with respect to the information contained in the report will not extend to any third party.

Author	Signature	Date
Daniel Packman BSc (Hons) MSc		05/09/2016

Reviewed	Signature	Date
Alex Halford BSc (Hons) Senior Civil Engineer		08/09/2016



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Table of contents

1.0 Int	roduction	1
1.1	Project Background	1
1.2	Scope of Flood Risk Assessment	1
2.0 Ex	isting Site Details	2
2.1	Location and Description	2
2.2	Topography	2
2.3	Existing Watercourses	2
2.4	Public Drainage	3
2.5	Private Drainage	3
2.6	Site Geology	3
3.0 Na	tional Planning Policy Framework	5
3.1	Flood Zone Classification (Table 1)	5
3.2	Flood Risk Vulnerability Classification (Table 2)	6
3.3	Flood Zone and Flood Risk Vulnerability Compatibility (Table 3)	8
4.0 De	evelopment and Flood Risk	9
4.1	Proposed Development Vulnerability Classification	9
4.2	Environment Agency Flood Data	9
4.3	Historic Flooding	9
4.4	Flood Defences	9
4.5	Flooding from Climate Change	10
4.6	Flooding from Groundwater	11
4.7	Flooding from Adopted Sewers	11
4.8	Flooding from Private Drainage	11
4.9	Flooding from Surface Water	11
4.10	Flooding from Reservoirs, Canals and Artificial Sources	12
4.11	Overall Flood Risk	12
5.0 Dra	ainage Strategy	13



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

	5.1	Sustainable Drainage Systems	13
	5.2	Surface Water Discharge Rate	13
	5.3	Surface Water Attenuation Volumes	14
	5.4	Surface Water Outfall Options	14
6.	0 Con	nclusions and Recommendations	15
	6.1	Flood Risk	15
	6.2	Drainage Strategy	15



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Appendices

Appendix A - Site Location and Title Plan

Appendix B - Topographical Survey

Appendix C - Thames Water Sewer Records

Appendix D - Flood Mapping

Appendix E - Drainage Calculations

Appendix F – Proposed Drainage





1.0 Introduction

1.1 Project Background

Curtins Consulting Limited has been appointed by The Royal British Legion to prepare a site specific Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) to assess the potential flood risk that may affect the proposed residential development at New Road, Morton-in-Marsh.

This report is based on currently available information.

Proposals contained or forming part of this report represent the design intent and may be subject to alteration or adjustment in completing the detailed design for this project. Where such adjustments are undertaken as part of the detailed design, and are deemed a material derivation from the intent contained in this document, prior approval shall be obtained from the relevant authority in advance of commencing such works.

Where the proposed works, to which this report refers, are undertaken more than twelve months following the issue of this report, Curtins Consulting shall reserve the right to re-validate the findings and conclusions at no cost to Curtins Consulting.

1.2 Scope of Flood Risk Assessment

The assessment has been undertaken in accordance with the standing advice and requirements of the Environment Agency for Flood Risk Assessments as outlined in the Communities and Local Governments Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF).

The assessment has:

- Investigated all potential risks of current or future flooding to the site;
- Considered the impact the development may have elsewhere with regards to flooding risk;
- Considered design proposals to mitigate any potential risk of flooding determined to be present;
 and
- Considered outline design proposals for foul and storm water drainage of the site.





2.0 Existing Site Details

2.1 Location and Description

The 0.29ha site is located in Flood Zone 2 on a Brownfield site currently being used for recreational purposes within the northern part of the town of Moreton-in-Marsh (approximate coordinates are E: 420629, N: 232628).

The site currently consists of a Victorian style building that was historically used as a working men's club known as Legion Hall, for the Royal British Legion (colored pink). The building has been vacated by the Legion for several years and more recently has been used as storage for adjacent developments. The club land also included parking in the north and east. A small triangle of land adjacent to the club building (coloured blue) has historically been a demolished building and forms part of the development site including the site's current access lane (coloured yellow). See Appendix A for the coloured title plan.

The site will be accessed from New Road which forms the southern boundary of the site. The site is bound to the east and south by Station Road, by boundary fences/walls of neighbouring private residences to the north and the post office car park to the west.

The Moreton-in-Marsh train station and railway line, which travels in a general southwest/northeast direction, lies further to the east of the site, currently served by Station Road. The River Evenlode lies a few meters further east of the railway line and follows alongside it. A recent housing development, Coachman's Court has been built on the opposite side of Station Road, built at some point between 2006 and 2009. For a site location plan refer to Appendix A.

2.2 Topography

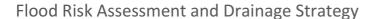
A topographic survey was provided in September 2016. As shown on the topographic survey the topography of the local area generally falls towards the River Evenlode which is situated approximately 60m east of the site.

The site is relatively flat in nature with a high point in the south western corner of circa. 127.90mAOD falling at approximately 1:80 grade to the north east edge of the site to an approximate level of 127.07mAOD.

The topographical survey drawing is contained within Appendix B.

2.3 Existing Watercourses

The nearest surface water feature is the River Evenlode located approximately 60m to the east of the site, flowing in a southerly direction until it reaches the River Thames approximately 34km south of the site.





Approximately 165m to the north of the site, across existing farmland, is a tributary of the River Evenlode which flows from west to east through Moreton-in-Marsh.

2.4 Public Drainage

The public sewer record has been acquired from Thames Water and is contained in Appendix C.

A 225mm diameter public foul sewer is located beneath New Road to the south of the site and runs for its full length until it's juncture with Station Road. A second 225mm diameter public foul water sewer is located beneath Station Road which flows from the railway station, east of the site, in a south-westerly direction along Station Road to the juncture with New Road before directing south and discharging into the foul sewer located beneath Oxford Street.

Invert level information provided by Thames Water which accompanies the asset location plan, indicates that manhole 6501, which is located immediately south of the access into the development, at the juncture between New Road and Station Road, has a cover level of 127.93mAOD and an invert level of 125.08mAOD. It is therefore probable that a gravity connection to this manhole can be achieved if development is located in the western half of the site.

2.5 Private Drainage

The private drainage onsite consists of a circa. 150mm diameter combined water network that picks up the surface water from the roof of the building and the surrounding hardstanding areas as well as the domestic foul flows from the Royal British Legions clubhouse facilities.

This drain leaves the site in the south-east corner of the site connecting into the public combined water sewer within Station Road.

2.6 Site Geology

Information provided by the British Geological Survey indicates that the site is underlain by superficial deposits of alluvium, which are comprised of clay, silt, sand and gravel. The bedrock underlying the superficial deposits is the Charmouth Mudstone Formation made up of dark grey laminated shales and dark, pale bluish grey mudstone. Within the formation are localised beds of limestone, shales and sand.

The Environment Agency classify the superficial deposits beneath the site has a Secondary A aquifer, which is defined as permeable layers capable of supporting water supplies at a local rather than strategic scale, and in some cases forming an important source of base flow to rivers. These are generally aquifers formerly classified as minor aquifers.

The bedrock has been classified as a Secondary (undifferentiated) aquifer, which is defined geology where it has not been possible to attribute either category A or B to a rock type. In most cases, this means that the layer in question has previously been designated as both minor and non-aquifer in different locations due to the variable characteristics of the rock type.



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy





3.0 National Planning Policy Framework

In March 2012 the Department of Communities and Local Government published the National Planning Policy Framework document (NPPF) which provides guidance on how flood risk should be assessed during the planning and development process. The main Framework is supplemented by a technical guidance document ("Planning Practice Guidance" - PPG) which advises specifically with respect to flooding. The most critical aspects are extracted below.

3.1 Flood Zone Classification (Table 1)

Flood Zone	Definition
Zone 1	Land having a less than 1 in 1,000 annual probability of river or sea flooding.
Low Probability	(Shown as 'clear' on the Flood Map – all land outside Zones 2 and 3)
Zone 2	Land having between a 1 in 100 and 1 in 1,000 annual probability of river flooding;
Medium	or
Probability	Land having between a 1 in 200 and 1 in 1,000 annual probability of sea flooding.
	(Land shown in light blue on the Flood Map)
Zone 3a	Land having a 1 in 100 or greater annual probability of river flooding; or
High Probability	Land having a 1 in 200 or greater annual probability of sea flooding.
	(Land shown in dark blue on the Flood Map)
Zone 3b	This zone comprises land where water has to flow or be stored in times of
The Functional	flood.
Floodplain	Local planning authorities should identify in their Strategic Flood Risk Assessments
	areas of functional floodplain and its boundaries accordingly, in agreement with the
	Environment Agency.
	(Not separately distinguished from Zone 3a on the Flood Map)

Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy



3.2 Flood Risk Vulnerability Classification (Table 2)

Essential Infrastructure

- Essential transport infrastructure (including mass evacuation routes) which has to cross the area
- Essential utility infrastructure which has to be located in a flood risk area for operational reasons, including electricity generating power stations and grid and primary substations; and water treatment works that need to remain operational in times of flood.
- Wind turbines.

Highly Vulnerable

- Police stations, ambulance stations and fire stations and command centres telecommunications installations required to be operational during flooding.
- Emergency dispersal points.
- Basement dwellings.
- Caravans, mobile homes and park homes intended for permanent residential use.
- Installations requiring hazardous substances consent. (Where there is a demonstrable need to locate such installations for bulk storage of materials with port or other similar facilities, or such installations with energy infrastructure or carbon capture and storage installations, that require coastal or water-side locations, or need to be located in other high flood risk areas, in these instances the facilities should be classified as "essential infrastructure").

More Vulnerable

- Hospitals.
- Residential institutions such as residential care homes, children's homes, social services homes, prisons and hostels.
- Buildings used for dwelling houses, student halls of residence, drinking establishments, nightclubs and hotels.
- Non-residential uses for health services, nurseries and educational establishments.
- Landfill and sites used for waste management facilities for hazardous waste.
- Sites used for holiday or short-let caravans and camping, subject to a specific warning and evacuation plan.





Less Vulnerable

- Police, ambulance and fire stations which are not required to be operational during flooding.
- Buildings used for shops, financial, professional and other services, restaurants and cafes, hot
 food takeaways, offices, general industry, storage and distribution, non-residential institutions not
 included in "more vulnerable", and assembly and leisure.
- Land and buildings used for agriculture and forestry.
- Waste treatment (except landfill and hazardous waste facilities).
- Minerals working and processing (except for sand and gravel working).
- Water treatment works which do not need to remain operational during times of flood.
- Sewage treatment works (if adequate measures to control pollution and manage sewage during flooding events are in place).

Water Compatible

- Flood control infrastructure.
- Water transmission infrastructure and pumping stations.
- Sewage transmission infrastructure and pumping stations.
- Sand and gravel working.
- Docks, marinas and wharves.
- Navigation facilities.
- Ministry of Defence installations.
- Ship building, repairing and dismantling, dockside fish processing and refrigeration and compatible activities requiring a waterside location.
- Water-based recreation (excluding sleeping accommodation).
- Lifeguard and coastguard stations.
- Amenity open space, nature conservation and biodiversity, outdoor sports and recreation and essential facilities such as changing rooms.
- Essential ancillary sleeping or residential accommodation for staff required by uses in this category, subject to a specific warning and evacuation plan.





3.3 Flood Zone and Flood Risk Vulnerability Compatibility (Table 3)

Flood Zones	Flood Risk Vulnerability Classification				
	Essential infrastructure	Highly vulnerable	More vulnerable	Less vulnerable	Water compatible
Zone 1	✓	✓	√	✓	√
Zone 2	√	Exception Test required	√	√	√
Zone 3a†	Exception Test required †	X	Exception Test required	✓	√
Zone 3b *	Exception Test required *	Х	Х	X	/*

Key:

√ Development is appropriate

X Development should not be permitted.

Notes to table 3:

- This table does not show the application of the Sequential Test which should be applied first to guide development to Flood Zone 1, then Zone 2, and then Zone 3; nor does it reflect the need to avoid flood risk from sources other than rivers and the sea;
- The Sequential and Exception Tests do not need to be applied to minor developments and changes of use, except for a change of use to a caravan, camping or chalet site, or to a mobile home or park home site;
- Some developments may contain different elements of vulnerability and the highest vulnerability category should be used, unless the development is considered in its component parts.
- † In Flood Zone 3a essential infrastructure should be designed and constructed to remain operational and safe in times of flood.
- * In Flood Zone 3b (functional floodplain) essential infrastructure that has to be there and has passed the Exception Test, and water-compatible uses, should be designed and constructed to:
- remain operational and safe for users in times of flood;
- result in no net loss of floodplain storage;
- not impede water flows and not increase flood risk elsewhere.



4.0 Development and Flood Risk

4.1 Proposed Development Vulnerability Classification

The proposed development is located in Flood Zone 2 and as described in NPPF, developments in this zone have between a 1 in 100 annual probability of river flooding (1.0%) and a 1 in 1,000 annual probability of river flooding (<0.1%).

The development of residential apartments above retail ground floor space is classified as a 'More Vulnerable' development under the NPPF technical guidance. According to Table 2 of the NPPF technical guidance all vulnerability uses of land are appropriate in this flood zone.

4.2 Environment Agency Flood Data

The Environment Agency website provides basic flood mapping data as a general guide to whether or not a site is at risk of flooding from various sources including rivers and seas for Flood Zoning classification.

This mapping indicates that the site is primarily located within an area with an undefended risk of flooding from rivers and the sea of have between a 1 in 100 annual probability of river flooding (1.0%) and a 1 in 1,000 annual probability of river flooding (<0.1%). Therefore, the site should be classified as Flood Zone 2.

The southern portion of the site is shown to be in area with an annual probability of river flooding of less than 1 in 1,000 (<0.1%) and as such is classified as Flood Zone 1.

Additionally, the mapping with Appendix D showing the Environment Agency's flood extents shows the site as being partially within the Low classification.

Therefore, the development is considered to be at low risk of fluvial flooding.

Given the site's geographic location and relative elevation the site is considered to be at low risk from tidal sources.

4.3 Historic Flooding

As noted within Appendix D the Environment historical flood records indicate that the northern portion of the site was flooded during the 2007 summer floods. No information has been provided regarding the elevation of the flood water within the site.

4.4 Flood Defences

No features are noted as being within the local area, and therefore the site is not considered to be benefiting from any flood defences.





4.5 Flooding from Climate Change

For rainfall climate change figures the Environment Agency released new guidance in April 2016 based on varied percentiles dependant on the type of development and the epochs spanned by the design life of the development. The percentiles applicable for rainfall allowance applied to Flood Zone 2 developments are noted as follows:

In Flood Zone 2

- essential infrastructure use the higher central and upper end to assess a range of allowances
- highly vulnerable use the higher central and upper end to assess a range of allowances
- more vulnerable use the central and higher central to assess a range of allowances
- less vulnerable use the central allowance
- water compatible use none of the allowances

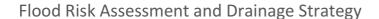
Therefore, for residential development, that has been classified as more vulnerable, the central and higher central range of allowance should be applied.

From the Environment Agency guidance Table 2 describes the application of climate change rainfall allowance for small and urban developments and is replicated below:

Table 2 peak rainfall intensity allowance in small and urban catchments (use 1961 to 1990 baseline)

Applies across all of England	Total potential change anticipated for the '2020s' (2015 to 2039)	Total potential change anticipated for the '2050s' (2040 to 2069)	Total potential change anticipated for the '2080s' (2070 to 2115)
Upper end	10%	20%	40%
Central	5%	10%	20%

The design life for residential developments is 100 years and therefore will fall within the 2080s epoch. The central percentile will be used for this development and therefore an allowance for climate change on the total rainfall should be 20% for the 1 in 100-year event with a sensitivity analysis using a 40% climate change factor to remain conservative. This figure will need to be used in the design of the surface water network as detailed within the Drainage Strategy report, and ensures the development and the surround area is protected from flooding from the development over its lifetime.





4.6 Flooding from Groundwater

The BGS Groundwater Flooding data, based on underlying geology (as noted in Appendix D), rates the site as having the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at the surface.

Therefore, the flood risk to the development from groundwater is considered to be high; however, mitigating measures in the form of re-grading of ground levels away from the buildings can be achieved which will nullify the effects of groundwater upon the development.

4.7 Flooding from Adopted Sewers

The nearest adoptable sewers are to the east and south of the development, beneath the existing highways. As a result of the existing land falling in an easterly manner, any potential flooding from sewers will travel within the kerb lines of the existing road network away from the site, therefore the risk of flooding from adoptable sewers is considered to be low.

4.8 Flooding from Private Drainage

Private drainage associated with the existing dwellings to the north east of the site and the existing school and leisure centre to the south east is such that any failure in the network would lead to overland flood flows away from the proposed development. This is due to the local topography which falls away from the site.

Private surface water drainage within the site will be designed to limit discharge rates to a min. 30% betterment upon the 1 in 100-year brownfield runoff rate for the site, or the determined capacity of any receiving public sewer. Satisfactory attenuation will be provided to ensure that the 1 in 100 year return period storm events can be accommodated at within the site without breaching the determined discharge rate. As such the risk of flooding from the private surface water drainage system will be low.

As the site already has foul water connections discharging in to the public foul water sewer network, the marginal increase in domestic foul flows from the development should be accommodated within the sewer without increasing the risk of breaching its capacity.

As a result, the potential for flooding as a result of failure to the private drainage is considered to be low from both surface and foul water flows.

4.9 Flooding from Surface Water

The JBA maps within Appendix D indicate some areas of risk from surface water flooding within the site boundary. The majority of these sources are related to the existing watercourses. Due to the topography of the site and the presence of existing barriers such as the local road networks which would intercept any potential flows the risk of flooding from these sources are deemed to be low.





It should also be noted that these maps do not take into account any underground drainage systems and therefore any flooding identified within existing roads is likely to be intercepted by road gullies and discharged into the local drainage network.

As a result of the above risk from surface water flooding is low.

4.10 Flooding from Reservoirs, Canals and Artificial Sources

There are no reservoirs, canals or artificial sources within the vicinity of the site; the low flood risk is noted within the modelling and mapping data in Appendix D.

4.11 Overall Flood Risk

As noted in the previous sections the flood risk to the proposed development is considered to be low from most sources. The risk of flooding from fluvial lows relating to the River Evenlode are moderate, however through providing a development which locates buildings within the topographically higher level areas (identified within the flood zone 1), or through providing flood resilient ground floor land uses, such as retail, no further mitigating measures will be required.



5.0 Drainage Strategy

5.1 Sustainable Drainage Systems

The site is wholly impermeable within its current layout with little evidence of soft landscaping. The site's location within a Flood Zone 2 where there is a chance of flooding during the 1 in 1000 year return period and the potential presence of a high ground water table, means the provision of suitable SuDS features will be difficult to achieve. The best option for the development will the reduction in impermeable areas and the increase in soft landscaping with the introduction of vegetation.

Green roofs could be a potential for the new build; however, their use will likely increase the cost of structural elements within the proposed building. Their only purpose will be to retain the first 5mm of rainfall as once they are saturated the surface water would simply run over them and as such they cannot be included within any attenuation calculations. It is therefore likely that a small development such as this would opt to not use them.

A level of proprietary treatment will be required within the car parking areas of the site, where there is a likelihood of oil spillage. It is therefore likely that a by-pass/full retention separator would be needed prior to any surface water outfall to cleanse the water to a suitable level.

5.2 Surface Water Discharge Rate

An Assessment has been made of the existing brownfield runoff rates based upon the Lloyd Davies method of calculation whereby Q= 2.78x Intensity x Area. The existing rates are shown in Table 1 below:

Table 1

Return Period	Estimated Brownfield Discharge Rates
2-year	28.6 l/s
30-year	54.1 l/s
100-year	83.8 l/s

If discharging to a watercourse, the site would need to be limited to a 40% betterment of the 1 in 100-year brownfield discharge rate, 50.3 l/s. However, if discharging surface water to a sewer then surface water discharge rates will be limited to either the 2 year return period, 28.6 l/s, or the capacity of the receiving sewer (to be agreed with Thames Water) whichever is lower.





5.3 Surface Water Attenuation Volumes

Attenuation will need to be provided to ensure that surface water discharge from the site is limited to either a 40% betterment of the 1 in 100-year brownfield runoff rate, with an inclusion of 20% climate change allowance. Table 2 below identifies the estimated attenuation volumes required to serve the site when discharging at the two rates identified above:

Table 2

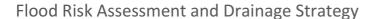
Discharge Rate	Attenuation Volume
50.3 l/s	17m³ – 58m³
28.6 l/s	38m³ – 76m³
5 l/s	100m³ – 149m³

It is possible that a pre-development enquiry with Thames Water identifies that the public sewer network surrounding the site has limited capacity and requires the site to be limited to the minimum maintainable discharge rate, 5 l/s. In this instance between 100m³ and 149m³ of attenuation (depending on the efficiency of flow control device) will be required. The most onerous discharge rate requires a below ground tank of approximately 14m x 10m x 1m depth. Although large this tank can still be accommodated within the footprint of the development site.

5.4 Surface Water Outfall Options

An assessment of the site's existing drainage has been carried out and it appears that there is a combined water drainage network through the site picking up both surface water runoff from the impermeable areas as well as the domestic foul loads from the building. The combined water drain discharges to the public combined water sewer within station road.

Our preferred surface water outfall option would be to a suitable manhole located within the station's car park, that in turn discharges into the watercourse. If a suitable manhole is not present, then the alternative outfall option will be to the public combined water sewer within Station Road. If the latter option is required then it is likely that the discharge rate from the site will be limited to the minimum maintainable discharge rate, 5 l/s. if discharging to the watercourse then a 40% betterment to the current brownfield discharge rate could be argued with a much reduced requirement of attenuation as shown in Table 2 above.





6.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

6.1 Flood Risk

As determined within Section 4 the flood risk to the development and from the development to the surrounding area is considered to be low from all sources. The site is noted as being mostly within Flood Zone 2 although an area in the south-west corner of the site is located within Flood Zone 1 on the Environment Agency mapping. Development should therefore be directed to the area identified as Flood Zone 1.

The risk of surface water flooding is also considered to be low given the sites topography, geology and the use of managed storm water systems for the proposed developments.

The classification of the development is More Vulnerable and therefore is appropriate for this location.

6.2 Drainage Strategy

It is likely that SuDS are not appropriate for this development due to the site's geographic and geological constraints. It is recommended that impermeable areas are reduced through the introduction of soft landscape areas and vegetation.

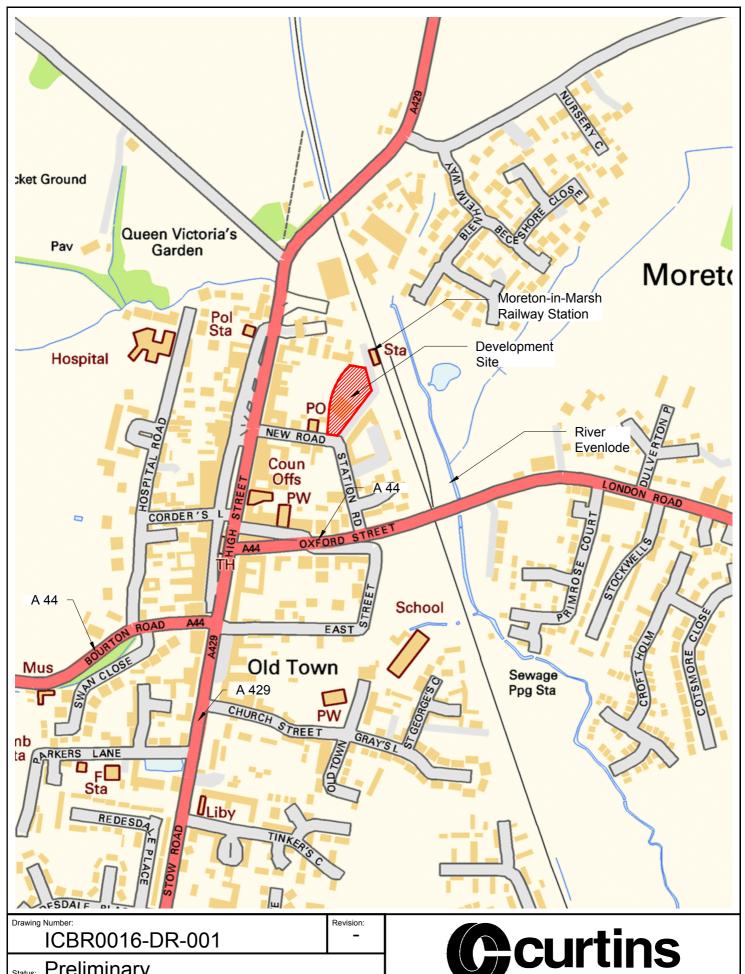
It is proposed that surface water outfalls will either be to the watercourse, east of the railway tracks if an existing surface water outfall exists. If not, then a connection will be made to the public combined water sewer in Station Road, but runoff will be limited to 5l/s.



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Appendix

Appendix A - Site Location and Title Plan



Status: Preliminary Project: Station Road, Moreton-in-Marsh Site Location Plan NTS Α4 Date: 09/2016 Scale: Size: $\mathsf{Drawn}\colon\thinspace AH$ Checked: AH



Quayside, 40-58 Hotwell Road, Bristol BS8 4UQ 0117 302 7560 bristol@curtins.com www.curtins.com

 $Structures \bullet Civils \bullet Environmental \bullet Infrastructure \bullet Transport Planning \bullet Sustainability \bullet Expert Advisory Services$ Birmingham • Bristol • Cardiff • Douglas • Edinburgh • Kendal • Leeds • Liverpool • London • Manchester • Nottingham

Land Registry Gloucester Office



THE ROYAL BRITISH LEGION 199 BOROUGH HIGH STREET LONDON SE1 1AA

Delivered by



Date 19 June 2013

Your ref L2/MORETON-IN-MARSH

Our ref RCS/GR344559



Land Registry Gloucester Office Twyver House **Bruton Way** Gloucester GL1 1DQ

DX 7599 Gloucester 3

Tel 0300 006 1111 Fax 0300 006 0050 gloucester.office @landregistry.gsi.gov.uk

www.landregistry.gov.uk

Completion of registration

Title number

GR344559

Property

The Royal British Legion, New Road,

Moreton-In-Marsh (GL56 0AS)

Registered proprietor

The Royal British Legion

Your application lodged on 29 May 2013 has been completed. An official copy of the register is enclosed. No amendment to the title plan has been made.

There are no other documents to send to you.

You do not need to reply unless you think a mistake has been made. If there is a problem or you require this correspondence in an alternative format, please let us know.

The Title information document is enclosed for you to keep or issue to your client as appropriate.

Important information about the address for service

If we need to write to an owner, chargee or other party who has an interest noted on the register, we will write to them at the address shown on the register. We will also use this address if we need to issue any formal notice to an owner or other party as a result of an application being made. Notices are often sent as a measure to safeguard against fraud. It is important that this address is correct and up to date. If it is not you may not receive our letter or notice and could suffer a loss as a result.

You can have up to three addresses for service noted on the register. At least one of these must be a postal address, whether or not in the United Kingdom, the other two may be a DX address, a UK or overseas postal address or an email address.

Please let us know at once of any changes to an address for service.

Land Registry Gloucester Office



Title information document

This document has been issued following a change to the register. It has been supplied for information only. It should not be sent to Land Registry in connection with any subsequent application.

Attached is an official copy of the register showing the entries subsisting following the recent completion of the application to change the register.

Please note: The attached official copy shows the state of the individual register of title as at the date and time stated on it.

If in future you wish to apply for an official copy of the register or the title plan, please apply using form OC1 (available from our website, any Land Registry local office and law stationers). A fee is payable for each copy issued.

If you have any queries, or you require this correspondence in an alternative format, please contact us at the address shown, quoting the title number shown on the top of the official copy.

Important information about the address for service

If we need to write to an owner, chargee or other party who has an interest noted on the register, we will write to them at the address shown on the register. We will also use this address if we need to issue any formal notice to an owner or other party as a result of an application being made. Notices are often sent as a measure to safeguard against fraud. It is important that this address is correct and up to date. If it is not you may not receive our letter or notice and could suffer a loss as a result.

You can have up to three addresses for service noted on the register. At least one of these must be a postal address, whether or not in the United Kingdom; the other two may be a DX address, a UK or overseas postal address or an email address.

Please let us know at once of any changes to an address for

Land Registry
Gloucester Office
Twyver House
Bruton Way
Gloucester GL1 1DQ

DX 7599 Gloucester 3

Tel 0300 006 1111 Fax 0300 006 0050 gloucester.office @landregistry.gsi.gov.uk

www.landregistry.gov.uk



Official copy of register of title

Title number GR344559

Edition date 29.05.2013

- This official copy shows the entries in the register of title on 19 June 2013 at 11:49:25.
- This date must be quoted as the "search from date" in any official search application based on this copy.
- The date at the beginning of an entry is the date on which the entry was made in the register.
- Issued on 19 June 2013.
- Under s.67 of the Land Registration Act 2002, this copy is admissible in evidence to the same extent as the original.
- For information about the register of title see Land Registry website www.landregistry.gov.uk or Land Registry Public Guide 1 - A guide to the information we keep and how you can obtain it.
- This title is dealt with by Land Registry Gloucester Office.

A: Property register

This register describes the land and estate comprised in the title.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE : COTSWOLD

- The Freehold land shown edged with red on the plan of the above title filed at the Registry and being The Royal British Legion, New Road, Moreton-In-Marsh (GL56 0AS).
- The registered proprietor claims that the land tinted blue and tinted yellow on the title plan has the benefit of a right of way on foot and with vehicles over the area tinted brown on the title plan. The right claimed is not included in this registration. The claim is supported by statutory declarations made on 10 October 2008 and 30 January 2009 made by Lawrence Hubert George Hamilton and David Baker respectively.

NOTE: Copies filed under GR218222.

B: Proprietorship register

This register specifies the class of title and identifies the owner. It contains any entries that affect the right of disposal.

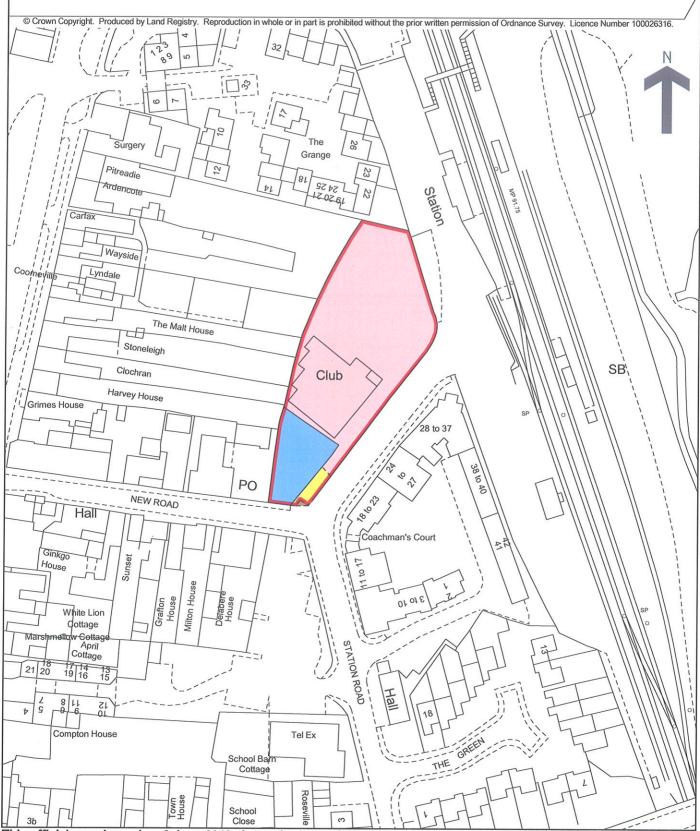
Title absolute

- PROPRIETOR: THE ROYAL BRITISH LEGION of Haig House, 199 Borough High Street, London SEl 1AA.
- RESTRICTION: No disposition by the proprietor of the registered estate to which section 36 or section 38 of the Charities Act 1993 applies is to be registered unless the instrument contains a certificate complying with section 37(2) or section 39(2) of that Act as appropriate.

Land Registry Official copy of title plan

Title number **GR344559**Ordnance Survey map reference **SP2032NE**Scale **1:1250** enlarged from 1:2500
Administrative area **Gloucestershire**: **Cotswold**





This official copy issued on 3 June 2010 shows the state of this title plan on 3 June 2010 at 10:51:46. It is admissible in evidence to the same extent as the original (s.67 Land Registration Act 2002).

This title plan shows the general position, not the exact line, of the boundaries. It may be subject to distortions in scale. Measurements scaled from this plan may not match measurements between the same points on the ground. See Land Registry Public Guide 19 - Title Plans and Boundaries.

This title is dealt with by Land Registry, Gloucester Office.



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Appendix

Appendix B - Topographical Survey



ICBR0016-RP-001 Moreton-in-Marsh



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Appendix

Appendix C - Thames Water Sewer Records



Curtins Consulting

BRISTOL BS8 4UQ

Search address supplied The Womens Institute

New Road Moreton-In-Marsh GL56 0AS

Your reference Morton in Marsh

Our reference ALS/ALS Standard/2016_3403445

Search date 5 September 2016

Notification of Price Changes...

From **1 September 2016** Thames Water Property Searches will be increasing the prices of its Asset Location Searches. This will be the first price rise in three years and is in line with the RPI at 1.84%. The increase follows significant capital investment in improving our systems and infrastructure.

Enquiries received with a higher payment prior to 1 September 2016 will be non-refundable. For further details on the price increase please visit our website at

www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk





Search address supplied: The Womens Institute, New Road, Moreton-In-Marsh, GL56 0AS

Dear Sir / Madam

An Asset Location Search is recommended when undertaking a site development. It is essential to obtain information on the size and location of clean water and sewerage assets to safeguard against expensive damage and allow cost-effective service design.

The following records were searched in compiling this report: - the map of public sewers & the map of waterworks. Thames Water Utilities Ltd (TWUL) holds all of these.

This searchprovides maps showing the position, size of Thames Water assets close to the proposed development and also manhole cover and invert levels, where available.

Please note that none of the charges made for this report relate to the provision of Ordnance Survey mapping information. The replies contained in this letter are given following inspection of the public service records available to this company. No responsibility can be accepted for any error or omission in the replies.

You should be aware that the information contained on these plans is current only on the day that the plans are issued. The plans should only be used for the duration of the work that is being carried out at the present time. Under no circumstances should this data be copied or transmitted to parties other than those for whom the current work is being carried out.

Thames Water do update these service plans on a regular basis and failure to observe the above conditions could lead to damage arising to new or diverted services at a later date.

Contact Us

If you have any further queries regarding this enquiry please feel free to contact a member of the team on 0845 070 9148, or use the address below:

Thames Water Utilities Ltd Property Searches PO Box 3189 Slough SL1 4WW

Email: searches@thameswater.co.uk

Web: www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk



Waste Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public sewer map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate lines of our sewers. Our plans do not show sewer connections from individual properties or any sewers not owned by Thames Water unless specifically annotated otherwise. Records such as "private" pipework are in some cases available from the Building Control Department of the relevant Local Authority.

Where the Local Authority does not hold such plans it might be advisable to consult the property deeds for the site or contact neighbouring landowners.

This report relates only to sewerage apparatus of Thames Water Utilities Ltd, it does not disclose details of cables and or communications equipment that may be running through or around such apparatus.

The sewer level information contained in this response represents all of the level data available in our existing records. Should you require any further Information, please refer to the relevant section within the 'Further Contacts' page found later in this document.

For your guidance:

- The Company is not generally responsible for rivers, watercourses, ponds, culverts
 or highway drains. If any of these are shown on the copy extract they are shown for
 information only.
- Any private sewers or lateral drains which are indicated on the extract of the public sewer map as being subject to an agreement under Section 104 of the Water Industry Act 1991 are not an 'as constructed' record. It is recommended these details be checked with the developer.

Clean Water Services

Please provide a copy extract from the public water main map.

Enclosed is a map showing the approximate positions of our water mains and associated apparatus. Please note that records are not kept of the positions of individual domestic supplies.

For your information, there will be a pressure of at least 10m head at the outside stop valve. If you would like to know the static pressure, please contact our Customer



Centre on 0800 316 9800. The Customer Centre can also arrange for a full flow and pressure test to be carried out for a fee.

For your guidance:

- Assets other than vested water mains may be shown on the plan, for information only.
- If an extract of the public water main record is enclosed, this will show known public
 water mains in the vicinity of the property. It should be possible to estimate the
 likely length and route of any private water supply pipe connecting the property to
 the public water network.

Payment for this Search

A charge will be added to your suppliers account.



Further contacts:

Waste Water queries

Should you require verification of the invert levels of public sewers, by site measurement, you will need to approach the relevant Thames Water Area Network Office for permission to lift the appropriate covers. This permission will usually involve you completing a TWOSA form. For further information please contact our Customer Centre on Tel: 0800 316 9800. Alternatively, a survey can be arranged, for a fee, through our Customer Centre on the above number.

If you have any questions regarding sewer connections, budget estimates, diversions, building over issues or any other questions regarding operational issues please direct them to our service desk. Which can be contacted by writing to:

Developer Services (Waste Water)
Thames Water
Clearwater Court
Vastern Road
Reading
RG1 8DB

Tel: 0845 850 2777

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk

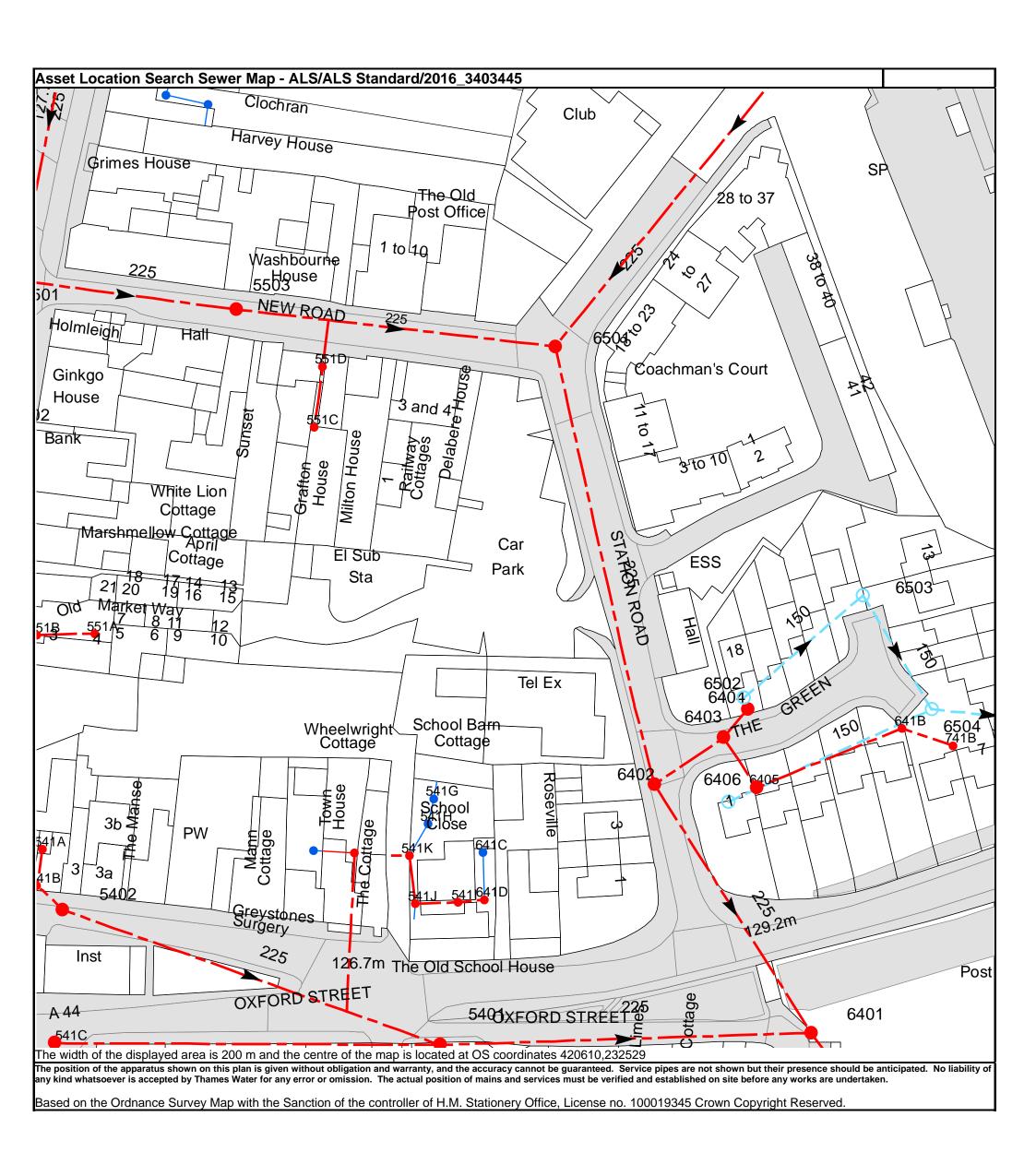
Clean Water queries

Should you require any advice concerning clean water operational issues or clean water connections, please contact:

Developer Services (Clean Water) Thames Water Clearwater Court Vastern Road Reading RG1 8DB

Tel: 0845 850 2777

Email: developer.services@thameswater.co.uk



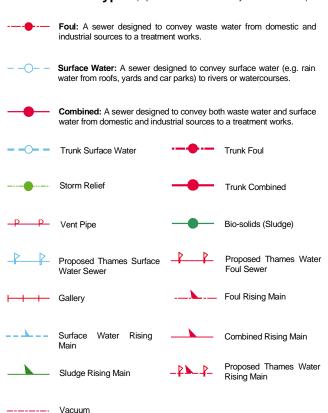
<u>Thames Water Utilities Ltd</u>, Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4W, DX 151280 Slough 13 T 0845 070 9148 E <u>searches@thameswater.co.uk</u> I <u>www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk</u>

Manhole Reference	Manhole Cover Level	Manhole Invert Level
6504	126.74	125.21
6404	127.37	125.56
6502	127.5	125.74
6503	127.42	125.47
6501	127.93	125.08
6401	125.99	124.34
641D	n/a	n/a
6406	n/a	n/a
6405	127.35	125.65
6402	128.25	124.62
741B	n/a	n/a
6403	127.48	125.46
641B	n/a	n/a
541B	n/a	n/a
541A	n/a	n/a
541C	n/a	n/a
5402	127.07	n/a
551A	n/a	n/a
541M	n/a	n/a
551C	n/a	n/a
551D	n/a	n/a
541L	n/a	n/a
541K	n/a	n/a
541J	n/a	n/a
541H	n/a	n/a
541G	n/a	n/a
5401	126.29	125.04
541I	n/a	n/a
641C	n/a	n/a
5503	128.33	125.41
561H	n/a	n/a
561I	n/a	n/a

The position of the apparatus shown on this plan is given without obligation and warranty, and the accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Service pipes are not shown but their presence should be anticipated. No liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Thames Water for any error or omission. The actual position of mains and services must be verified and established on site before any works are undertaken.



Public Sewer Types (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)



Sewer Fittings

A feature in a sewer that does not affect the flow in the pipe. Example: a vent is a fitting as the function of a vent is to release excess gas.

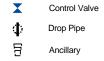


Σ Meter

0 Vent Column

Operational Controls

A feature in a sewer that changes or diverts the flow in the sewer. Example: A hydrobrake limits the flow passing downstream.



Weir

End Items

End symbols appear at the start or end of a sewer pipe. Examples: an Undefined End at the start of a sewer indicates that Thames Water has no knowledge of the position of the sewer upstream of that symbol, Outfall on a surface water sewer indicates that the pipe discharges into a stream or river.



Other Symbols

Symbols used on maps which do not fall under other general categories

Public/Private Pumping Station Change of characteristic indicator (C.O.C.I.)

Ø Invert Level

 \triangleleft Summit

Areas

Lines denoting areas of underground surveys, etc.

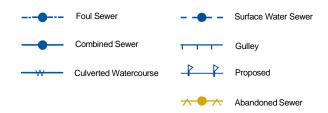


Chamber

Tunnel

Conduit Bridge

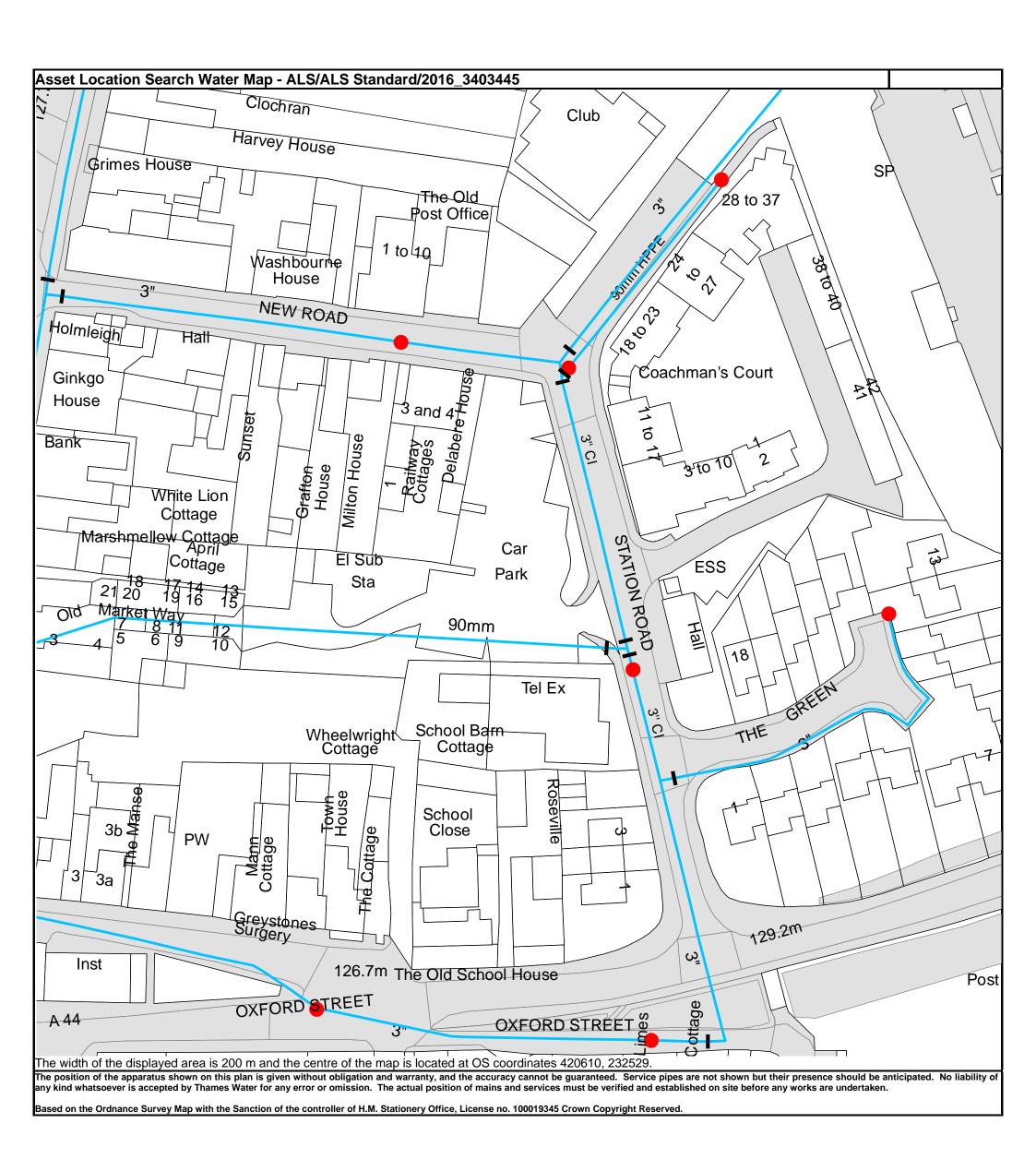
Other Sewer Types (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)



Notes:

- 1) All levels associated with the plans are to Ordnance Datum Newlyn.
- 2) All measurements on the plans are metric.
- 3) Arrows (on gravity fed sewers) or flecks (on rising mains) indicate direction of flow
- 4) Most private pipes are not shown on our plans, as in the past, this information has not been recorded.
- 5) 'na' or '0' on a manhole level indicates that data is unavailable.

6) The text appearing alongside a sewer line indicates the internal diameter of the pipe in milimetres. Text next to a manhole indicates the manhole reference number and should not be taken as a measurement. If you are unsure about any text or symbology present on the plan, please contact a member of Property Insight on 0845 070 9148.



<u>Thames Water Utilities Ltd</u>, Property Searches, PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4W, DX 151280 Slough 13 **T** 0845 070 9148 **E** <u>searches@thameswater.co.uk</u> **I** <u>www.thameswater-propertysearches.co.uk</u>



3" SUPPLY

3" FIRE

3" METERED

Water Pipes (Operated & Maintained by Thames Water)

Distribution Main: The most common pipe shown on water maps.
With few exceptions, domestic connections are only made to distribution mains.

Trunk Main: A main carrying water from a source of supply to a

Trunk Main: A main carrying water from a source of supply to a treatment plant or reservoir, or from one treatment plant or reservoir to another. Also a main transferring water in bulk to smaller water mains used for supplying individual customers.

Supply Main: A supply main indicates that the water main is used as a supply for a single property or group of properties.

Fire Main: Where a pipe is used as a fire supply, the word FIRE will be displayed along the pipe.

Metered Pipe: A metered main indicates that the pipe in question supplies water for a single property or group of properties and that quantity of water passing through the pipe is metered even though there may be no meter symbol shown.

Transmission Tunnel: A very large diameter water pipe. Most tunnels are buried very deep underground. These pipes are not expected to affect the structural integrity of buildings shown on the map provided.

Proposed Main: A main that is still in the planning stages or in the process of being laid. More details of the proposed main and its reference number are generally included near the main.

Valves

General PurposeValve

Air Valve

Pressure ControlValve

Customer Valve

Hydrants

Single Hydrant

Meters

Meter

End Items

Symbol indicating what happens at the end of $\,^{\perp}$ a water main.

Blank Flange
Capped End

Emptying Pit
Undefined End

Manifold

Oustomer Supply

Fire Supply

Operational Sites

Booster Station
Other

Other (Proposed)

Pumping Station
Service Reservoir

Shaft Inspection

Treatment Works

____ Unknown

———— Water Tower

Other Symbols

_____ Data Logger

PIPE DIAMETER DEPTH BELOW GROUND

Up to 300mm (12")	900mm (3')	
300mm - 600mm (12" - 24")	1100mm (3' 8")	
600mm and bigger (24" plus)	1200mm (4')	

Other Water Pipes (Not Operated or Maintained by Thames Water)

Other Water Company Main: Occasionally other water company water pipes may overlap the border of our clean water coverage area. These mains are denoted in purple and in most cases have the owner of the pipe displayed along them.

Private Main: Indiates that the water main in question is not owned by Thames Water. These mains normally have text associated with them indicating the diameter and owner of the pipe.

Terms and Conditions

All sales are made in accordance with Thames Water Utilities Limited (TWUL) standard terms and conditions unless previously agreed in writing.

- 1. All goods remain in the property of Thames Water Utilities Ltd until full payment is received.
- 2. Provision of service will be in accordance with all legal requirements and published TWUL policies.
- 3. All invoices are strictly due for payment 14 days from due date of the invoice. Any other terms must be accepted/agreed in writing prior to provision of goods or service, or will be held to be invalid.
- 4. Thames Water does not accept post-dated cheques-any cheques received will be processed for payment on date of receipt.
- 5. In case of dispute TWUL's terms and conditions shall apply.
- 6. Penalty interest may be invoked by TWUL in the event of unjustifiable payment delay. Interest charges will be in line with UK Statute Law 'The Late Payment of Commercial Debts (Interest) Act 1998'.
- 7. Interest will be charged in line with current Court Interest Charges, if legal action is taken.
- 8. A charge may be made at the discretion of the company for increased administration costs.

A copy of Thames Water's standard terms and conditions are available from the Commercial Billing Team (cashoperations@thameswater.co.uk).

We publish several Codes of Practice including a guaranteed standards scheme. You can obtain copies of these leaflets by calling us on 0800 316 9800

If you are unhappy with our service you can speak to your original goods or customer service provider. If you are not satisfied with the response, your complaint will be reviewed by the Customer Services Director. You can write to him at: Thames Water Utilities Ltd. PO Box 492, Swindon, SN38 8TU.

If the Goods or Services covered by this invoice falls under the regulation of the 1991 Water Industry Act, and you remain dissatisfied you can refer your complaint to Consumer Council for Water on 0121 345 1000 or write to them at Consumer Council for Water, 1st Floor, Victoria Square House, Victoria Square, Birmingham, B2 4AJ.

Ways to pay your bill

Credit Card	BACS Payment	Telephone Banking	Cheque
Call 0845 070 9148 quoting your invoice number starting CBA or ADS.	Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 A remittance advice must be sent to: Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW. or email ps.billing@thameswater. co.uk	By calling your bank and quoting: Account number 90478703 Sort code 60-00-01 and your invoice number	Made payable to 'Thames Water Utilities Ltd' Write your Thames Water account number on the back. Send to: Thames Water Utilities Ltd., PO Box 3189, Slough SL1 4WW or by DX to 151280 Slough 13

Thames Water Utilities Ltd Registered in England & Wales No. 2366661 Registered Office Clearwater Court, Vastern Rd, Reading, Berks, RG1 8DB.



Search Code

IMPORTANT CONSUMER PROTECTION INFORMATION

This search has been produced by Thames Water Property Searches, Clearwater Court, Vastern Road, Reading RG1 8DB, which is registered with the Property Codes Compliance Board (PCCB) as a subscriber to the Search Code. The PCCB independently monitors how registered search firms maintain compliance with the Code.

The Search Code:

- provides protection for homebuyers, sellers, estate agents, conveyancers and mortgage lenders who
 rely on the information included in property search reports undertaken by subscribers on residential
 and commercial property within the United Kingdom
- sets out minimum standards which firms compiling and selling search reports have to meet
- promotes the best practise and quality standards within the industry for the benefit of consumers and property professionals
- enables consumers and property professionals to have confidence in firms which subscribe to the code, their products and services.

By giving you this information, the search firm is confirming that they keep to the principles of the Code. This provides important protection for you.

The Code's core principles

Firms which subscribe to the Search Code will:

- display the Search Code logo prominently on their search reports
- act with integrity and carry out work with due skill, care and diligence
- at all times maintain adequate and appropriate insurance to protect consumers
- conduct business in an honest, fair and professional manner
- handle complaints speedily and fairly
- ensure that products and services comply with industry registration rules and standards and relevant laws
- monitor their compliance with the Code

Complaints

If you have a query or complaint about your search, you should raise it directly with the search firm, and if appropriate ask for any complaint to be considered under their formal internal complaints procedure. If you remain dissatisfied with the firm's final response, after your complaint has been formally considered, or if the firm has exceeded the response timescales, you may refer your complaint for consideration under The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs). The Ombudsman can award compensation of up to £5,000 to you if he finds that you have suffered actual loss as a result of your search provider failing to keep to the Code.

Please note that all queries or complaints regarding your search should be directed to your search provider in the first instance, not to TPOs or to the PCCB.

TPOs Contact Details

The Property Ombudsman scheme Milford House 43-55 Milford Street Salisbury Wiltshire SP1 2BP Tel: 01722 333306

Fax: 01722 332296 Email: admin@tpos.co.uk

You can get more information about the PCCB from www.propertycodes.org.uk

PLEASE ASK YOUR SEARCH PROVIDER IF YOU WOULD LIKE A COPY OF THE SEARCH CODE

ICBR0016-RP-001 Moreton-in-Marsh



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Appendix

Appendix D - Flood Mapping



LOCATION INTELLIGENCE

Curtins

QUAYSIDE 40-58 CURTINS, HOTWELL ROAD, BRISTOL, BS8 4UQ

Groundsure Reference:

GS-3269007

Client Reference: ICBR23

Report Date

1 Sep 2016

Report Delivery xml

Method:

Client Email: Toby.Nicks@Curtins.com

Groundsure Flood Insight

Address: THE WOMENS INSTITUTE, NEW ROAD, MORETON-IN-MARSH, GL56 0AS

Dear Sir/ Madam,

Thank you for placing your order with Groundsure. Please find enclosed the Groundsure Flood Insight as requested.

If you need any further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact our helpline on 08444 159000 quoting the above Groundsure reference number.

Yours faithfully,

Managing Director **Groundsure Limited**

Enc.

Groundsure Floodinsight



Groundsure Groundsure Flood Insight

THE WOMENS INSTITUTE, NEW ROAD, MORETON-IN-MARSH, Address:

GL56 0AS

Date: 1 Sep 2016

GS-3269007 Reference:

Client: **Curtins**

NW ΝE



Aerial Photograph Capture date: 13-Jun-2014

Grid Reference: 420636,232642

Site Size: 0.29ha



Contents Page

Contents Page	3
Overview of Findings	
1. Environment Agency Flood Map for Planning (from rivers and the sea)	6
1. Environment Agency Flood Zones	7
2. Environment Agency RoFRaS Flooding Map	12
2. Environment Agency Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea (RoFRaS)	13
3. Environment Agency Historic Flooding Events Map	15
3. Environment Agency Historic Flooding Events	16
4. JBA Surface Water (Pluvial) Flood Map	17
4. JBA Surface Water (Pluvial) Flooding	18
5. Surface Water Features map	20
5. Surface Water Features	21
6. BGS Groundwater Flooding Map	22
6. Groundwater Flooding	23
7. BGS Geological Indicators of Flooding	25
8. JBA Canal Break map	26
8. JBA Reservoir and Canal Data	27



Overview of Findings

For further details on each dataset, please refer to each individual section in the main report as listed.

Section 1:Environment Agency Flood Zones	
1.1 Are there any Environment Agency Zone 2 floodplains within 250m of the study site?	Yes
1.2 Are there any Environment Agency Zone 3 floodplains within 250m of the study site	Yes
1.3 Are there any Flood Defences within 250m of the study site?	No
1.4 Are there any areas benefiting from Flood Defences within 250m of the study site?	No
1.5 Are there any Proposed Flood Defences within 250m of the study site?	No
1.6 Are there any areas used for Flood Storage within 250m of the study site?	No
Section 2:Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea (RoFRaS)	
2.1 What is the Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea (RoFRaS) Flood Rating for the study site?	Low
Section 3:Historic Flood Events	
3.1 Has the site been subject to past flooding as recorded by the Environment Agency?	Yes
Section 4:JBA Surface Water (Pluvial) Flood	
4.1 Is the site or any area within 50m at risk of Surface Water (Pluvial) Flooding?	Yes
Section 5: Surface Water Features	
5.1 Are there any surface water features within 250m of the study site?	Yes
Section 6: Groundwater Flooding	
6.1 What is the maximum BGS Groundwater Flooding susceptibility within 50m of the study site?	Potential at Surface
6.2 What is the BGS confidence rating for the Groundwater Flooding susceptibility areas?	Moderate
Section 7:BGS Geological Indicators of historic flooding	
7.1 Are there any geological indicators of historic flooding within 250m of the study site?	Yes
Section 8:JBA Reservoir and Canal Data	
8.1 Is the property located in an area identified as being at potential risk in the event of a reservoir failure?	No
8.2 Is the property located in an area identified as being at potential risk in the event of a canal break?	No

Report Reference: GS-3269007

ICBR23



Additional Matters

Riparian ownership

If your land abuts a river, stream or ditch, you may have responsibility to maintain this watercourse, even if Title Deeds show the property boundary to be adjacent to the watercourse. This includes the responsibility for clearing debris and obstructions which may impede the free passage of water and fish, and also includes the responsibilities to accept flood flows through your land, even if these are caused by inadequate capacity downstream. There is no duty in common law for a landowner to improve the drainage capacity of a watercourse. Please contact Groundsure if you need further advice on riparian ownership issues relating to this property.

Sewerage Flooding

Extreme rainfall events may overwhelm sewerage systems and cause local flooding. The water and sewerage companies within the UK are required to maintain 'DG5 – At Risk Registers' which record properties that have flooded from sewers and/or are considered to be at risk of flooding from sewers in the future. If your property is on the 'At Risk' Register, this may be recorded within a standard CON29 Drainage and Water search.

Using this Report

The following report is designed by Environmental Consultants for Environmental Professionals bringing together the most up-to-date market leading environmental data. This report is provided under and subject to the Terms & Conditions agreed between Groundsure and the Client.

Note: Maps

Only certain features are placed on the maps within the report. All features represented on maps found within this search are given an identification number. This number identifies the feature on the mapping and correlates it to the additional information provided below. This identification number precedes all other information and takes the following format -ld: 1, ld: 2, etc. Where numerous features on the same map are in such close proximity that the numbers would obscure each other a letter identifier is used instead to represent the features. (e.g. Three features which overlap may be given the identifier "A" on the map and would be identified separately as features 1A, 3A, 10A on the data tables provided).

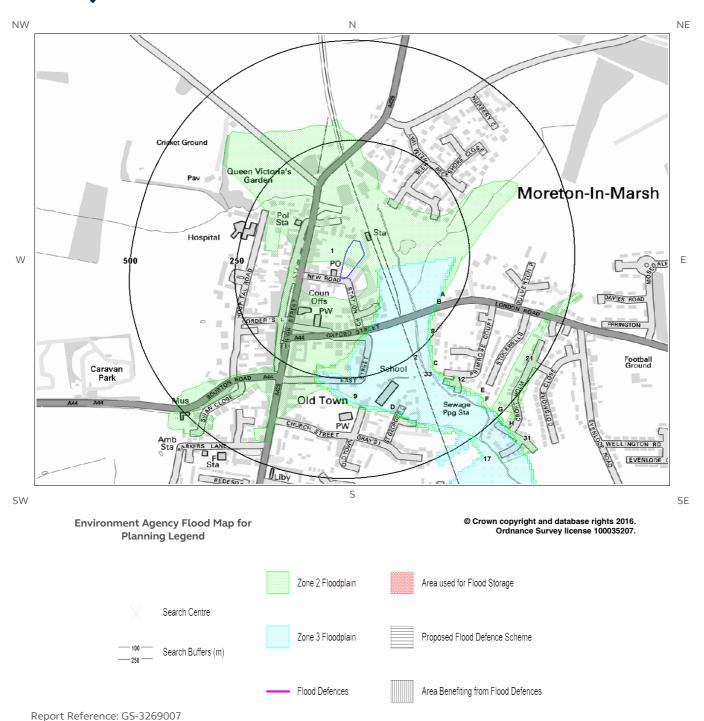
Where a feature is reported in the data tables to a distance greater than the map area, it is noted in the data table as "Not Shown".

All distances given in this report are in Metres (m). Directions are given as compass headings such as N: North, E: East, NE: North East from the nearest point of the study site boundary.

Report Reference: GS-3269007



1. Environment Agency Flood Map for Planning (from rivers and the sea)



Client Reference: ICBR23



1. Environment Agency Flood Zones

1.1 River and Coastal Zone 2 Flooding

Is the site within 250m of an Environment Agency Zone 2 floodplain?

Yes

Environment Agency Zone 2 floodplains estimate the annual probability of flooding as between 1 in 1000 (0.1%) and 1 in 100 (1%) from rivers and between 1 in 1000 (0.1%) and 1 in 200 (0.5%) from the sea. Any relevant data is represented on Map 1 – Flood Map for Planning:

ID	Distance (m)	Direction	Update	Туре
1	0.0	On Site	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)
2	43.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)
3A	206.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)
4A	207.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)
5A	211.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)
6B	212.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)
7B	212.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)
8	213.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 2 - (Fluvial /Tidal Models)

1.2 River and Coastal Zone 3 Flooding

Is the site within 250m of an Environment Agency Zone 3 floodplain?

Yes

Zone 3 shows the extent of a river flood with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of occurring in any year or a sea flood with a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of occurring in any year. Any relevant data is represented on Map 1 – Flood Map for Planning.

The following floodplain records are represented as green shading on the Flood Map (1):

ID	Distance (m)	Direction	Update	Туре
33	48.0	SE	01-Jul-2016	Zone 3 - (Fluvial Models)



1.3 River and Coastal Flood Defences

Are there any Flood Defences within 250m of the study site?

No

This search consists only of flood defences present in the dataset provided by the Environment Agency. Any relevant data is represented on Map 1 – Flood Map for Planning.

Database searched and no data found.

1.4 Areas benefiting from Flood Defences

Are there any areas benefiting from Flood Defences within 250m of the study site?

No

Any relevant data is represented on Map 1 – Flood Map for Planning.

1.5 Areas of Proposed Flood Defences

Are there any Proposed Flood Defences within 250m of the study site?

No

* This illustrates the number of households that move from 'very significant' or 'significant' to 'moderate' or 'low' probability of flood risk bands if the proposed flood scheme is to be implemented.

Any relevant data is represented on Map 1 - Flood Map for Planning.

Guidance: This search consists only of proposed flood defences present in the dataset provided by the Environment Agency. Please note that proposed flood defence schemes will not influence the current RoFRaS ratings for the site.

1.6 Areas used for Flood Storage

Are there any areas used for Flood Storage within 250m of the study site?

No

Flood Storage Areas are considered part of the functional floodplain, and are areas where water has to flow or be stored in times of flood. Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework states that only water-compatible development and essential infrastructure should be permitted within flood storage areas, and existing development within this area should be relocated to an area with a lower risk of flooding. Any relevant data is represented on Map 1 – Flood Map for Planning.



Notes on Flood Zone Data:

This data relates solely to flooding from rivers or the sea. The Environment Agency estimate that over 2.5 million properties are at risk of flooding within England and Wales. River flooding occurs when a watercourse cannot cope with the water draining into it from the surrounding land. This can happen, for example, when heavy rain falls on an already waterlogged catchment. Coastal flooding results from a combination of high tides and stormy conditions. If low atmospheric pressure coincides with a high tide, a tidal surge may happen which can cause serious flooding.

The Groundsure Flood Insight Report comments upon whether a property lies in proximity to Environment Agency Zone 2 and Zone 3 floodplains. The Government's Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework explains how flood risk should be considered at all stages of the planning and development process in order to reduce future damage to property and potential loss of life. The Government looks to planning authorities to ensure that flood risk is properly taken into account in the planning of developments to reduce the risk of flooding and the damage which floods cause.

Flood Zones enable planning authorities to apply the sequential test (see Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework) for development proposals and prevent inappropriate development.

Technical Guidance to the National Planning Policy Framework defines the flood zones as: -

Zone 1 – little or no risk with an annual probability of flooding from rivers and the sea of less than 0.1%

Zone 2 – low to medium risk with an annual probability of flooding of 0.1-1.0% from rivers and 0.1-0.5% from the sea.

Zone 3 – high risk with an annual probability of flooding of 1.0% or greater from rivers, and 0.5% or greater from the sea.

Flood Zone 3b/Flood Storage Areas - very high risk with the site being used as part of the functional flood plain or as a Flood Storage Area.

The flood zones are the main constraint map underpinning decisions on development and flood risk.

Existing Flood Defences

Flood defences seek to reduce the risk of flooding and to safeguard life, protect property, sustain economic activity and the natural environment. Flood defences are designed to protect against flood events of a particular magnitude, expressed as risk in any one year. For example, defences in urban areas may be built to provide protection against flood events of a size which might occur on average once in one hundred years or less.



Proposed Flood Defences

This information is taken from the Environment Agency's database of Areas to Benefit from New and Reconditioned Flood Defences under the Medium Term Plan (MTP). The dataset contains funding allocation for the first financial year (from April). Funding for the following four financial years is not guaranteed, being only indicative, and will be reviewed annually. Projects within the Medium Term Plan qualify for inclusion in this dataset if:

- the investment leads to a change in the current standard of protection (change projects);
- the investment is a replacement or refurbishment in order to sustain the current standard of protection (sustain projects);
- the project has an initial construction budget of £100,000 or more; and
- the project is included within the first five years of the MTP

The data includes all the Environment Agency's projects over £100K that will change or sustain the standards of flood defence in England and Wales over the next 5 years. It also includes the equivalent schemes for all Local Authority and Internal Drainage Boards. The number of households and areas of land contributing to DEFRA's Outcome Measures (OM) are also attributed i.e. could benefit from major work on flood defences.

These data also contain Intermittence Flood Maintenance Programme that show the annual maintenance programme of work scheduled to be carried by the Environment Agency, Local Authority or Internal Drainage Board on flood defences. Data details routine maintenance as well as intermittent work that has been funded for the coming year. The data contains a start and end coordinate defining the relevant river section where work is planned.

Information Warning

Please note that the maps show the areas where investment is being made to reduce the flood and coastal erosion risk and are not detailed enough to account for individual addresses. Individual properties may not always face the same risk of flooding as the areas that surround them. Also, note that funding figures are indicative and any use or interpretation should account for future updates where annual values may change.

Every possible care is taken to ensure that the maps reflect all the data possessed by the Environment Agency and that they have applied their expert knowledge to create conclusions that are as reliable as possible. The Environment Agency consider that they have created the maps as well as they can and so should not be liable if the maps by their nature are not as accurate as might be desired or are misused or misunderstood, despite their warnings. For this reason, they are not able to promise that the maps will always be accurate or completely up to date.

This site includes mapping data licensed from Ordnance Survey used for setting the Environment Agency's data in its geographical context. Ordnance Survey retains the copyright of this material and it can not be used for any other purpose.



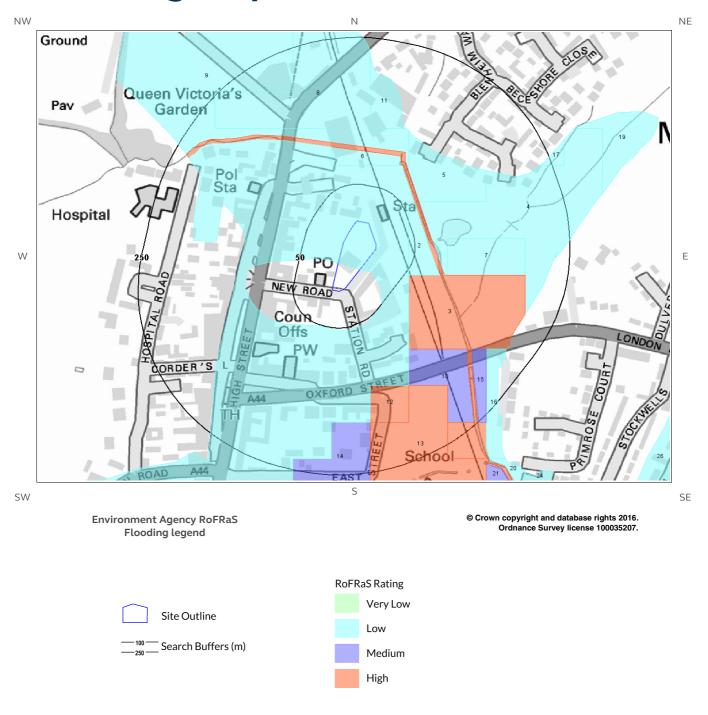
Flood Storage Areas

Flood Storage Areas may also act as flood defences. A flood storage area may also be referred to as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond. Its purpose is to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel. It may also delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer time interval.

A flood storage area may take the form of a wet or dry reservoir. A wet reservoir is a water storage facility in which storage can be effected by allowing water levels to rise during flood times. A dry reservoir is typically adjacent to a river and comprises an enclosed area that accepts water only at peak times. These areas are also referred to as Zone 3b or 'the functional floodplain' and has a 5% or greater chance of flooding in any given year, or is designed to flood in the event of an extreme (0.1%) flood or another probability which may be agreed between the Local Planning Authority and the Environment Agency, including water conveyance routes. Development within Flood Storage Areas is severely restricted.



2. Environment Agency RoFRaS Flooding Map





2. Environment Agency Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea (RoFRaS)

2.1 Environment Agency Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea (RoFRaS) Flood Rating (River and Coastal)

What is the highest risk of flooding onsite?

Low

The Environment Agency RoFRaS database provides an indication of river and coastal flood risk at a national level on a 50m grid with the flood rating at the centre of the grid calculated and given above. The data considers the probability that the flood defences will overtop or breach by considering their location, type, condition and standard of protection.

RoFRaS data for the study site indicates the property is in an area with a Low (greater than 1 in 1000 but less than 1 in 100) chance of flooding in any given year.

Any relevant data within 250m is represented on the RoFRaS Flood map. Data to 50m is reported in the table below.

ID	Distance (m)	Direction	RoFRaS Flood Risk
1	0.0	On Site	Low
2	42.0	Е	Low



Notes on RoFRaS data:

This information is based on the very latest Environment Agency Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea (RoFRaS) data. This data has been created by dividing the flood plain into 50m squares, or smaller areas where a square if intersected by a river or coastline. These are called impact cells. The method then calculates the likelihood that the centre of each impact cell will start to flood using a number of different flood scenarios.

A number of insurance companies providing cover for flood risk use this data as the basis of their risk model, although they may also utilise additional information such as claims histories, which may further influence their decision. Where a high risk of flooding is identified flood risk insurance may be difficult to obtain without further work being undertaken. Property owners of sites within Low and Medium risk areas are still considered to be at risk of flooding and insurance premiums may be increased as a result. Owners of properties within Low, Medium and High risk areas are advised to sign up to the Environment Agency's Flood Warning scheme. The probability estimates for RoFRaS risk bands are as follows:

Very Low – the chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 1000 (0.1%) in any given year.

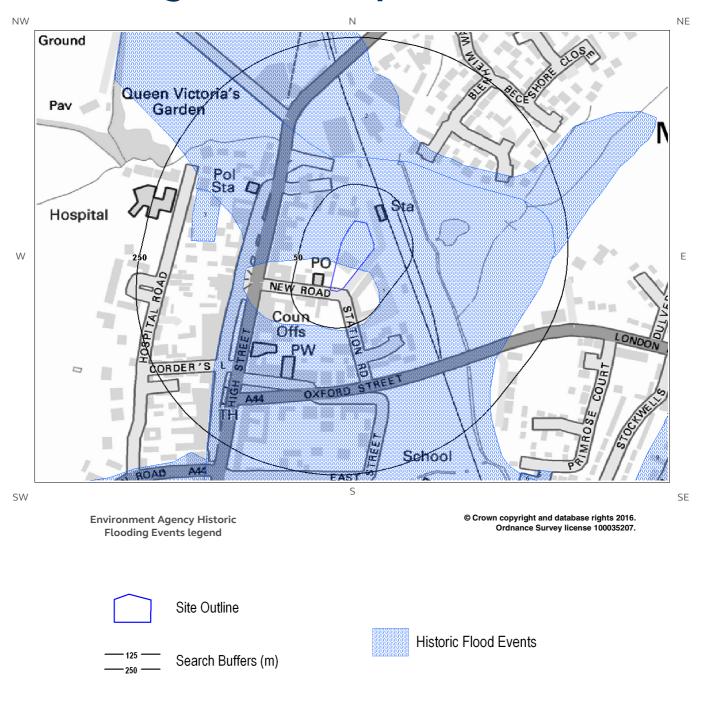
Low – the chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 100 (1%) but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 (0.1%) in any given year.

Medium – the chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 30 (3.3%) but greater than 1 in 100 (1%) in any given year.

High – the chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be greater than or equal to 1 in 30 (3.3%) in any given year.



3. Environment Agency Historic Flooding Events Map





3. Environment Agency Historic Flooding Events

3.1 Historic Flood Outlines

Has the site or any area within 250m been subject to historic flooding as recorded by the Environment Agency?

This database shows the individual footprint of every flood event recorded by the Environment Agency and previous bodies.

Any records found within the search radius are displayed on Map 3 – Historic Flooding Events.

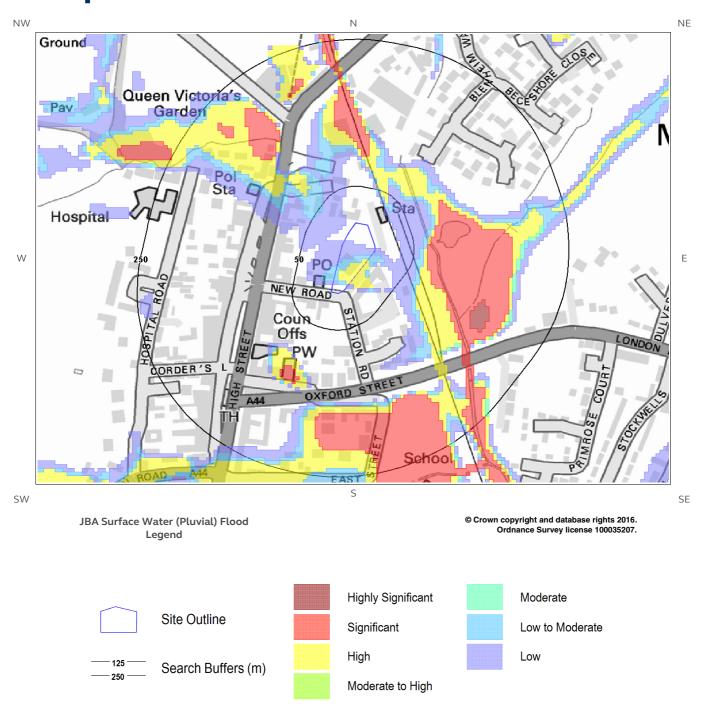
ID	Distance	Directio n	Event Name	Date of Flood	Flood Source	Flood Cause	Type of Flood
1	0.0	On Site	Moreton-in-Marsh CP_Fluvial Water	Start Date: 19- 07-2007 End Date: 29- 07-2007	main river	channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	Fluvial
2	87.0	N	Moreton-in-Marsh_Fluvial Water	Start Date: 19- 07-2007 End Date: 29- 07-2007	main river	channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	Fluvial
3	160.0	W	Moreton-in-Marsh_Fluvial Water	Start Date: 19- 07-2007 End Date: 29- 07-2007	main river	channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	Fluvial

Notes on Historic Flooding data:

Over 21,000 separate events are recorded within this database, dating back to 1947. This data is used to understand where flooding has occurred in the past and provides details as available. Absence of a historic flood event for an area does not mean that the area has never flooded, but only that the Environment Agency do not currently have records of flooding within the area. Equally, a record of a flood footprint in previous years does not mean that an area will flood again, and this information does not take account of flood management schemes and improved flood defences.



4. JBA Surface Water (Pluvial) Flood Map





4. JBA Surface Water (Pluvial) Flooding

Surface Water (pluvial) flooding is defined as flooding caused by rainfall-generated overland flow before the runoff enters a watercourse or sewer. In such events, sewerage and drainage systems and surface watercourses may be entirely overwhelmed.

Surface Water (pluvial) flooding will usually be a result of extreme rainfall events, though may also occur when lesser amounts of rain falls on land which has low permeability and/or is already saturated, frozen or developed. In such cases overland flow and 'ponding' in topographical depressions may occur.

What is the risk of pluvial flooding at the study site?

High

Guidance: The site or an area in close proximity has been assessed to be at High Risk of surface water (pluvial) flooding. This indicates that this area would be expected to be affected by surface water flooding in a 1 in 75 year rainfall event to a depth of between 0.1m to 0.3m

Flood data provided by JBA RISK MANAGEMENT LIMITED Copyright © JBA RISK MANAGEMENT LIMITED 2008-2016

The following pluvial (surface water) flood risk records within 50m of the study site are shown on the JBA Surface Water Flooding Map:

Distance	Direction	Risk
0.0	On Site	High
0.0	On Site	Low
0.0	On Site	Low
0.0	On Site	Low to Moderate
0.0	On Site	Low to Moderate
5.0	SE	Low to Moderate
7.0	SE	Low
12.0	SE	Low
24.0	SE	Low to Moderate
28.0	SE	Low
33.0	NE	Low to Moderate
34.0	NE	Low
36.0	NE	High
38.0	NE	Low to Moderate
41.0	N	Low
45.0	NW	Low to Moderate
46.0	N	Low to Moderate
49.0	N	Low



Notes on Surface water (Pluvial) Flooding data:

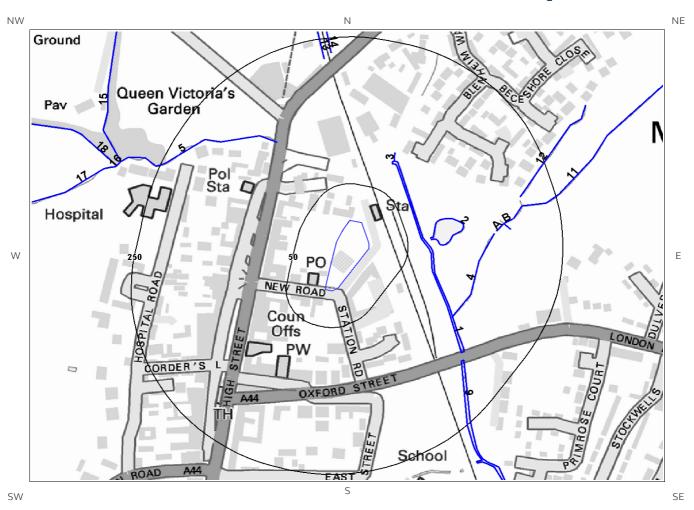
JBA Consulting surface water flood map identifies areas likely to flood following extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water or "pluvial" flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 75 year, 1 in 200 year and 1 in 1000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though older ones may even flood in a 1 in 5 year rainstorm event.

The model provides the maximum depth of flooding in each 5m "cell" of topographical mapping coverage. The maps include 7 bands indicating areas of increasing natural vulnerability to surface water flooding. These are:-

- Less than 0.1m in a 1 in 1000 year rainfall event Negligible
- Greater than 0.1m in a 1 in 1000 year rainfall event Low
- Between 0.1m and 0.3m in a 1 in 200 year rainfall event Low to Moderate
- Between 0.3m and 1m in a 1 in 200 year rainfall event Moderate
- Greater than 1m in a 1 in 200 year rainfall event Moderate to High
- Between 0.1m and 0.3m in a 1 in 75 year rainfall event High
- Between 0.3m to 1m in a 1 in 75 year rainfall event Significant
- Greater than 1m in a 1 in 75 year rainfall event Highly Significant



5. Surface Water Features map



Surface Water Features legend

© Crown copyright and database rights 2016. Ordnance Survey license 100035207.





5. Surface Water Features

Are there any surface water features within 250m of the study site?

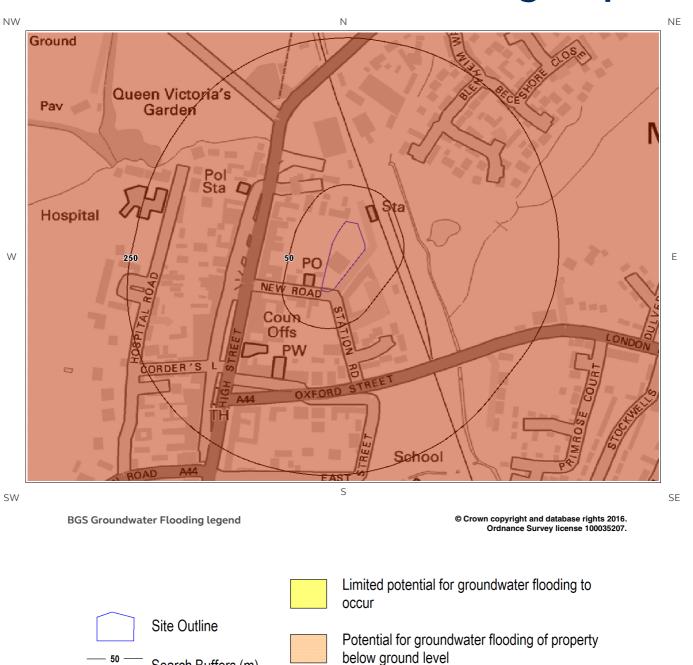
Yes

The following surface water records are represented on mapping:

ID	Distance (m)	Direction
1	67.0	E
2	80.0	E
3	94.0	NE
4	142.0	SE
5	142.0	NW
6A	165.0	E
7A	176.0	E
8B	176.0	E
9	187.0	SE
10B	190.0	E
11	204.0	E
12	205.0	E
13	222.0	N
14	229.0	N



6. BGS Groundwater Flooding Map



surface

Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at

Report Reference: GS-3269007 Client Reference: ICBR23

Search Buffers (m)



6. Groundwater Flooding

6.1 Groundwater Flooding Susceptibility Areas

Are there any British Geological Survey groundwater flooding susceptibility flood areas within 50m of the boundary of the study site?

What is the highest susceptibility to groundwater flooding in the search area based on the underlying geological conditions?

Potential for groundwater flooding at surface

Does this relate to Clearwater Flooding or Superficial Deposits Flooding? Superficial Deposits Flooding

Where potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface is indicated, this means that given the geological conditions in the area groundwater flooding hazard should be considered in all land-use planning decisions. It is recommended that other relevant information e.g. records of previous incidence of groundwater flooding, rainfall, property type, and land drainage information be investigated in order to establish relative, but not absolute, risk of groundwater flooding.

6.2 Groundwater Flooding Confidence Areas

What is the British Geological Survey confidence rating in this result?

Moderate

Groundwater flooding is defined as the emergence of groundwater at the ground surface or the rising of groundwater into man-made ground under conditions where the normal range of groundwater levels is exceeded.

The confidence rating is on a threefold scale - Low, Moderate and High. This provides a relative indication of the BGS confidence in the accuracy of the susceptibility result for groundwater flooding. This is based on the amount and precision of the information used in the assessment. In areas with a relatively lower level of confidence the susceptibility result should be treated with more caution. In other areas with higher levels of confidence the susceptibility result can be used with more confidence.



Notes on Groundwater Flooding data:

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding hazard dataset identifies areas where geological conditions could enable groundwater flooding to occur and where groundwater may come close to the ground surface.

Groundwater flooding may either be associated with shallow unconsolidated sedimentary aquifers which overlie unproductive aquifers (Superficial Deposits Flooding), or with unconfined aquifers (Clearwater Flooding).

The susceptibility data is suitable for use for regional or national planning purposes where the groundwater flooding information will be used along with a range of other relevant information to inform land-use planning decisions. It might also be used in conjunction with a large number of other factors, e.g. records of previous incidence of groundwater flooding, rainfall, property type, and land drainage information, to establish relative, but not absolute, risk of groundwater flooding at a resolution of greater than a few hundred metres. The susceptibility data should not be used on its own to make planning decisions at any scale, and, in particular, should not be used to inform planning decisions at the site scale. The susceptibility data cannot be used on its own to indicate risk of groundwater flooding.



7. BGS Geological Indicators of **Flooding**

Are there any geological indicators of flooding within 250m of the study site?

Yes

This dataset identifies the presence of superficial geological deposits which indicate that the site may be, or have been in the past, vulnerable to inland and/or coastal flooding. This assessment does not take account of any man-made factors such as flood protection schemes, and the data behind the report are purely geological.

Distance	Direction	Description
0.0	On Site	Higher flood potential from rivers: the first areas to experience the effects of inland flooding in a river
		catchment.

Notes on BGS Geological Indicators of Flooding data:

The BGS Geological Indicators of Flooding (GIF) data set is a digital map based on the BGS Digital Geological Map of Great Britain at the 1:50,000 scale (DiGMapGB-50). It was produced by characterising Superficial (Drift) Deposits on DiGMapGB-50 in terms of their likely vulnerability to flooding, either from coastal or inland water flow. These Superficial Deposits are considered 'recent' in geological terms, most having been formed in the later parts of the Quaternary geological period (i.e. within the last few tens of thousands of years). Observations made during recent major inland and coastal flooding events have demonstrated that the erosion and deposition of these recent geological sediments have produced subtle topographical variations, resulting in landforms such as fluvial and coastal floodplains. The mapping of these landforms, in conjunction with the fluvial and/or coastal deposits that underlie them, has in turn determined the extent of previous coastal and inland flooding.

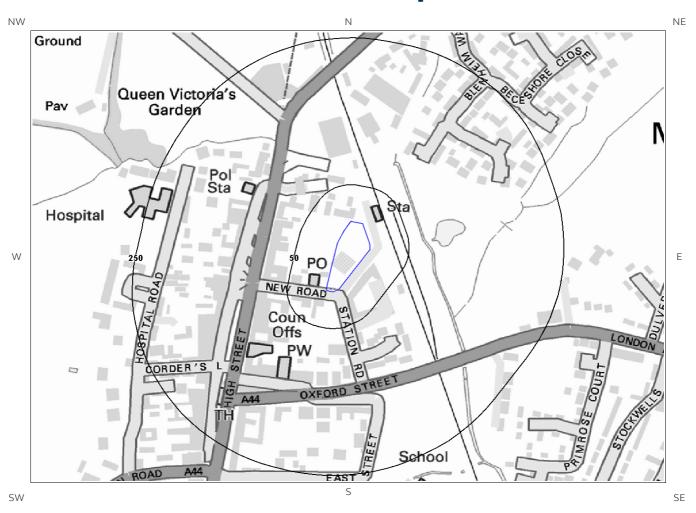
On this basis, the floodplains which are at greatest risk from flooding can be both visualised and defined by Superficial Deposits as depicted on geological maps. These include deposits such as river alluvium and lacustrine (lake) alluvium, as well as the First River Terrace or 'Floodplain terrace' (raised flat areas adjacent to or within floodplains, which represent the level of the floodplain prior to the most recent episode of down-cutting). Older and higher river terraces have been excluded as they lie outside the geologically defined floodplain. Areas at risk from coastal inundation are similarly characterised by a range of estuarine or marine deposits that include, for example, tidal flats.

Report Reference: GS-3269007

Client Reference: ICBR23

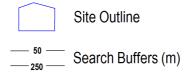


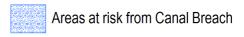
8. JBA Canal Break map



JBA Canal Break legend

© Crown copyright and database rights 2016. Ordnance Survey license 100035207.







8. JBA Reservoir and Canal Data

8.1 JBA Reservoir Failure Impact Modelling

Is the property located in an area identified as being at potential risk in the event of a reservoir failure? No

JBA consulting have modelled the flooding impact from 1,700 reservoirs in England and Wales, should there be a catastrophic failure of a reservoir wall or embankment. This data is not displayed on mapping.

Guidance: None required

Notes on Reservoir Failure Impact data:

This dataset identified areas that are most likely to flood following the sudden catastrophic failure of a reservoir and is provided by JBA Consulting. JBA has identified over 1,700 reservoirs that pose a risk to people and property. These maps identify properties that would flood in the unlikely event of the failure of the reservoir's dam or embankment. Empirical methods were used to predict the flow that would result from the failure which was then modelled onto high resolution Digital Terrain Models (DTM) using JBA's advanced 2D hydraulic modelling techniques. The model provides the maximum depth of flooding in each cell of the DTM.

8.2 JBA Canal Break Modelling

Is the property located within 500m of an area identified as being at potential risk in the event of a canal break?

Database searched and no data found.



Notes on Canal Break modelling data

Canal failure mapping includes two types of failure:

- Breach of raised canal embankments failure of the embankment due to weaknesses; these are typically caused by erosion or animal burrowing but can also arise from poor maintenance.
- Aqueduct failure an aqueduct is where the canal passes over infrastructure such as roads, railways and subways, or over other canals and rivers. Failures of these are typically caused by the collapse of the underlying culvert.

A length of over 1,700km of canal covering England, Wales and Scotland was modelled. The canal modelling is restricted to the areas where LIDAR is available as the raised embankments are more defined in the LIDAR than in the Photogrammetry data. Each canal is categorised as part of the Merchant Shipping Notice (MSN 1776 (M)). The majority of the modelled canals are categorised as A, with a few exceptions, which fell under category B.

- Category A: narrow rivers and canals where the depth of water is generally less than 1.5m.
- Category B: wider rivers and canals where the depth of water is generally 1.5m or more and where the significant wave height could not be expected to exceed 0.6m at any time.
- Category C: tidal rivers and estuaries and large, deep lakes and lochs where the significant wave height could not be expected to exceed 1.2m at any time.
- Category D: tidal rivers and estuaries where the significant wave height could not be expected to exceed 2m at any time.

The canal map provides flood extent data only and show flooded areas with a depth greater than 0.1m.

Contact Details



Groundsure Helpline
Telephone: 08444 159 000
info@groundsure.com



LOCATION INTELLIGENCE

British Geological Survey Enquiries

Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth, Nottingham NG12 5GG Tel: 0115 936 3143. Fax: 0115 936 3276.

Email:**enquiries@bgs.ac.uk** Web:**www.bgs.ac.uk**

BGS Geological Hazards Reports and general geological enquiries

Environment Agency

Floodline tel: 0845 988 1188
General enquiry tel: 08708 506 506
Web: www.environment-agency.gov.uk
Email: enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk





JBA Risk Management

South Barn Broughton Hall Skipton BD23 3AE Tel: 01756 799919



Ordnance Survey

Adanac Drive, Southampton SO16 0AS

Tel: 08456 050505 Website: http://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/



Local Authority

Authority: Cotswold District Council Phone: 01285 623 000 Web: http://www.cotswold.gov.uk/ Address: Trinity Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershir, GL7 1PX

Getmapping PLC

Virginia Villas, High Street, Hartley Witney Hampshire RG27 8NW Tel: 01252 845444 Website: http://www1.getmapping.com/



Acknowledgements: Ordnance Survey © Crown Copyright and/or Database Right. All Rights Reserved. Licence Number [03421028]. This report has been prepared in accordance with the Groundsure Ltd standard Terms and Conditions of business for work of this nature.

Standard Terms and Conditions

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be viewed online at this link: https://www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-sept-2016/

ICBR0016-RP-001 Moreton-in-Marsh



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Appendix

Appendix E – Drainage Calculations



Curtins Consulting Ltd	Page 1	
•	Former Royal British Legion	
	Station Road	
	Moreton-in-Marsh	Micco
Date 03.10.16	Designed by AJH	Desipage
File	Checked by	Drainage
XP Solutions	Source Control 2016.1	

ICP SUDS Mean Annual Flood

Input

Return Period (years) 2 Soil 0.150
Area (ha) 0.283 Urban 0.000
SAAR (mm) 795 Region Number Region 6

Results 1/s

QBAR Rural 0.1 QBAR Urban 0.1

Q2 years 0.1

Q1 year 0.1 Q30 years 0.3 Q100 years 0.4

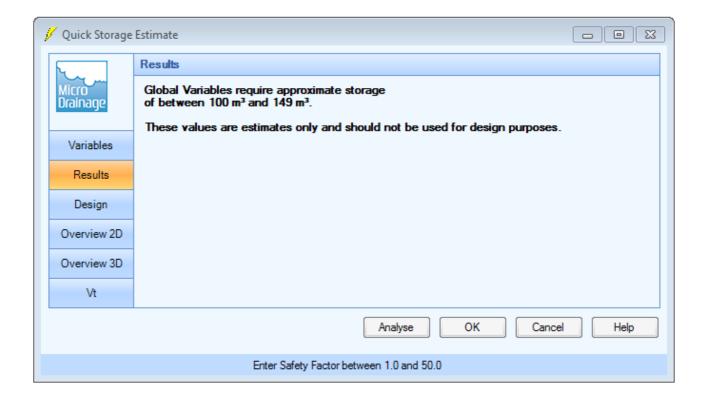
ICBR0016-RP-001 Moreton-in-Marsh



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy



Variables for 1 in 100 year return period.



Quick Storage Estimate for 1 in 100 year return period

ICBR0016-RP-001 Moreton-in-Marsh



Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy

Appendix

Appendix F – Proposed Drainage



Our Locations

Birmingham

2 The Wharf **Bridge Street** Birmingham B1 2JS

T. 0121 643 4694

birmingham@curtins.com

Bristol

Quayside

40-58 Hotwell Road

Bristol BS8 4UQ T. 0117 302 7560

bristol@curtins.com

Cardiff

3 Cwrt-y-Parc Earlswood Road

Cardiff CF14 5GH T. 029 2068 0900

cardiff@curtins.com

Douglas

Varley House 29-31 Duke Street

Douglas Isle of Man IM1 2AZ

T. 01624 624 585 douglas@curtins.com

Dublin

39 Fitzwilliam Square

Dublin 2 Ireland

T. 00353 1 507 9447 dublin@curtins.com

Edinburgh

1a Belford Road Edinburgh

EH4 3BL

T. 0131 225 2175

edinburgh@curtins.com

Glasgow

Queens House 29 St Vincent Place

Glasgow

G1 2DT

T. 0141 319 8777

glasgow@curtins.com

Kendal

28 Lowther Street

Kendal Cumbria LA9 4DH

T. 01539 724 823

kendal@curtins.com

Leeds

Rose Wharf Ground Floor

Leeds

L29 8EE

T. 0113 274 8509

leeds@curtins.com

Liverpool

Curtin House

Columbus Quay Riverside Drive

Liverpool

L3 4DB

T. 0151 726 2000

liverpool@curtins.com

London

40 Compton Street

London EC1V 0BD

T. 020 7324 2240

london@curtins.com

Manchester

Merchant Exchange

17-19 Whitworth Street West

Manchester

M1 5WG

T. 0161 236 2394

manchester@curtins.com

Nottingham

56 The Ropewalk

Nottingham

NG1 5DW T. 0115 941 5551

nottingham@curtins.com





LOCALISM REFUSAL LETTER





21 July 2016

THE ROYAL BRITISH LEGION Haig House, 199 Borough High Street, London SE1 1AA.

Our ref: CAR/MiMBL

When calling please ask for Joseph Walker Tel: 01285 623146

E-mail: joseph.walker@cotswold.gov.uk

Dear Sir or Madam

The Royal British Legion, New Road, Moreton-in-Marsh, GL56 0AS

I am writing further to my letter of 8 June 2016 in connection with the nomination of the above land as an Asset of Community Value under the terms of the Localism Act 2011.

The District Council has decided that the nominated land does not satisfy the relevant statutory test and is not, therefore, land of community value within the meaning of the legislation. As a result, the land will be added to our list of unsuccessful nominations. I enclose a copy of the decision notice.

Yours faithfully

Joseph Walker

Community Partnerships Office

Joseph Walker

Received

2 3 JUL 2016

Office of Commercial Director Royal British Legion

COTSWOLD DISTRICT COUNCIL

NOTIFICATION OF DECISIONS

JOINT HEAD OF LEISURE AND COMMUNITIES 18 JULY 2016

DETERMINATION OF WHETHER THE BRITISH LEGION CLUB, NEW ROAD, MORETON-IN-MARSH, GL56 0AS SHOULD BE ACCEPTED ONTO THE COTSWOLD DISTRICT LIST OF ASSETS OF COMMUNITY VALUE.

Summary:

That the Joint Head of Leisure and Communities considers the details of the report and determines whether the property satisfies the Localism Act section 88 definition, and whether it should therefore be added to be listed as an Asset of Community Value.

Consultation:

The Cabinet Member for Communities

Considerations/Documents taken into Account:

- (i) The statutory criteria;
- (ii) The application and supporting information submitted by the organisation submitted the application
- (iii) Consultation responses
- (iv) Legal advice

Decision:

RESOLVED that the nominated land does not satisfy the relevant statutory test and is not, therefore, land of community value within the meaning of the legislation. As a result, the land will be added to our list of unsuccessful nominations

Reasons for Decision:

The nomination was received and notified to the land owner, in line with legislation and the Non-Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities.

The Joint Head of Leisure and Communities determined that the period elapsed since the nominated property was last in use does not constitute the recent past, as required by Section 88(2) of the Localism Act 2011.

Furthermore, given the current state of the building, and the value of the plot, it was determined that it is not realistic to think that there will be a time in the next five years when there could be non-ancillary use of the building that furthers the social wellbeing or social interests of the local community.

ENDS

APPENDIX E

REQUIREMENTS FOR:

WELFARE FACILITIES,

CONSTRUCTION PHASE PLAN,

BUILDING MANUAL AND O&M MANUAL INFORMATION

&
HEALTH AND SAFETY FILE INFORMATION



Provision of welfare facilities during construction work

HSE information sheet

Construction Information Sheet No 59



Introduction

This information sheet is for dutyholders involved in construction work. It replaces previous guidance contained in *Provision of welfare facilities at transient construction sites* and in *Provision of welfare facilities at fixed construction sites*. It gives guidance on the **minimum** welfare facilities that must be provided or made available to workers on construction sites.

Construction workers need adequate toilet and washing facilities, a place to warm up and eat their food and somewhere to store clothing. However, these basic requirements are often neglected. A cold water tap and chemical toilet on their own are not adequate facilities. Good facilities can positively benefit health and well-being and can help to prevent dermatitis.

General duties (Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2007)

Clients

If you are a client (but not a domestic client, ie you or your family live in the building under construction) then you must ensure that your contractors have arrangements to provide adequate welfare facilities for construction workers. This does not mean that you have to provide the facilities yourself. If the work is notifiable (that is lasts more than 30 days or will involve more than 500 person days of work) then you must ensure that construction work (including demolition) does not start until suitable welfare facilities are in place.

CDM coordinators

You should give suitable and sufficient advice to the client on the measures needed to ensure that suitable welfare is provided during the construction phase.

Principal contractors

You should make sure that suitable welfare facilities are provided from the start and are maintained throughout the construction phase.

Contractors (including the self-employed)

In all cases you should ensure that there are adequate welfare facilities for workers under your control.

Planning

The availability of welfare facilities, their location on site and regular maintenance must be considered at the planning and preparation stages of every construction project, before construction work (including demolition) starts.

When planning welfare provision, consider:

- the nature of the work to be carried out and the health risks associated with it. For example, consider the provision of showers if the project involves hazardous substances or very dirty work, eg sewer maintenance, dusty demolition activities, work with contaminated land or concrete pouring;
- the distance workers will have to travel to the welfare facilities;
- the duration of the work and number of different locations;
- the numbers of people who will use them;
- the cleaning and maintenance of the welfare facilities;
- whether they need to be relocated during the construction phase.

Installing and removing from site

You need to plan how welfare units will be moved from delivery vehicles into position. It is preferable to mechanically move these units; if manual handling cannot be avoided then you should manage the risk effectively. Your plans should cover safe lifting practices and ensure proper protection of workers from falls from vehicles or portable units.

Positioning on site

You should site welfare units and manage traffic effectively to ensure adequate segregation of pedestrians and vehicles.

Toilets

So far as is reasonably practicable you need to provide flushing toilets and running water, connected to mains water and drainage systems. If this is not possible, facilities with a built-in water supply and drainage tanks should be used. Portable chemical toilets are acceptable only if it is not reasonably practicable to make other adequate provision.

Toilets must be adequately ventilated, lit and maintained in a clean condition. The frequency of cleaning will depend on usage. Basic daily cleaning may not always be sufficient.

Provide an adequate number of toilets. The number needed will depend on the number of workers on site and the type of facilities provided. Portable toilets have a limited capacity and will need emptying. The number of portable toilets needed depends on the number of persons and the frequency of emptying. BS6465–1:2006 recommends a ratio of 1 toilet to 7 persons where portable toilets are emptied once a week.

Men and women may use the same toilet, if it is in a lockable room and partitioned from any urinals. Otherwise provide separate toilets. Adequate supplies of toilet paper should always be available.

Sanitary waste disposal should be provided in facilities used by female workers.

Washing facilities

Provide washing facilities next to both toilets **and** changing areas. Consider placing them next to rest areas if these are far from toilets or changing areas. They should include:

- a supply of clean hot and cold, or warm, water (which should be running water so far as is reasonably practicable);
- soap or other suitable means of cleaning;
- towels or other suitable means of drying;
- sufficient ventilation and lighting;
- sinks large enough to wash face, hands and forearms.

Men and women can share sinks used for washing hands, face and arms. Unisex shower facilities can be provided if they are in a separate, lockable room, which can be used by one person at a time.

Showers used for particularly dirty work, or when workers are exposed to especially hazardous substances (eg development of contaminated land, or demolition of old industrial buildings which are contaminated with toxic substances etc), will need to be separate from the main facilities.

Specialist facilities are needed for certain activities, eg working with lead or asbestos or tunnelling in compressed air.

Drinking water

A supply of wholesome drinking water should be readily available. Where possible, it should be supplied direct from the mains. If water is stored, protect it from possible contamination and make sure it is changed often enough to prevent it from becoming stale or contaminated. Where necessary, clearly mark the drinking water supply to prevent it being confused with hazardous liquids or water which is not fit to drink. Provide cups or other drinking vessels at the outlet, unless the water is supplied in an upward jet, which can be drunk easily (eg a drinking fountain).

Changing rooms and lockers

Every site should have arrangements for securely storing personal clothing not worn on site and for protective clothing needed for site work. Men and women should be able to change separately. Separate lockers might be needed, although on smaller sites the site office may be a suitable storage area provided it is kept secure. Where there is a risk of protective site clothing contaminating everyday clothing, items should be stored separately.

Provision should be made to allow wet clothing to be dried. As a general rule clothing should not be placed directly on heaters due to the risk of fire. If electrical heaters are used, they should be properly ventilated and, if possible, fitted with a high temperature cut-out device.

Rest facilities

Rest facilities should provide shelter from wind and rain. The rest facilities should have adequate numbers of tables, seating with backs, a means for heating water for drinks and for warming up food (eg a gas or electrical heating ring or microwave oven) and be adequately heated. Rest areas are not to be used to store plant, equipment or materials.

Smoking

Smoking is prohibited in enclosed public places and workplaces such as construction sites or work vehicles. Further information is available at www.smokefreeengland.co.uk, www.clearingtheairscotland.com and www.smokingbanwales.co.uk.

Heating

Rest facilities will normally require heating. Using properly maintained electrical equipment can eliminate the risks associated with LPG heaters. Inadequately ventilated LPG cookers and heaters can produce carbon monoxide, with potentially fatal results. Flammable gas may escape from leaking cylinders, which have not been properly turned off. If LPG is used reduce the risks by:

- using and storing the cylinders in safe, wellventilated places outside the accommodation (including overnight) or in purpose-built ventilated storage areas;
- ensuring that the appliances have been properly installed, checked and maintained by a competent person;
- providing adequate combustion ventilation (provide fixed grilles at high and low level);
- checking that the ventilation provided is not blocked, eg fixed grilles blocked by newspaper or rags in cold weather to 'stop draughts';
- checking that cylinders are properly turned off when not in use;
- using wall or ceiling-mounted carbon monoxide detectors.

Use of alternative facilities for transient construction sites

For the purpose of this information sheet, a transient construction site is either where short duration work (up to a week) is carried out at one or many locations, or is of a longer duration carried out while moving over a continuous geographical area, eg major roadworks, cable laying contracts etc.

In such cases, it may be appropriate to make arrangements to use facilities provided by the owner of existing premises, in which the work is being done, local public facilities or the facilities of local businesses. Clear agreement should be made with the provider of the facilities; it should not be assumed that local commercial premises can be used without their agreement. In all cases the standards above must be provided or made available. Facilities must be readily accessible to the worksite, open at all relevant times, be at no cost to the workers, be of an acceptable standard in terms of cleanliness and have handwashing facilities. Workers need to be made aware of the arrangements to use them and be informed of their location.

Table 1 gives an indication of the options available, in order of preference, for providing welfare facilities for transient construction sites.

Table 1 Welfare facilities: the options

Type of installation	Additional notes
1a Fixed installation: connected to mains drainage and water.	Order of preference: on site;
1b Portable water flushing units with water bowser supplies and waste storage tanks.	 at a base location; at a satellite compound. NB This may include the pre-arranged use of private facilities. Permission, preferably in writing, should be obtained from the proprietor in advance of the work starting. The use of public toilets is acceptable only where it is impractical to provide or make available other facilities.
2 Portable installation on site.	Consisting of chemical toilet(s), washing facilities and sufficient tables and seating.
3 Suitably designed vehicle.	Consisting of chemical toilet(s), washing facilities and sufficient tables and seating.
4 Facilities which are conveniently accessible to the worksite (includes public toilets).	Use of public toilets is acceptable only where it is impractical to provide or make available other facilities.
5 Portable installation near site.	Incorporating a chemical toilet, washing facilities and sufficient tables and seating.

References

1 Managing health and safety in construction. Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2007. Approved Code of Practice L144 HSE Books 2007 ISBN 978 0 7176 6223 4

While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the references listed in this publication, their future availability cannot be guaranteed.

Further reading

Health and safety in construction HSG150 (Third edition) HSE Books 2006 ISBN 978 0 7176 6182 4 Fire safety in construction work HSG168 HSE Books 2010 ISBN 978 0 7176 6345 3

BS 6465–1: 2006 Sanitary installations. Code of practice for the design of sanitary facilities and scales of provision of sanitary and associated appliances

Further information

Visit www.hse.gov.uk/construction for more specific information on CDM 2007 and health and safety in the construction industry, including a link to additional guidance for CDM dutyholders developed by the construction industry.

HSE priced and free publications can be viewed online or ordered from www.hse.gov.uk or contact HSE Books, PO Box 1999, Sudbury, Suffolk CO10 2WA Tel: 01787 881165 Fax: 01787 313995. HSE priced publications are also available from bookshops.

For information about health and safety, or to report inconsistencies or inaccuracies in this guidance, ring HSE's Infoline Tel: 0845 345 0055
Fax: 0845 408 9566 Textphone: 0845 408 9577
e-mail: hse.infoline@connaught.plc.uk or write to HSE Information Services, Caerphilly Business Park, Caerphilly CF83 3GG.

This information sheet contains notes on good practice which are not compulsory but which you may find helpful in considering what you need to do.

© Crown copyright If you wish to reuse this information visit www.hse.gov.uk/copyright for details. First published 03/10.

Printed on paper made using 50% recycled fibre from postconsumer sources.

Construction (Design & Management) Regulations 2015

Construction Phase Plan



Particulars to be provided in accordance with Appendix 3 of the HSE Guidance Document L153 (CDM2015)

When drawing up the construction phase plan, information should be included in the plan only where the topic is relevant to the work proposed. The plan sets out how health and safety is to be managed during the construction phase. The level of detail should be proportionate to the risks involved in the project.

1 Description of project

- (a) Project description and programme details including any key dates
- (b) Details of Client, Principal Designer, Designers, Principal Contractor, Contractors and other consultants
- (c) Extent and location of existing records and plans that are relevant to health and safety on site, including information about existing structures when appropriate.

2 Management of the work

- (a) Management structure and responsibilities;
- (b) Health and safety goals for the project and arrangements for monitoring and review of health and safety performance
- (c) Arrangements for:
 - (i) Regular liaison between parties on site
 - (ii) Consultation with the workforce
 - (iii) The exchange of design information between the Clients, Designers, Principal Designer and Contractors on site
 - (iv) Handling design changes during the project
 - (v) The selection and control of contractors
 - (vi) The exchange of health and safety information between contractors
 - (vii) Site security
 - (viii) Site induction
 - (ix) On site training
 - (x) Welfare facilities and first aid
 - (xi) The reporting and investigation of accidents and incidents including near misses
 - (xii) The production and approval of risk assessments and written systems of work
- (d) Site rules (including drug and alcohol policy)
- (e) Fire and emergency procedures

22 Revised Sept 2024 Oxford Architects LLP

3 Arrangements for controlling significant site risks

- (a) Safety risks, including:
 - (i) Delivery and removal of materials (including waste*) and work equipment taking account of any risks to the public, for example during access to or egress from the site.
 - (ii) Dealing with services water, electricity and gas, including overhead powerlines and temporary electrical installations
 - (iii) Accommodating adjacent land use
 - (iv) Stability of structures whilst carrying out construction work, including temporary structures and existing unstable structures
 - (v) Preventing falls
 - (vi) Work with or near fragile materials
 - (vii) Control of lifting operations
 - (viii) The maintenance of plant and equipment
 - (ix) Work on excavations and work where there are poor ground conditions
 - (x) Work on wells, underground earthworks and tunnels
 - (xi) Work on or near water where there is a risk of drowning
 - (xii) Work involving diving
 - (xiii) Work in a caisson or compressed air working
 - (xiv) Work involving explosives (including shot fired hand-held devices)
 - (xv) Traffic routes and segregation of vehicles and pedestrians
 - (xvi) Storage of materials (particularly hazardous materials) and work equipment
 - (xvii) Any other significant safety risks
- * Although no longer required by Regulations made under the Clean Neighbourhoods and Environment Act 2005, the implementation of a site waste management plan (SWMP) may be required by the Client or Principal Contractor as part of their Environmental Policy. The SWMP will record the amount of each type of waste that is expected to arise on site and whether it can be reused, recycled or needs to be disposed of. During construction, the plan will be updated to map what happens against what was expected to happen, allowing lessons to be learned for future projects. Non-statutory guidance will explain the SWMP process in further detail.
- (b) Health risks, including:
 - (i) The removal of asbestos
 - (ii) Dealing with contaminated land
 - (iii) Manual handling
 - (iv) Use of hazardous substances, particularly where there is a need for health monitoring
 - (v) Reducing noise and vibration
 - (vi) Work with ionising radiation
 - (vii) Exposure to UV radiation (from the sun)
 - (viii) Any other significant health risks

4 The health and safety file

- (a) Layout and format
- (b) Arrangements for the collection and gathering of information
- (c) Storage of information

22 Revised Sept 2024 Oxford Architects LLP

Construction (Design & Management) Regulations 2015



The Building Manual (inc O&M Manual)

CONTENT OF THE BUILDING MANUAL PART 1: GENERAL (Principal Contractor to complete)

1.1 Index:

List the constituent parts of the manual, together with their location in the document.

- 1.2 The Works:
- Description of the buildings and facilities.
- Ownership and tenancy, where relevant.
- Health and Safety information other than that specifically required by the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations.
- 1.3 The Contract:
- Names and addresses and contact details of all significant consultants, contractors, subcontractors, suppliers and manufacturers.
- Overall design criteria.
- Environmental performance requirements.
- Relevant authorities, consents and approvals.
- Third party certification, such as those made by "competent" persons in accordance with the Building Regulations.
- 1.4 Operational requirements and constraints of a general nature:
- Maintenance contracts and contractors.
- Fire safety strategy for the buildings and the site. Include drawings showing emergency escape and fire appliance routes, fire resisting doors, location of emergency alarm and fire fighting systems, services, shut off valves, switches, etc.
- Emergency procedures and contact details in case of emergency.
- Description and location of other key documents.

CONTENT OF THE BUILDING MANUAL PART 2: BUILDING FABRIC (Principal Contractor to complete)

2.1 Content:

Obtain and provide the following, including all relevant details not included in other parts of the manual:

- 2.2 Detailed design criteria, including:
- Floor and roof loadings.
- Durability of individual components and elements.
- Loading restrictions.
- Insulation values.
- Fire ratings.
- Other relevant performance requirements.
- 2.3 Construction of the building:
 - A detailed description of methods and materials used.
- 2.4 As-built drawings recording the construction, together with an index.

- 2.5 Information and guidance concerning repair, renovation or demolition/ deconstruction.
- 2.6 Periodic building maintenance guide chart.
- 2.7 Inspection reports.
- 2.8 Manufacturer's instructions index, including relevant COSHH data sheets and recommendations for cleaning, repair and maintenance of components.
- 2.9 Fixtures, fittings and components schedule and index.
- 2.10 Guarantees, warranties and maintenance agreements obtain from manufacturers, suppliers and subcontractors.
- 2.11 Test certificates and reports required in the specification or in accordance with legislation, including:
- Air permeability.
- Resistance to passage of sound.
- Continuity of insulation.
- Electricity and Gas safety.

CONTENT OF THE BUILDING MANUAL PART 3: BUILDING SERVICES (M&E contractors to complete)

Content: Obtain and provide the following, including all relevant details not included in other parts of the manual:

- 3.1 Detailed design criteria and description of the systems, including:
- Services capacity, loadings and restrictions
- Services instructions.
- Services log sheets.
- Manufacturers' instruction manuals and leaflets index.
- Fixtures, fittings and component schedule index.
- 3.2 Detailed description of methods and materials used.
- 3.3 As-built drawings for each system recording the construction, together with an index, including:
- Diagrammatic drawings indicating principal items of plant, equipment and fittings.
- Record drawings showing overall installation.
- Schedules of plant, equipment, valves, etc. describing location, design performance and unique identification cross referenced to the record drawings.
- Identification of services a legend for colour coded services.
- 3.4 Product details, including for each item of plant and equipment:
- Name, address and contact details of the manufacturer.
- Catalogue number or reference.
- Manufacturer's technical literature, including detailed operating and maintenance instructions.
- Information and guidance concerning dismantling, repair, renovation or decommissioning.
- 3.5 Operation: A description of the operation of each system, including:
- Starting up, operation and shutting down.
- Control sequences.
- Procedures for seasonal changeover.
- Procedures for diagnostics, troubleshooting and faultfinding.
- 3.6 Guarantees, warranties and maintenance agreements obtain from manufacturers, suppliers and subcontractors.

- 3.7 Commissioning records and test certificates list for each item of plant, equipment, valves, etc. used in the installations including:
- Electrical circuit tests.
 - Corrosion tests.
- Type tests.
- Work tests.
- Start and commissioning tests.
- 3.8 Equipment settings: Schedules of fixed and variable equipment settings established during commissioning.
- 3.9 Preventative maintenance: Recommendations for frequency and procedures to be adopted to ensure efficient operation of the systems.
- 3.10 Lubrication: Schedules of all lubricated items.
- 3.11 Consumables: A list of all consumable items and their source.
- 3.12 Spares: A list of recommended spares to be kept in stock, being those items subject to wear and tear or deterioration and which may involve an extended delivery time when replacements are required.
- 3.13 Emergency procedures for all systems, significant items of plant and equipment.
- 3.14 Annual maintenance summary chart.

NOTES

- The Health and Safety File is a separate document produced by the Principal Designer. The contents are described in the Pre-Construction Information document (PCI) provided before commencement of the works.
- 02 Items shown in italics are included in the Health and Safety File

Construction (Design & Management) Regulations 2015

Health & Safety File



The Health and Safety File should contain the information needed to allow future construction work, including cleaning, maintenance, alterations, refurbishment and demolition to be carried out safely. Information in the file should alert those carrying out such work to risks, and should help them to decide how to work safely. The level of detail should allow the likely risks to be identified and addressed by those carrying out the work:

- (a) Brief description of the work carried out
- (b) Any residual hazards which remain and how they have been dealt with (for example surveys or other information concerning asbestos; contaminated land; water bearing strata; buried services etc)
- (c) Key structural principles (for example, bracing, sources of substantial stored energy including pre- or post-tensioned members) and safe working loads for floors and roofs, particularly where these may preclude placing scaffolding or heavy machinery there
- (d) Hazardous materials used (for example lead paint; pesticides; special coatings which should not be burnt off etc)
- (e) Information regarding the removal or dismantling of installed plant and equipment (for example any special arrangements for lifting, order or other special instructions for dismantling etc)
- (f) Health and safety information about equipment provided for cleaning or maintaining the structure
- (g) Nature, location and markings of significant services, including underground cables; gas supply equipment; fire-fighting services etc
- (h) Information and as-built drawings of the structure, its plant and equipment (for example, the means of safe access to and from service voids, fire doors and compartmentalisation etc).

29 Revised Sept 2024 Oxford Architects LLP



Rev . A – GWR & MiMTC comments noted (28/02/2025)

Job No: 22108A/1.2 Date: Feb 2025